МИНИСТЕРСТВО СЕЛЬСКОГО ХОЗЯЙСТВА РОССИЙСКОЙ ФЕДЕРАЦИИ
ДЕПАРТАМЕНТ ОБРАЗОВАНИЯ И КАДРОВОЙ ПОЛИТИКИ

ФЕДЕРАЛЬНОЕ ГОСУДАРСТВЕННОЕ БЮДЖЕТНОЕ ОБРАЗОВАТЕЛЬНОЕ УЧРЕЖДЕНИЕ
ВЫСШЕГО ОБРАЗОВАНИЯ «ДОНСКОЙ ГОСУДАРСТВЕННЫЙ АГРАРНЫЙ УНИВЕРСИТЕТ»
(ФГБОУ ВО Донской ГАУ)

АЗОВО-ЧЕРНОМОРСКИЙ ИНЖЕНЕРНЫЙ ИНСТИТУТ – ФИЛИАЛ
ФЕДЕРАЛЬНОГО ГОСУДАРСТВЕННОГО БЮДЖЕТНОГО ОБРАЗОВАТЕЛЬНОГО
УЧРЕЖДЕНИЯ ВЫСШЕГО ОБРАЗОВАНИЯ
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Кафедра гуманитарных дисциплин
и иностранных языков

Е.П. ГАРАН

ENGLISH GRAMMAR: TABLES, EXERCISES & TESTS

АНГЛИЙСКАЯ ГРАММАТИКА В ТАБЛИЦАХ, УПРАЖНЕНИЯХ, ТЕСТАХ

Учебное пособие

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Рецензенты:
кандидат исторических наук, доцент кафедры
«Гуманитарные дисциплины и иностранные языки»
Азово-Черноморского инженерного института
Кабанов А.Н.,
кандидат филологических наук, доцент кафедры
«Гуманитарные дисциплины и иностранные языки»
Азово-Черноморского инженерного института
Иштоян К.Г.

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Цель данного пособия – изложить в доступной форме основные особенности грамматического аспекта английского языка, необходимые для практического использования студентами, а также для совершенствования их коммуникативных навыков.

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От автора

Предлагаемое вашему вниманию учебное пособие создано на основе классических работ по грамматике английского языка, направленных на развитие коммуникативного подхода в обучении иностранному языку.

Пособие включает 10 тематических разделов, в которых приведены общие сведения по каждой теме.

Цель данного пособия – изложить в доступной форме основные особенности грамматического аспекта английского языка, необходимые для практического использования студентами, а также для совершенствования их коммуникативных навыков.

Для лучшего усвоения материала представлены таблицы, которые систематизируют материал каждого раздела, дифференцированные упражнения и тесты.

Данное пособие может успешно использоваться для работы со студентами-бакалаврами любой формы обучения и любого уровня языковой подготовки.

Pronouns / Местоимения



Personal pronouns

I	**Я**
He	**Он**
She	**Она**
It	**Он, она (про предметы, животных)**
We	**Мы**
They	**Они**
You	**Ты, вы**

Tasks:

I. Напишите соответствующие местоимения.

1. boys – …
2. Fred – …
3. Fred and Dan – …
4. Fred and I – …
5. Mr. Green – …
6. Mrs. Green – …
7. boy – …
8. Ann – …
9. a game – …
10. games – …

II. Напишите соответствующие местоимения.

1. Helen – …
2. Sam – …
3. Father – …
4. Mother – …
5. Father and Mother – …
6. Ann and Tom – …
7. clowns – …
8. pen – …
9. Tom and I – …
10. car – …
11. dogs – …
12. you and Jane – …
13. ball – …
14. plane – …
15. sister – …
16. brother – …
17. school – …
18. apples – …
19. book – …
20. Nick and I – …
21. children – ….
22. feet – …
23. guitar – …
24. Mary – …

III. Напишите соответствующие местоимения.

1. a horse – …
2. a horse and a pony – …
3. her sister – …
4. his sister – …
5. her brother – …
6. his brother – …
7. her book – …
8. his book – …
9. my friends – …
10. my friends and I – …

IV. Напишите соответствующие местоимения.

1. my brother – …
2. my sister – …
3. my sisters – …
4. my brothers – …
5. my aunt and I – …
6. my Granny – …
7. my doll – …
8. my monkey – …
9. his uncle – …
10. his daughter – …

V. Переведите на английский язык.

1. Она на кухне, а он в зале.

2. Дети не в доме, они в саду.

3. Мы не на кухне, мы в зале.

4. Мой папа в зале, он за столом.

5. Я ученик, а он студент.

6. Том в спальне, он не в ванной.

7. Котята дома? – Нет, они на улице.

8. Я не в ванной, я в спальне.

9. Бабушка не в саду, она в доме.

10. Где мои игрушки? – Они в саду.

11. Где кошка? – Она на стуле.

12. Где мой мяч? – Он на кровати.

13. Мы не печальные, мы счастливые.

14. Ты молодой, а он старый.

15. Аня – моя сестра, она – врач.

VI. Change the words in the brackets to the appropriate pronoun.

A. she B. he C.-it D.- they E.-we

1. (Ann) is not a typist.
2. (These men) are not doctors.
3. Is (that apple) red?
4. (Those stories) are very interesting.
5. (These pens and pencils) are black.
6. (This table) is brown.
7. (My friends and I) are at school.
8. (Mike) is at home now.
9. (A man and two women) are in the car.
10. (Mr. and Mrs Baker) are in London.

Possessive pronouns

My	**Мой**
His	**Его**
Her	**Ее**
Its	**Его, ее (про предметы, животных)**
Our	**Наш**
Their	**Их**
Your	**Твой, ваш**

Tasks:

I. Вставьте соответствующие местоимения.

1. I am a pupil. This is … bag.
2. You are a pupil. This is … bag.
3. He is an engineer. That is … office.
4. She is a teacher. I am … pupil.
5. It is my kitten. This is … basket.
6. What is … name? – My name is Natasha.
7. What are … names? – Our names are Sveta and Lena.
8. What is … name? – His name is Anton.
9. What is … name? – Her name is Nina.
10. What is the kitten’s name? - … name is Murzik.

II. Вставьте соответствующие местоимения.

1. It is a robot. It is … box.
2. She has got two children. These are … sons.
3. Sam is there. That is … bike.
4. That isn’t Tom’s dog. … dog is little.
5. This isn’t Nina’s bike. … bike is green.
6. Is this … book? – No, it isn’t. My book is in my bag.
7. That isn’t Ann’s sister. … sister is at home.
8. Mr. Black is a businessman. This is … office.
9. Is that your school? – No, it isn’t. … school is here.
10. The dog has got a ball. … ball is little.

III. Вставьте соответствующие местоимения
my, their, her, its, our, your, his.

1. The cat licked … paws.
2. … friend is funny.
3. Is that … car in the garage?
4. … dress and earrings were very expensive?
5. It was … dog that bit … dog.
6. Jane has got a book. This is … book.
7. Peter has got a school-bag. This is … school-bag
8. Mr. Black has got a new car. This is … new car.
9. Mike and Dan have got bicycles.
10. We have got a kitten. This is … kitten.
11. They have got a house. This is … house.
12. The girls have got nice dresses. These are … nice dresses.
13. I have got a doll. This is … doll.

IV. Переведите на английский язык.

1. Он – мой брат. Его зовут Боб. 2. У Боба и Сэма есть два щенка. Их щенки черный и белый. 3. Кэйт, где твой дом? 4. Это моя мама. Ее имя Хэлен. 5. Мы с Майком друзья. Наши мамы тоже подруги. 6. Это мальчик. Его имя Том. 7. Мы сестры. Наши имена Джейн и Мэри. 8. Она – Кэйт, а это ее кошка. 9. Это щенок, его зовут Тоби. 10. Джон, это твоя собака? 11. Это моя мама, я очень ее люблю. 12. Моя семья большая. 13. Она преподаватель, а он врач. 14. Он – мой брат и их сын. 15. Моя сестра – инженер, ее муж – военный.

V. Переведите на английский язык.

1. Я ученик, а это мои учебники.
2. Ты ученик, а это твои друзья с их родителями.
3. Он менеджер, а это его офис.
4. Она – преподаватель, а я ее студент.
5. Это мой котенок, а это его корзина.
6. Как ее зовут? – Ее зовут Мэри.
7. Как их зовут? – Их зовут Мэри и Джейн.
8. Как его зовут? – Его зовут Том.
9. Как ее зовут? – Ее зовут Джейн.
10. Как зовут котенка? – Его зовут Мурзик.
11. У нее двое детей, а это их сыновья.
12. Это мои игрушки, а это их коробка.
13. Том в доме, а это его велосипед.

14. Это не мамина машина, ее машина в гараже.
15. Это их квартира, наша квартира на четвертом этаже.

Tests:

I. Translate from Russian into English.

1. Они всегда готовят свои уроки дома.
2. Эта девушка – моя сестра. Ее зовут Мэри.
3. Его брат и ее учатся вместе.
4. Он не любит говорить о себе.
5. Это лето очень жаркое. Давай проведем его в деревне.
6. Там есть речка и лес.
7. Сегодня холодно. Вы должны надеть своё пальто.
8. Петр и Анна сейчас в деревне. Они навещают своих родственников.
9. У тебя нет словаря? Я могу дать тебе свой.
10. Мы хотим это сделать сами.
11. Та осень была очень теплая.
12. Помогите ей найти ее сумку.
13. Это твой зонтик? – Нет. – Ты уверен? – Да, мой зонтик красный.
14. Давайте споем наши песни, а они споют свои.
15. Я оставляю эту книгу для себя.
16. Эта зима очень холодная.

II.

1. A hot sense of injustice burned within**. (myself/l/mine/my/me)**
2. was too old a hand for that, **(him/his/he/himself)**
3. thought the matter over for a minute, **(my/mine/myself/me/l)**
4. But at once the smile fell from**. (she/her/hers/herself)**
5. Then the tide of reaction swept over**. (he/his/himself/him)**
6. are not now to be found, **(them/their/themselves/they/theirs)**
7. Probably the climate would not allow**. (its/itself/it)**
8. went from end to end of the room, **(himself/he/him/his)**
9. The man's genuine sorrow touched**. (l/me/myself/my/mine)**
10. Whole centuries of authority stood behind**. (him/himself/he/his)**
11. I'm always thinking of that, **(mine/myself/my/l/me)**
12. The young man's glance followed. **(they/them/their/themselves/theirs)**
13. did not come young to the work, **(himself/he/him/his)**
14. After this a sudden idea struck**. (her/herself/she/hers)**
15. The Spaniards came down upon in large force, **(it/itself/its)**

III.

1. (she) He is friend, (she, her, hers, his, he)
2. (we) He is friend, (we, her, their, our, its)
3. (you) He will give book back, (your, his, her, our, my)
4. (he) I believe words, (he, him, his, your, my)
5. (we) Russia is country, (we, us, our, your, their)
6. (they)school is big. (their, my, his, our, them)
7. (you) I saw brother there, (you, yourself, your, his, my)
8. (you) You must believe in dream, (your, our, their, you, her)
9. (she) That is house, (their, our, his, her, I)
10. (he)father is kind, (he, his, our, she, her)
11. Father met teacher yesterday, (my, you, your, our, he)
12. (She) Ann does not give books, (her, his, she, they, my)
13. I show you dolls, (your, my, their, they, her)
14. (they) The children took bags, (our, we, they, their, his)
15. (it) The dog can bite tail, (it, his, her, its, their, they)

IV.

1. (Him. He) and Frank caught the most fish.
2. Carlo looked for Larry and (her, she) at the party.
3. You and (me, I) had better go.
4. Grace invited both Betsy and (me, I).
5. The Kaplans and (us, we) are going in our car.
6. The waitress brought Glen and (me, I) the wrong orders.
7. Mr. Voss drives Tim and (her, she) to school on Mondays.
8. Why don’t you sit between (her, she) and (me, i).
9. The books belong to (them, they) and (us, we).
10. The man asked (her, she) and David several questions after the program.
11. Mrs. Neilsen was worried about you and (them, they).
12. Between you and (me, I), we think he’s a fraud.
13. Neither (them, they) nor (us, we) were ready at six.
14. Do you blame Spence and (me. I) for leaving?
15. Either (her, she) or (him, he) broke a record.

V.

1. You mustn't have own way always. **(you/your/yours/yourself/yourselves)**
2. I'm having the time of life. **(l/me/my/mine/myself)**
3. But not a face changed expression. **(it/its/itself)**
4. He had the time of life! **(he/him/his/himself)**
5. Can you find way after me? **(you/your/yours/yourself/yourselves)**
6. I never took eyes from face. **(l/me/my/mine/myself) (he/him/his/himself)**
7. She turned the matter over in mind, **(she/her/hers/herself)**
8. I've done it all life. **(l/me/my/mine/myself)**
9. I had to take word for it. **(he/him/his/himself)**

10. Now I must tell you about home. **(we/us/our/ours/ourselves)**
11. He said he was on side. **(we/us/our/ours/ourselves)**
12. The fire had been used for purpose. **(it/its/itself)**
13. I can see that in face. **(you/your/yours/yourself/yourselves)**
14. You are here to take places. **(we/us/our/ours/ourselves)**
15. It turned head and looked out of the door. **(it/its/itself)**

The Verb to be / Глагол

Pronoun	Present		Past		Future	
I	Am	Am not	Was	Wasn't	Will be	Won't be
You	Are	Aren't	Were	Weren't	Will be	Won't be
He/She/It	Is	Isn't	Was	Wasn't	Will be	Won't be
We	Are	Aren't	Were	Weren't	Will be	Won't be
You	Are	Aren't	Were	Weren't	Will be	Won't be
They	Are	Aren't	Were	Weren't	Will be	Won't be

Tasks:

I. Insert the verb to be in the Present Indefinite form.

1. He . a student. He _____ a good student.
2. His father _____ a doctor.
3. My mother . not a teacher.
4. – _____ your sister a pupil? – Yes, she _ .
5. They _____ at home.
6. This _____ my house.
7. – ____ they at school? – No, they _____ not at school.
8. – _____ your father a pilot? – Yes, he _____.
9. Nick _____ not a student. He _____ a pupil. He __ at school now.
10. These men _____ drivers.
11. My friend ____ an engineer. He _____ at work.
12. – _____ your parents at home? – No, they _____ not.
13. I _____ a pupil. I ____ not a student.
14. – _____ this your book? – This book ____ not my. My book __ in my bag.
15. Michael has a brother. His brother _____ 20. He _____ a student.

II. Translate into English using the Present Indefinite form of the verb to be.

1. Я не ученик. Я студент
2. Его брат ученик. Он в школе.
3. Мои родители инженеры. Они на работе.
4. – Вы доктор? – Нет, я учитель.
5. – Твоя сестра ученица? – Нет, она инженер. Она на работе.

6. Его сестра не секретарь. Она учитель.
7. – Это врачи? – Нет, они летчики.
8. – Ваша сестра дома? – Нет, она на работе.
9. Наш отец ученый.
10. Его тетя не доктор. Она актриса.
11. Это моя книга. Она на столе.
12. Мой двоюродный брат не ученый, он инженер.
13. Это картины. Они на стене. Картины очень красивые.
14. Моя бабушка пенсионерка. Она не на работе. Она дома.
15. – Ваши дети школьники? – Да, они школьники.

III. Use the verb to be in the appropriate form (am, is, are).

1. Where ____ you from?
2. How old _____ you? How old _____ your brother?
3. What _____ your aunt's name?
4. I _____ glad to see you. How ____ you?
5. The dog _____ in the garden.
6. Tom's parents _____ travel agents.
7. – _____ your father a carpenter? – No, he _____ .
8. John _____ not a student, he _____ a doctor.
9. That book _____ not very interesting. Take this one.
10. The best seats _____ 10 $.
11. Moscow _____ the capital of Russia.
12. I _____ hot. Open the window, please.
13. What _____ the weather like today?
14. I _____ not interested in football at all.
15. _____ Tom and Bob good players.

IV. Fill in the blanks with the appropriate form of the verb to be in the Present Tense.

1. The children _____ at home now.
2. Mother _____ in the kitchen at the moment.
3. My brother _____ a scientist.
4. Our granny _____ fond of gardening.
5. You _____ late as usual.
6. I _____ busy at the moment.
7. John _____ a married man now.
8. The baby __ very quiet today.
9. I _____ very tired after a hard working day.
10. We _____ through with our homework.
11. Dickens_____ my favourite English writer.

12. Janet _____ a very beautiful girl.
13. I _____ nervous before my exams.
14. Steve and Ann _____ in the cinema at the moment.
15. My friend and I ____ interested in History

V. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глагол to be в форме Past Simple.

1. He ... a pupil.
2. She ... not a doctor, she ... a teacher.
3. They ... workers.
4. He ... ill last week. He ... not at work.
5. We ...at home on Sunday.
6. The weather ... not cold yesterday. It ... fine.
7. ... he at school yesterday? No, he ... not. He ... ill.
8. ... they students last year? No, they ... pupils.
9. There ...lot of books in his room.
10. When ... you at home yesterday?
11. There ... newspapers on the table.
12. Why ... not you at work last Friday?
13. There ... a pencil in my pencil – box.
14. Where ... his sister last week? – She ... not at home. She ... in the country.
15. We ... at the theatre yesterday.

VI. Вставьте в пропуски соответствующую форму глаголato be в прошедшем времени.

1. It… too late to change anything.
2. I… right about it.
3. My friend… in Paris last month.
4. The dogs… in the yard.
5. You… too fat at that time.
6. My parents… on holidays last month.
7. This disk… too expensive.
8. The money… in the box yesterday.
9. I… sorry to hear that.
10. It… time to go to the station.

VII. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глагол to be в форме Past Simple (was, were).

1. My parents … at the theatre last week.
2. He … at the cinema yesterday.
3. Kate … in the yard an hour ago.
4. My friends … in the library yesterday.
5. The cat … on the table 5 minutes ago.

6. We … at school last Saturday.
7. Sue … ill last week.
8. The toys … on the carpet two hours ago.
9. She … at the market yesterday.
10. The apples … on the dish some minutes ago.
11. Jane … at the shop yesterday.
12. We … in the park the day before yesterday.
13. They … in London last month.
14. My sister and I … at home yesterday evening.
15. …it cold yesterday?
16. …the shops open last Saturday?
17. …his father angry yesterday?
18. …the rooms in her flat small?
19. …they born in the city?
20. …Tom at the hotel yesterday evening?

VIII. Вставьте глагол to be в форме Future Indefinite (shall be, will be).

1. Carol … busy next week.
2. … they … at the theatre tomorrow evening?
3. The weather … fine next Sunday.
4. I … a famous actress in several years.
5. …Dave … a good pupil next year?
6. We … at the stadium in twenty minutes.
7. …the boys … in the yard in an hour?
8. The shops … (not) open next Sunday.
9. …it …rainy tomorrow?
10. He … in time at work tomorrow morning.
11. …I … a beautiful woman in many years?
12. They … (not) in London in an hour.
13. You …in the country in a week?
14. She … in the hall in a minute.
15. …your sisters … in the park soon?

IX. Вставьте глагол to be в форме Present, Past или Future Indefinite.

1. How lucky you … last year.
2. I … in a hurry now.
3. My father …away on business next week.
4. We … present at the meeting tomorrow.
5. Look! This …Paul.
6. The Art Gallery … (not) open today.

7. She … a very lazy girl.
8. St. Petersburg … the capital of Russia in the 18th and the 19th centuries.
9. I…afraid of snakes.
10. He … (not) married last year.
11. Helen …a famous singer in several years.
12. The twins …eleven now.
13. They …in Moscow last month.
14. My granny … here in an hour.
15. The parrot … in the cage.

X. Переведите на английский язык, употребляя глагол to be в форме Present, Past или Future Indefinite.

1. Я сейчас дома.
2. Вчера он был на работе.
3. Завтра ее не будет дома.
4. Дети в парке. Они не в школе.
5. Он не был в школе вчера. Он был дома.
6. Где она? Она на работе.
7. В прошлом году я был учеником. В этом году я студент.
8. Где вы были? Мы были в театре.
9. Его отец доктор. Он тоже будет доктором?
10. Завтра дети будут во дворе.
11. Где вы? Вы не дома?
12. Мой друг болен. Он не в институте. Он дома.
13. Где вы будете завтра?
14. Они не были в Крыму в прошлом году. Они были в Москве.
15. Я не инженер, я певец.
16. Сегодня в три часа мы будем в кино.
17. Где книги? Вчера они были на столе.
18. Ты будешь в парке завтра? – Нет, не буду. Я занят.
19. Она болела на прошлой неделе? – Да, она была больна.
20. Почему их не было дома? – Они были на футболе.

XI. Вставьте глагол to be в форме Present, Past или Future Indefinite.

1. Where ... your brother now? – He ... in his room.
2. ...she ... at work tomorrow? – Yes, she....
3. ...you at school yesterday? – Yes, I....
4. My sister ... at school now. She ... not at home.
5. ...you ... a teacher in some years?
6. My pens ... not on the table. Where ...they?

7. His brother ... a child. He ... 7.
8. We ... pupils last year, but now we ... students.
9. My aunt ... in Paris now.
10. Where ... your grandmother? – She ... in the Richmond.
11. When ... you at work yesterday? – I ... there at 8 o'clock.
12. My brother ... not ill now.
13. I ... not in Moscow now. I ... in London.
14. All my family ... at home tomorrow.
15. When he ... young, he ... a pilot.
16. She ... a student.
17. Where ... you last Friday? – I ... at the cinema.
18. Nick ... ill last month.
19. Where ... your father now?
20. I think he ... not ... a doctor.

XII. Заполните пропуски соответствующей формой глагола to be в настоящем, прошедшем или будущем времени.

1. The kids …in the garden at this time tomorrow.
2. I… afraid, Mr. Smith… too busy to see you tomorrow.
3. I… late for classes yesterday.
4. We… always glad to see you here.
5. This programme… over soon.
6. My mother… very tired yesterday.
7. I… sorry, but I…not ready for the lesson today.
8. … this information really useful?
9. Why… he so angry with you yesterday?
10. Who… in the office tomorrow?
11. How far… it to London?
12. You… alone at that time… you?
13. Why…(not) the dinner ready on time?
14. The weather… fine tomorrow…it?
15. This book… (not) very interesting…it?

Tests:

I. Insert appropriate forms.

1. The weather... nice today.
2. I... not rich.
3. This bag ... heavy.
4. These bags ... heavy two days ago.
5. Look! There ...Carol.

6. My brother and I... good tennis players in some years.
7. Emily... at home. Her children ...at school.
8. I... a taxi driver. My Sister ... a nurse.
9. He... a famous footballer.
10. Yesterday they... in the park.
11. Last week we... Moscow. It... great!
12. The animals ...in danger.
13. There…. only a few mountain gorillas in the world now.
14. It.... the thirty-first today.
15. The wind.... strong yesterday.

II.

1. We .... at the end of Cliff Road when Alan fell down.
2. What… the weather like yesterday?
3. I hope your leg.... better soon.
4. You.... at home tomorrow?
5. …. you in London last month?
6. I.... ill for a week.
7. Mike ...not to be at home at 5 o'clock tomorrow
8. Don't buy these shoes. They....too expensive.
9. They .... not ready for the lesson last Tuesday.
10. Next summer I...in Paris.
11. Where.... you last Friday?
12. Where... the children? I don't know. They ... here ten minutes ago.
13. The tourist... outside the hotel tomorrow.
14. Tommy's friends.... at the party.
15. Everything...great. They... happy.

III.

1. It... midnight. The babies... in bed.
2. Kate and John at the party?" "Kate.... there, but John...not here.
3. Yesterday it... a holiday, so the banks... closed. They...open today
4. The days.... cold and wet last September.
5. There ....20 pupils in our class next year.
6. Where... you ...at 11 o'clock next Friday morning?
7. Last year she .... 22, so she ... 23 now.
8. We .... friends in two years.
9. My parents .... happy about the news.
10. English... always my favorite lesson.
11. A lot of dinosaurs... very big.
12. It.... a very grey and rainy day.

13. In two weeks they.... in the Tretyakov Gallery. They...lucky.
14. My friend ....in Moscow now.
15. Where. ...your mother now? — She….in the kitchen,
16. My parents .... kind people.

IV.

1. I... a girl.
2. I... tired last evening.
3. The weather ... nice yesterday.
4. They ... not here last Sunday.
5. They...in the mountains tomorrow.
6. My mother... a housewife.
7. My parents ... at home.
8. The cat... on the sofa.
9. Where ... you next summer?
10. I... in the park.
11. They ... at work.
12. What... the time?
13. It... 9 o'clock.
14. How ... she?
15. She... fine.

V.

1. How old... you?
2. I... return soon.
3. ... he... your teacher in some years?
4. You ... late yesterday.
5. Next year she ... 22.
6. When I... a child, I... afraid of dogs.
7. We ... tired after the journey but we ... not hungry.
8. The hotel... very comfortable but it...so expensive.
9. Where ... you ...next afternoon?
10. ... the weather good when you... on holiday?
11. Those shoes are nice.... they expensive?
12. Why ... he angry yesterday?
13. ... Marry at work yesterday? No, she....
14. Our hotel room ... very small and it... not vary clean.
15. I phoned you yesterday but you ... at home.

There + be construction

Время	Число	Утверждение	Отрицание	Вопрос
Present Simple	Единственное	There is a student	There isn't a student	Is there a student?
	Множественное	There are students	There aren't student	Are there any students?
Past Simple	Единственное	There was a student	There wasn't a student	Was there a student?
	Множественное	There were students	There weren't students	Were there any students?
Future Simple	Единственное	There will be a student	There won't be a student	Will there be a student?
	Множественное	There will be a students	There won't be students	Will there be any students?

Tasks:

I. Вставьте there is/there are.

1. … a computer on the table.
2. … many beautiful flowers in the vase.
3. … a fridge in the kitchen.
4. … two lamps in the living room.
5. … a cooker in the kitchen.
6. … three books in the schoolbag.
7. … a big blue bed in the bedroom.
8. … my books in the bookcase.
9. … a dining table in the middle of the kitchen.
10. … a bath in the bathroom.
11. … some water in the sink.
12. … my clothes in the wardrobe.
13. … a bed in the bedroom.
14. … chairs and a sofa in the living room.
15. … a cooker in the kitchen.
16. … a lamp in the living room.

II. Вставьте there is/there are.

1. … some cheese on the table.
2. … a sandwich one the table.

3. … some cheese sandwiches on the table.
4. … some porridge on the plate.
5. … some soup in the fridge.
6. … some ham on the plate.
7. … some ham sandwiches on the plate.
8. … some water in the glass.
9. … a pen and five pencils in the pencil case.
10. … five pencils and a pen in the pencil case.
11. … a cat and three kittens in the room.
12. … three kittens and a cat in the room.
13. … some books on the desk.
14. …. some book shops there.
15. … some jam in the jar.
16. … some meat on the plate.
17. … some meat balls on the plate.
18. … some snow in the park.
19. … some snowmen in the park.
20. … a snowman in the park.
21. … a vase and six glasses on the table.
22. … six glasses and a vase on the table.
23. … a girl and two boys in the classroom.
24. … an apple and two cakes in the lunch box.
25. … two cakes and an apple in the lunch box.

III. Вставьте there is/there are.

1. … a table in the room.
2. … no flower in the vase.
3. … no sweets in the box.
4. … ten desks in the room.
5. … some ham on the table.
6. … no cheese on the plate.
7. … a lemon and two oranges on the table.
8. … two oranges and a lemon on the table.
9. … a ball and three dolls in the box.
10. … three dolls and a ball in the box.
11. … an apple in the lunch box.
12. … some tea in the box.
13. … some green tea in the box.
14. … a tea cup in the box.
15. … six tea cups in the box.
16. … some apple jam on the plate.

17. … some apples on the plate.
18. … a table and ten desks in the classroom.
19. …ten desks and a table in the classroom.
20. … a chocolate and nine nuts in the box.

IV. Переведите предложения, используя конструкции there is/there are, there isn't/there aren't.

1. На кухне стоит холодильник.
2. У меня в спальне стоит компьютер.
3. В гостиной нет телевизора.
4. В гостиной стоит диван и стол.
5. В ванной нет книжного шкафа.
6. В шкафу моя одежда.
7. В раковине вода.
8. Посередине гостиной стоит обеденный стол.
9. В книжном шкафу стоят мои книги.
10. В спальне есть большая кровать.

V. Вставьте there is/there are, is there/are there.

1. … any people on the bus?
2. … any cheese in the sandwich?
3. … some books in my bag.
4. … some meat in the fridge.
5. … any sugar in this tea?
6. … some dogs in the garden.
7. … a policeman in the car.
8. … any matches in the matchbox?
9. … any money in your pocket?
10. … any horses in the field?
11. … some Coca-Cola in that glass.
12. … some letters on the table.
13. … any water in the bottle?
14. … any chairs in the room?
15. … some paper on the desk.
16. … a cat under the tree.

VI. Выберите правильный перевод предложения.

1. The doll is in the box. a. Кукла в коробке. b. В коробке кукла.
2. There is a doll in the box. a. Кукла в коробке. b. В коробке кукла.

3. There are some flowers in the vase. a. В вазе цветы. b. Цветы в вазе.
4. The flowers are in the vase. a. В вазе цветы. b. Цветы в вазе.
5. The boys are in the bus. a. Мальчики в автобусе. b. В автобусе мальчики.

VII. Переведите на английский язык.

1. В коробке кукла.
2. В доме мышка.
3. В вазе роза.
4. В сумке книга.
5. В корзине яблоко.
6. В коробке куклы.
7. В доме мыши.
8. В вазе розы.
9. В сумке книги.
10. В корзине яблоки.

VIII. Переведите на английский язык.

1. Зимой много снега.
2. Осенью много фруктов и овощей.
3. В чашке много сока.
4. На столе есть вилки, ложки и тарелки.
5. На тарелке есть сыр и ветчина.
6. В сумке есть сахар.
7. В стакане есть немного яблочного сока.
8. У меня в корзине есть несколько яблок.
9. На стуле нет яблок, яблоки есть на столе.
10. На столе нет рыбы, немного рыбы есть на тарелке.
11. В зоопарке есть много диких животных.
12. В чашке есть молоко? – Да, в чашке есть немного молока.
13. В пакете есть бананы? – Нет, в пакете нет бананов,
там есть виноград.
14. На столе есть письма, но нет газет.
15. На тарелке есть мясо? – Да, там есть немного мяса.

IX. Переведите на английский язык.

1. В чашке есть кофе? – Нет, у меня в чашке совсем нет кофе.

2. На столе в вазе есть красивые цветы.

3. Сегодня есть письма для мистера Брауна?

4. Осенью в России бывает снег?

5. В коробке у ребенка есть игрушки? – У него в коробке много игрушек.

6. В чашке нет сока, сок есть в стакане.

7. В нашем офисе нет компьютеров, там есть только ноутбуки.

8. У нас дома нет стульев, у нас есть только два кресла.

9. Здесь есть кое-что интересное для тебя.

10. В классе есть несколько детей, но там нет учителя.

11. Я что-то могу сделать для тебя?

12. На моем столе есть что-то? – Да, кое-что есть на твоем столе.

13. В сумке ничего нет. Есть ли что-то под сумкой?

14. На моем рабочем столе есть ноутбук, ручки, книги и телефон.

15. В нашем городе есть театры, музеи и одна художественная галерея.

Tests:

I. Заполните пропуски:

1. _____ a solution to this problem, but nobody has found it yet.

2. _____ several reasons why the project failed.

3. _____ a time when people believed the Earth was flat.

4. _____ no evidence to support his claim so far.

5. _____ many opportunities if you are willing to relocate.

6. _____ a sudden change in his attitude yesterday.

7. _____ little chance of success without proper funding.

8. _____ numerous studies conducted on this issue.

9. _____ a possibility that they will cancel the meeting.

10. _____ hardly any time left before the deadline.

11. _____ significant progress since last year.

12. _____ a risk involved in this strategy.

13. _____ no doubt about her competence.

14. _____ several incidents reported last night.

15. _____ a growing concern among experts.

II. Используйте there + be с модальными глаголами:

1. _____ (may) a better explanation for this phenomenon.
2. _____ (must) some misunderstanding between them.
3. _____ (could) serious consequences if we ignore this.
4. _____ (might) a way to improve the situation.
5. _____ (should) stricter regulations in place.
6. _____ (can’t) any excuse for such behavior.
7. _____ (would) no point in continuing the discussion.
8. _____ (may not) enough resources available.
9. _____ (must have) an error in the calculation.
10. _____ (could have) a misunderstanding earlier.
11. _____ (should have) more attention paid to details.
12. _____ (might have) a different outcome under other conditions.
13. _____ (can) no denying the importance of this issue.
14. _____ (would have) no chance without support.
15. _____ (must be) a logical explanation.

III. Перефразируйте, используя there + be:

1. A number of issues remain unresolved.
2. No clear answer exists.
3. Many factors influence the outcome.
4. A possibility of failure still exists.
5. Several alternatives were proposed.
6. A lack of communication caused the problem.
7. Numerous challenges lie ahead.
8. No evidence was found.
9. A growing interest in the topic can be observed.
10. A need for reform has emerged.
11. Several questions remain unanswered.

12. A risk of misunderstanding exists.

13. No simple solution exists.

14. A noticeable improvement has occurred.

15. Many discrepancies were identified.

IV. Вставьте there + be в нужной форме:

1. _____ no way to solve this easily.

2. _____ little hope left for recovery.

3. _____ hardly any information available.

4. _____ no reason to doubt her.

5. _____ few people who understand this concept.

6. _____ not enough data to draw conclusions.

7. _____ no point in arguing.

8. _____ barely any difference between the two methods.

9. _____ no indication of fraud.

10. _____ little evidence supporting the theory.

11. _____ not much time remaining.

12. _____ no shortage of talent in the team.

13. _____ few opportunities like this.

14. _____ no guarantee of success.

15. _____ almost no chance of failure.

V. Заполните пропуски:

1. It seems that _____ a misunderstanding between the parties.

2. It is believed that _____ several undiscovered species in the region.

3. It appears that _____ a problem with the system.

4. It is unlikely that _____ any major changes soon.

5. It is possible that _____ a better solution.

6. It was reported that _____ multiple incidents overnight.

7. It is expected that _____ a rise in demand.

8. It seems unlikely that _____ any opposition.

9. It is clear that _____ a need for improvement.

10. It was found that _____ significant errors in the data.

11. It is assumed that _____ a link between the events.

12. It appears that _____ some confusion among participants.

13. It is doubtful that _____ enough support.

14. It is known that _____ several contributing factors.

15. It was suggested that _____ a more effective approach.

The Noun / Имя существительное

Слова-исключения

Единственное число	Множественное число
Man [mæn] — мужчина	Men [men] — мужчины
Woman [ˈwʊmən] — женщина	Women [ˈwɪmɪn] — женщины
Foot [fʊt] — стопа	Feet [fiːt] — стопы
Tooth [tuːθ] — зуб	Teeth [tiːθ] — зубы
Goose [guːs] — гусь	Geese [giːs] — гуси
Louse [laʊs] — вошь	Lice [laɪs] — вши
Mouse [maʊs] — мышь	Mice [maɪs] — мыши
Ox [ɒks] – бык	Oxen [ˈɒksən] – быки
Child [ʧaɪld] – ребенок	Children [ˈʧɪldrən] – дети

Существительные, которые используются только в единственном числе

Слово	Транскрипция	Перевод
advice	[ədˈvaɪs]	совет, советы
hair	[heə(r)]	волосы
information	[ˌɪnfəˈmeɪʃn]	информация, сведения
knowledge	[ˈnɒlɪdʒ]	знание, знания
money	[ˈmʌni]	деньги
news	[njuːz]	новость, новости
progress	[ˈprəʊgres]	успех, успехи
vacation	[vəˈkeɪʃn]	каникулы
sugar	[ˈʃʊgə]	сахар
business	[ˈbɪznɪs]	дело
peace	[piːs]	мир
love	[lʌv]	любовь
furniture	[ˈfɜːnɪʧə]	мебель
luggage	[ˈlʌgɪdʒ]	багаж
fruit	[fruːt]	фрукты
army	[ˈɑːmɪ]	армия
audience	[ˈɔːdɪəns]	аудитория
band	[bænd]	группа
billiards	[ˈbɪljədz]	бильярд
cattle	[kætl]	крупный рогатый скот
class	[klɑːs]	класс
committee	[kəˈmɪtɪ]	комитет
congress	[ˈkɒngres]	конгресс

crew	[kruː]	экипаж
economics	[ekəˈnɒmɪks]	экономика
ethics	[ˈeθɪks]	этика
faculty	[ˈfækəltɪ]	факультет
family	[ˈfæm(ə)lɪ]	семья
fish	[fɪʃ]	рыба
friendship	[ˈfrendʃɪp]	дружба
government	[ˈgʌv(ə)mənt]	правительство
jury	[ˈʤʊərɪ]	присяжные
linen	[ˈlɪnɪn]	белье
machinery	[məˈʃiːnərɪ]	механическое оборудование
mathematics	[mæθɪˈmætɪks]	математика
measles	[miːzlz]	корь
mechanics	[mɪˈkænɪks]	механика
navy	[ˈneɪvɪ]	флот
optics	[ˈɒptɪks]	оптика
phonetics	[fəˈnetɪks]	фонетика
physics	[ˈfɪɪzɪks]	физика
politics	[ˈpɒlɪtɪks]	политика
press	[pres]	пресс
progress	[ˈprəʊgres]	прогресс
public	[ˈpʌblɪk]	общество
scenery	[ˈsiːnərɪ]	пейзаж
statistics	[stəˈtɪstɪks]	статистика
team	[tiːm]	команда
timber	[ˈtɪmbə]	древесина
time	[taɪm]	время
volume	[ˈvɒljuːm]	объем
weight	[weɪt]	вес

Существительные, которые используются только во множественном числе

Слово	Транскрипция	Перевод
acrobatics	[ˌækrəˈbætɪks]	акробатика
arms	[ɑːmz]	оружие
cattle	[ˈkætl]	скот
clothes	[kləʊðz]	одежда
contents	[ˈkɒntents]	содержание, оглавление
customs	[ˈkʌstəmz]	таможня
goods	[gʊdz]	товар, товары
police	[pəˈliːs]	полиция
pyjamas	[pəˈdʒɑːməz]	пижама
riches	[rɪʧ]	богатство
thanks	[θæŋks]	благодарность
manners	[ˈmænəz]	манеры
environs	[ˈenvɪrənz]	окрестности
jeans	[ʤiːnz]	джинсы
means	[miːnz]	средства
memories	[ˈmeməɪ]	воспоминания
onions	[ˈʌnɪənz]	лук
pants	[pænts]	штаны
potatoes	[pəˈteɪtəʊ]	картофель
scales	[skeɪlz]	весы
scissors	[ˈsɪzəz]	ножницы
shorts	[ʃɔːts]	шорты
stairs	[ˈstɛəz]	лестница
spectacles	[ˈspektəklz]	очки
sunglasses	[ˈsʌnglɑːsɪz]	солнцезащитные очки
supplies	[səˈplaɪz]	припасы
tights	[taɪts]	колготки
tongs	[tɒŋz]	щипцы
trousers	[ˈtraʊzəz]	брюки
wages	[weɪʤ]	заработная плата

Tasks:

I. Fill in *is* or *are*.

1. Math’s ___ my poorest subject.
2. Geese _____ noisy creatures.
3. My luggage _____ already in the taxi.
4. I’m afraid the news _____ bad.

5. The news l've received ___ good.
6. This pair of scissors _____ not sharp.
7. Many people _____ interested in computers.
8. Snooker ____ my favourite game.
9. Riches ____ sought after by all.
10. Money _____ not as important as love.
11. His trainers _____ worn out.
12. The police ____ coming now.
13. Eating fish _____ very healthy.
14. The number of mobile phones ___ increasing.
15. Our furniture ____ getting old.

II. Complete the sentences with, *a, an, some* or *any.*

1. There isn't ***any*** shampoo in the bathroom.
2. There weren't _____ books in the house.
3. There are ____ children at the door.
4. She wants _____ glass of water.
5. Would you like ___ cup of tea?
6. There's ___ butter in the fridge.
7. Can I make _____ telephone call?
8. We're getting _____ new car soon.
9. They don't _____ friends in the village.
10. I bought _____ lemonade yesterday.
11. Have you got ____ watch?
12. She'd like _____ new perfume.
13. I'd like ___ apple, please.
14. Sorry, l haven't got _____ matches.
15. I asked the waiter for ____ tea.

III. Fill in *how much* or *how many.*

1. _____apples?
2. _____flour?
3. _____jam?
4. _____orange juice?
5. _____eggs?
6. _____potatoes?
7. _____coffee?
8. _____sugar?
9. _____onions?
10. _____beans?
11. _____glue?

12. _____popcorn?
13. _____key?
14. _____mustard?
15. _____prawns?

IV. Write the plurals of the words given in brackets to complete these sentences.

1. Would you bring the bottle and some____, please? (glass)
2. We cut the cake into_____, (half)
3. We bought some __to eat with our_ (tomato/sandwich)
4. They caught several_____ that afternoon. (fish)
5. It was a shop selling_____ and (stereo/video)
6. Would you like some of these____ ?(potato)
7. We saw a cartoon about _____and ___ (cat/mouse).
8. All the_____ had different coloured _____ (house/roof).
9. It was autumn, and the____ were falling. (leaf)
10. Did you make these_____ ?(handkerchief)
11. We use several ___for painting the_____ (process/car)
12. They have some __and a few____ (chicken/sheep)
13. They visited several _____that night. (disco)
14. I've read her_____ but I haven't seen any of her_ (book/play).
15. I bought some_____ for the _____ (shelf/glass).

V. Choose the correct item.

1. All if his belongings was/were in one small suitcase.
2. Most people enjoys/enjoy Christrmas.
3. The police is looking/are looking for the murderer.
4. The audience was/were given free tickets to the next show.
5. Aerobics do/does you a lot of good.
6. The you couple is getting/are getting married next year.
7. Television news gives/give you more information than radio news.
8. Soccer is/are a popular game in England.
9. Measles which is/are a children's disease, is/are dangerous for adults.
10. Her good looks always gets/get her what she wants.
11. My advice is/are to stop smoking immediately.
12. The stairs to the first floor is/are over there.
13. Her grandparents' death in a car accident was/were a great shock.
14. The economics l learnt at school is/are out of date now.
15. The money he makes is/are enough to live on.

VI. Преобразуйте во множественное число имен существительных, оканчивающихся на -s.

1. bus → _____
2. glass → _____
3. box → _____
4. dress → _____
5. kiss → _____
6. class → _____
7. cross → _____
8. fox → _____
9. miss → _____
10. gas → _____
11. bass → _____
12. lens → _____
13. crisis → _____
14. quiz → _____
15. tax → _____

VII. Преобразуйте во множественное число имен существительных, оканчивающихся на согласную + y.

1. baby →
2. city →
3. lady →
4. story →
5. cherry →
6. puppy →
7. family →
8. sky →
9. spy →
10. lily →
11. donkey →
12. dandy →
13. navy →
14. valley →
15. berry →

VIII. Преобразуйте во множественное число имен существительных, оканчивающихся на -o.

1. potato → _____
2. photo → _____

3. tomato → _____
4. piano → _____
5. hero → _____
6. kangaroo → _____
7. echo → _____
8. zoo → _____
9. cargo → _____
10. mosquito → _____
11. radio → _____
12. banjo → _____
13. volcano → _____
14. bamboo → _____
15. tango → _____

IX. Преобразуйте во множественное число имен существительных, оканчивающихся на -f, -fe.

1. leaf → _____
2. wolf → _____
3. knife → _____
4. shelf → _____
5. life → _____
6. calf → _____
7. loaf → _____
8. thief → _____
9. half → _____
10. wife → _____
11. elf → _____
12. scarf → _____
13. wharf → _____
14. dwarf → _____
15. hoof → _____

Tests:

I. Выберите правильный вариант.

1. There isn’t much / many information available.

2. She gave me an advice / a piece of advice.

3. We need more equipments / equipment.

4. He made a lot of progress / progresses.

5. There are fewer / less people here today.

6. I have little / few knowledge about this topic.

7. She bought several furnitures / pieces of furniture.

8. We had a great deal of fun / funs.

9. There is too much / too many noise here.

10. He has a strong experience / a lot of experience.

11. I need some informations / information.

12. She did many / much research for the project.

13. There are a number of / much reasons to stay.

14. We don’t have many / much time left.

15. He gave me several useful advices / pieces of advice.

II. Преобразуйте слово в скобках в правильную форму.

1. Her _____ (decide) surprised everyone.

2. The _____ (develop) of technology is rapid.

3. He showed great _____ (strong).

4. Their _____ (arrive) was unexpected.

5. We admire her _____ (brave).

6. The _____ (choose) is yours.

7. His _____ (fail) taught him a lot.

8. She spoke with great _____ (confident).

9. The _____ (grow) of the company is impressive.

10. He has a good sense of _____ (humorous).

11. The _____ (perform) was outstanding.

12. Their _____ (react) was immediate.

13. This is a matter of great _____ (important).

14. We discussed the _____ (possible) of change.

15. His _____ (refuse) shocked us.

III. Выберите правильный вариант.

1. This is my brother / brother’s car.
2. The teachers / teacher’s room is closed.
3. These are the children / children’s toys.
4. That is James / James’s book.
5. The dogs / dogs’ owner is here.
6. This is the company / company’s policy.
7. The students / students’ results were excellent.
8. My parents / parents’ house is big.
9. That is the women / women’s decision.
10. The boss / boss’s office is upstairs.
11. These are the girls / girls’ dresses.
12. The city / city’s center is crowded.
13. The men / men’s team won.
14. That is the cat / cat’s tail.
15. The workers / workers’ rights are protected.

IV. Вставьте a / an / the или ничего.

1. She is ___ engineer.
2. I saw ___ interesting movie yesterday.
3. ___ water in this glass is cold.
4. He wants to be ___ doctor.
5. ___ sun rises in the east.
6. She bought ___ new car.
7. ___ information you gave me was useful.
8. He plays ___ piano very well.
9. I need ___ advice.
10. ___ books on the table are mine.
11. She has ___ unique style.

12. He is ___ honest man.

13. ___ love is important in life.

14. They visited ___ Eiffel Tower.

15. I saw ___ bird in the tree.

V. Найдите и исправьте ошибку (если есть).

1. She gave me an useful advice.

2. The sceneries here are beautiful.

3. He has many experience in this field.

4. I need an information about the course.

5. The news are very interesting.

6. She bought a furniture yesterday.

7. The police is investigating the case.

8. He gave me a good feedbacks.

9. The staff are friendly.

10. I have a strong knowledge in physics.

11. The luggage are heavy.

12. She has a good understanding of the issue.

13. He made a research on the topic.

14. The equipment are new.

15. She gave me many homeworks.

The Adjective / Имя прилагательное

COMPARATIVES AND SUPERLATIVES

прилагательные		Сравнительная форма	Превосходная форма
1. Прилагательные состоящие из одного слога и двусложные с окончаниями **-y, - er, - ow, -le**	Large - большой old - старый brave clever- умный	... + -er larger -больше older - старше braver cleverer -умнее	the... + -est the largest –самый большой the oldest – самый старый the bravest the cleverest – самый умный
2. В коротких словах конечная согласная удваивается	sad hot fat- толстый big- большой	sadder hotter fatter -толще bigger -больше	The saddest The hottest The fattest – самый толстый The biggest – самый большой

Степени сравнения прилагательных в английском языке – исключения, которые нужно запомнить:

Good — better — the best (хороший – лучше – лучший)

Bad — worse — the worst (плохой – хуже – худший)

Far — further/farther — the furthest/farthest (далекий – более далекий/дальнейший, следующий по порядку – самый далекий/самый дальний по порядку)

Little — less — the least (маленький – меньше – наименьший)

Many — more — most (много – больше – больше всего)

Old — older/elder — the oldest/the eldest (различия в значении: старый — старше — самый старый, о старшинстве в семье)

Примечание.

Некоторые двусложные прилагательные могут иметь степени сравнения как в синтаксической (**-er, -est**),
так и в аналитической (**more, most**) формах.
К ним относятся: ***able, angry, clever, common, cruel, frequent, friendly, gentle, handsome, narrow, Pleasants, polite, quiet, serious, simple, sour.***

Tasks:

I. Образуйте сравнительную и превосходную степень следующих прилагательных.

1. Shot, long, wide, dirty, clean, dark, light, thick, thin, cold, dry, silly, weak, tall, strong, heavy, happy, big.
2. Beautiful, old, bad, great, poor, large, good, brave, cheap, hot, pretty, friendly, careful, stupid, narrow, dangerous, young.
3. Rich, interesting, expensive, comfortable, intelligent, strange, difficult, quick, easy, rude, cheerful, fast, hopeful, lazy.

II. Переведите на английский язык.

1. Старый друг
2. Старший сын
3. Самая длинная дорога
4. Грязный пол
5. Сильнейший спортсмен
6. Более трудный пример
7. Дорогое платье
8. Самый умный человек
9. Более удобное кресло
10. Более теплое пальто
11. Младший брат
12. Лучший день

III. Переведите на английский язык.

1. Это длинная дорога.
2. Это более длинная дорога.
3. Это самая длинная дорога.
4. Он хороший ученик.
5. Он лучший ученик.
6. Он самый лучший ученик.
7. Ученики выполнили трудное упражнение.

8. Ученики выполнили более трудное упражнение.

9. Ученики выполнили самое трудное упражнение.

10. Я приобрел красивую картину.

11. Я приобрел более красивую картину.

12. Я приобрел красивейшую картину.

13. Ник прочитал интересную книгу.

14. Майк прочитал более интересную книгу, чем Ник.

15. Том прочитал самую интересную книгу.

16. Моя комната очень удобная.

17. Его комната удобнее.

18. Ее комната самая удобная.

IV. Переведите на английский язык.

1. Лучшая пора года — лето.

2. С каждым годом она становится все красивее и красивее.

3. Ученые использовали лучший метод.

4. Он самый старший из всех студентов.

5. Его рассказ интереснее, чем твой.

6. Этот певец лучший в группе.

7. Это наипротивнейшее место в мире.

8. В нашей фирме работает самый молодой служащий.

9. Эта ученица самая ленивая в классе.

10. Лето — самое жаркое время года.

11. Собака моего друга умнее, чем моя.

12. Мы прошли самыми узкими улицами города.

13. Сегодня мы посмотрели самый плохой фильм года.

14. Какая планета больше: Марс или Земля?

15. Их дом удобнее, чем мой.

16. Возьми этот чемодан. Он легче.

17. Майк выбрал самую трудную профессию.

18. Какое животное самое большое?

19. Эта продавщица приятнее, чем та.

20. Они выглядят более счастливими, чем вчера.

V. Раскройте скобки, употребляя необходимую степень сравнения прилагательных.

1. The rooms are (clean) than they used to be.
2. It's (cold) here than in Kyiv.
3. This is (expensive) book of them all.
4. His unswer was (bad) than I thought.
5. The Nile is (long) than Dnipro.
6. She thinks this shop is (good) than that one.
7. These people are (polite) than in my town.
8. Who is (old) student in the class?
9. Is Michael (intelligent) than Stephan?
10. What is the name of the (high) mountain in Europe?

VI. Переведите на английский язык.

1. Его машина дешевле, чем моя.
2. Наша комната самая маленькая в квартире.
3. Моя сестра младше меня.
4. Нил короче, чем Днепр?
5. Их дом не такой красивый, как наш.
6. Ее платье хуже моего.
7. Зима холоднее, чем лето.
8. Ее дом выше моего.
9. Его английский лучше, чем мой.
10. Этот вопрос труднее, чем предыдущий.

VII. Раскройте скобки, употребляя необходимую ствепень сравнения прилагательных.

1. She is (young) than Ann.
2. This film is much (good).
3. He speaks English (bed) than I do.
4. In spring the weather is (warm) than in winter.
5. I am not so (busy) as my mother is.
6. Is the Arctic Ocean (cold) in the world?
7. Which book is (interesting)?
8. This problem is (difficult) than yours.

9. My box isn't (heavy) as your.
10. These exercises are (easy) than in the book.
11. Which house is (high) in your street?
12. To fly is (quick) than to go by car.
13. Whose child is (old) than my?
14. This example is (simple) of all.
15. He isn't so (stupid) as your brother is.
16. Which country is (beautiful)?
17. In this town the streets are (narrow) than in mine.
18. Your cat is (fat) I've ever seen.
19. Is August (hot) month of the year?
20. She is (attentive) child in her class.
21. My (old) sister is two years (old) than I.
22. What's (near) station?

Tests:

I. Choose the correct form.

1. Kate is	than Mary.	
a) young	b) younger	c) the youngest
2. John is	boy in the class.	
a) clever	b) more clever	c) the most clever
3. The weather is	today than it was yesterday.	
a) dull	b) duller	c) the dullest
4. London is one of	cities in the world.	
a) big	b) bigger	c) the biggest
5. This sentence is	than the first one.	
a) difficult	b) more difficult	c) the most difficult
6. My dog is as	as yours.	
a) good	b) better	c) the best
7. His dog is	than yours.	
a) good	b) better	c) the best
8. Her dog is	of the three.	
a) good	b) better	c) the best
9. The cat is much	in her new home.	

a)happy b) happier c) the happiest
10. The weather is ___ today than it was yesterday.
a) bad b) worse c) the worst
11. This mountain ___ is in Europe.
a) high b) higher c) the highest
12. This piece of homework is as ___ as your last one.
a) bad b) worse
c) the worst
13. This piece of homework is ___ than your last one.
a) bad b) worse
c) the worst.
14. This piece of homework is ___ you have ever done.
a) bad b) worse
c) the worst
15. Athens is ___ from than Rome is.
a) far b) farther
c) the farthest

II. Supply the correct form of the word in brackets.

1. When he died, his (old) son was only eight years old.
2. It was the (bad) you could say.
3. He is my (good) friend.
4. We heard the (late) news over the radio.
5. Yesterday it was (hot) than today.
6. His car is (fast) than mine.
7. My grandmother is the (old) in the family.
8. Of the four dresses, I like the red one (well).
9. Fred feels (good) today than he did yesterday.
10. The (cold) the weather gets, the (sick) I feel.
11. She was only five years (young) than I was.
12. She used to work much (hard).
13. The (good) we know the grammar rules, the (few) mistakes we make.
14. It is (interesting) story in the book.
15. She was the (beautiful) of all the girls.

III. Choose the correct form.

1. Richard is not as ___ as Tom.
a) tall b) taller c) the tallest

2. Tom is than Richard.
a) tall b) taller c) the tallest
3. Tom is boy in the class.
a) tall b) taller c) the tallest
4. Jack is than Richard, but I don't think he is than Richard.
a) rich b) happier c) the richest
a) happy b) richer c) the happiest
5. Our neighbors have hens than we have, but they get eggs.
a) many b) more c) the most
a) few b) fewer c) the fewest
6. He doesn't look a day than forty.
a) old b) older c) the oldest
7. What present is there than a box of chocolate?
a) nice b) nicer c) the nicest
8. What book is of all these?
a) interesting b) more interesting c) the most interesting
9. Susan than Mark; she of the family. is
a) old b) elder c) the oldest
a) old b) older c) the eldest

10. Summer is than winter
a) warm b) warmer c) warmest
11. Summe is of all four seasons.
a) warm b) warmer c) the warmest
12. Robert and Paul are boys that I know.
a) noisy b) noisier c) the noisiest
13. Boys are always than girls,
a) noisy b) noisier c) the noisiest
14. Winter in London is than in Paris.
a) foggy b) foggier c) foggi-est
15. He thinks he is dancer in the world!
a) goodb) better c) the best

IV. Supply the correct form of the word in brackets.

1. What is the (short) month of the year?
2. Your text is (difficult) for translation than mine.
3. Your translation is the (good).
4. It was the (bad) day in my life.
5. My mother is as (old) as my father.
6. It takes much (little) time to read a text than to translate it.
7. The Kremlin is the (old) part of Moscow.
8. The (beautiful) place in Moscow is the Red Square.
9. My (young) brother is (tall) than our father and I.
10. The (outstanding) scientists took part in the conference.
11. This book is (good) than that one.
12. These books are (interesting) than those lying on the table.
13. This student's report was the (interesting) at the conference.
14. It will take you (little) time to get to the center of the city by the underground than by bus.
15. Yesterday our lectures began (late) than usual.

V. Give all the degrees of comparison of the following:

1) great –	6) outstanding –	11) important –
2) early –	7) many –	12) little –
3) good –	8) bad –	13) far –
4) interesting –	9) cold –	14) simple –
5) much –	10) quick –	15) pretty –

The Numerals / Числительные

Числительное	Количественное (cardinal)	Порядковое (ordinal)
1	one	first
2	two	second
3	three	third
4	four	fourth
5	five	fifth
6	six	sixth
7	seven	seventh
8	eight	eighth
9	nine	ninth
10	ten	tenth
11	eleven	eleventh
12	twelve	twelfth
13	thirteen	thirteenth
14	fourteen	fourteenth
15	fifteen	fifteenth
16	sixteen	sixteenth
17	seventeen	seventeenth
18	eighteen	eighteenth
19	nineteen	nineteenth
20	twenty	twentieth
21	twenty-one	twenty-first
22	twenty-two	twenty-second
23	twenty-three	twenty-third
24	twenty-four	twenty-fourth
25	twenty-five	twenty-fifth
26	twenty-six	twenty-sixth
27	twenty-seven	twenty-seventh
28	twenty-eight	twenty-eighth
29	twenty-nine	twenty-ninth
30	thirty	thirtieth
40	forty	fortieth
50	fifty	fiftieth
60	sixty	sixtieth
70	seventy	seventieth
80	eighty	eightieth
90	ninety	ninetieth
100	one hundred	hundredth

200	two hundred	two hundredth
1 000	one thousand	thousandth
1 500	one thousand five hundred	one thousand five hundred
100 000	one hundred thousand	hundred thousandth
1 000 000	one million	millionth

Для обозначения годов в английском языке используют количественные числительные.

Четырехзначный год делится пополам и произносится двумя

отдельными числами:

1996 nineteen ninety-six.

Тысячелетия произносятся тысячами:

2020 — two thousand twenty/ twenty twenty,

22000 — two thousand,

22007 — two thousand and seven,

21907 — nineteen o seven.

Если в конце года два ноля, то произносим с hundred, то есть

считаем сотни:

1700 — seventeen hundred, 1900 — nineteen hundred.

Запомним: перед годом ставится предлог in, перед датой on:

On the first of April

I was born on the second of May

Tasks:

I. Write the following numbers in English.

1. 23;
2. 105;
3. 478;
4. 1 000;
5. 2 563;
6. 12 007;
7. 100 000;
8. 500 215;

9. 1 000 000;
10. 3 456 789;
11. 0,75 (ноль целых семьдесят пять сотых);
12. 3,14 (три целых четырнадцать сотых);
13. ½ (одна вторая);
14. ¾ (три четвёртых);
15. 2⅔ (две целых две третьих).

II. Convert the following cardinal numerals into ordinal numerals and write them in full (with the article the where necessary).

1. five → _____;
2. twelve → _____;
3. twenty‑one → _____;
4. thirty‑eight → _____;
5. forty → _____;
6. fifty‑five → _____;
7. sixty‑nine → _____;
8. seventy → _____;
9. eighty‑three → _____;
10. ninety → _____;
11. one hundred → _____;
12. two hundred and five → _____;
13. one thousand → _____;
14. five thousand and twelve → _____;
15. one million → _____.

III. Fill in the blanks with the correct numerals (quantitative or ordinal) in the correct form.

1. The _____ (5) chapter of this book is the most interesting.
2. She was born on the _____ (21) of March.
3. I need _____ (3) more minutes to finish the task.
4. This is my _____ (2) attempt to pass the exam.
5. They have visited _____ (7) countries this year.
6. The _____ (100) anniversary of the company will be celebrated next year.
7. He scored _____ (98) points out of 100 in the test.
8. We are staying in room _____ (415) at the hotel.
9. The _____ (30) participant in the race won the gold medal.
10. There are _____ (1 500) students in this university.
11. She finished the race in _____ (2) place.
12. The project will take approximately _____ (6) months to complete.
13. The _____ (1) step in this process is crucial.

14. We need to buy _____ (12) bottles of water for the trip.
15. He is the _____ (50) person to receive this prestigious award.

IV. Find and correct the errors in the following sentences.

1. He finished in twentieth place.
2. There were three hundred people at the concert.
3. My birthday is on the twenty-one of December.
4. She has read hundred books this year.
5. This is the third time I've told you this.
6. He won the two prize in the competition.
7. There are forty-fives students in my class.
8. The one-thousandth customer received a special gift.
9. I need to buy two dozens of eggs.
10. She lives on the nine floor.
11. This is my first time visiting Paris.
12. They have been waiting for three quarter of an hour.
13. The two-hundreds and fifth page contains important information.
14. I have seen this movie three times, but I want to watch it four time.
15. The three-thousand people attended the festival.

V. Translate the following sentences, paying special attention to the correct use of numbers.

1. Он живёт в квартире № 17 на 5-м этаже.
2. Это был её 25-й день рождения.
3. В классе 28 учеников.
4. Она заняла третье место в соревновании.
5. Мы ждём уже полтора часа.
6. Это одна из 100 самых популярных книг в мире.
7. В этом здании 15 этажей.
8. Он прочитал 2 345 страниц за месяц.
9. Две трети студентов сдали экзамен.
10. Встреча назначена на 23 апреля.
11. Это его пятая попытка получить водительские права.
12. В коллекции более 5 000 марок.
13. Температура опустилась до −15 °C.
14. Он финишировал двадцатым в марафоне.
15. В книге около 450 страниц.

Tests:

I. Выберите правильный вариант из предложенных.

1. The population of the city is over _____ people.
a) five millions
b) five million
c) five milion

2. She has read _____ books this year.
a) two hundred
b) two hundreds
c) two hundred’s

3. We need to buy _____ eggs for the recipe.
a) dozen
b) a dozen
c) dozens

4. He ran _____ kilometres yesterday.
a) ten
b) tens
c) ten’s

5. The project will take _____ months to complete.
a) six
b) sixes
c) six’s

6. I’ve seen that movie _____ times.
a) three
b) threes
c) three’s

7. They donated _____ dollars to charity.
a) thousand
b) a thousand
c) thousands

8. The library has _____ books on history.
a) several hundred
b) several hundreds
c) several hundred’s

9. She won _____ medals at the competition.
a) two
b) twos
c) two’s

10. The company has _____ employees worldwide.
a) fifty thousand
b) fifty thousands
c) fifty thousand’s

11. We’re expecting _____ guests for dinner.
a) twenty
b) twenties
c) twenty’s

12. The temperature dropped by _____ degrees.
a) five
b) fives
c) five’s

13. He scored _____ points in the game.
a) hundred
b) a hundred
c) hundreds

14. They travelled _____ miles across the country.
a) three thousand
b) three thousands
c) three thousand’s

15. I have _____ questions to ask.

a) few
b) a few
c) few’s

II.

1. How many bottles did you buy? – I bought ... .

a) fourteenth

b) fourth

c) four

d) fortieth

2. Three and three fourths kilometers

a) 4 3⁄4

b) 3 3⁄4

c) 33 1⁄4

3. There were only ... pupils in the classroom.

a) seventh

b) seventeenth

c) seventeen

d) seventies

4. Show me ... page!

a) the threeth

b) the third

c) threeth

d) three

5. The 3rd of May

a) May the three

b) Threerd of May

c) May the third

6. 56%

a) Five fifths per cent

b) Fifth sixth per cent

c) Five sixths per cent

7. Your third essay is better than ... .

a) the second

b) second

c) twoth

d) two

8. Open your workbooks on page ... .

a) eleventh

b) eleventies

c) ileven

d) eleven

9. 43.6

a) Forty-three point six

b) Forty-three stop six

c) Forty-three and six

10. The 11th of April 2001

a) The eleven of April two thousand eleven

b) The eleventh of April two thousand and one

c) The eleventh April thousands one

11. 2 1⁄4

a) Two and a half

b) Two and one-four

c) Two and a fourth

12. March is ... month of the year.

a) third

b) three

c) the third

d) the threeth

13. 2286

a) Two thousand two hundred and eighty-six

b) Second thousands two hundred and eighty six

c) Two thousand a two hundred and eighty-six

d) Two thousand two hundred and eight-six

14. Your task is to read ... paragraph at home.

a) nine

b) the ninth

c) ninety

d) the nine

15. Five times five is ... .

a) twenty-fifth

b) twenty-fife

c) twent-five

d) twenty-five

III.

1. The population of the city is approximately _____ people.
a) two millions
b) two million
c) two milion
d) two milions
2. She won the competition for the _____ time in a row.
a) third
b) three
c) threeth
d) 3rd
3. The recipe requires _____ cups of flour.
a) one and half
b) one and a half

c) one half
d) a one and half
4. He ran the marathon in _____ hours and _____ minutes.
a) two / forty-five
b) two / fourty-five
c) second / forty-five
d) two / forty five
5. The company's revenue increased by _____ percent last year.
a) fifteen
b) fifteenth
c) fifteens
d) fifteen's
6. There are _____ students in the classroom today.
a) twenty-three
b) twentieth-three
c) twenty three
d) twentieth three
7. The building has _____ floors.
a) hundred
b) a hundred
c) an hundred
d) hundreds
8. We need to buy _____ kilograms of potatoes.
a) three-quarter
b) three-quarters
c) three quarter
d) three of quarters
9. The temperature dropped to _____ degrees below zero.
a) minus ten
b) negative ten
c) ten minus
d) ten negative
10. The project will take at least _____ weeks to complete.
a) Six-to-eight
b) six or eight
c) six to eight
d) six and eight
11. She has read _____ books from the series so far.
a) five-of-seven
b) five out of seven
c) five from seven

d) five and seven

12. The distance between the two cities is about _____ kilometres.

a) three hundred fifty
b) three hundreds fifty
c) three hundred and fifty
d) three hundreds and fifty

13. He scored _____ points in the game.

a) two-hundred-and-ten
b) two hundred and ten
c) two hundreds and ten
d) two hundred ten

14. The event attracted over _____ visitors.

a) half a million
b) a half million
c) half of a million
d) half millions

15. They have lived in this house for _____ years.

a) twenty-five
b) twentieth five
c) twenty five
d) twentieth-five

IV.

1. How do you write the date 15/03/2024 in British English?

a) March 15, 2024
b) 15 March 2024
c) 2024, March 15
d) 15.03.2024

2. Which is the correct way to say 07/11/2023 in American English?

a) November 7, 2023
b) July 11, 2023
c) 7 November 2023
d) 07.11.2023

3. How would you read the year 1905 aloud?

a) Nineteen zero five
b) Nineteen hundred and five
c) One nine zero five
d) Nineteen oh five

4. Which option correctly completes the sentence?

The conference will be held on _____.

a) the 23rd of June, 2025

b) June 23, 2025th
c) 23th June 2025
d) the 23 of June 2025

5. Choose the correct form: She was born in _____.
a) nineteen ninety-nine
b) one thousand nine hundred ninety-nine
c) nineteen hundred ninety-nine
d) ninety-nine

6. How do you say the year 2008?
a) Two thousand and eight
b) Twenty oh eight
c) Two zero zero eight
d) Both a and b are correct

7. Which sentence uses the date correctly?
a) We met on the fifth of May two thousand and twenty-two.
b) We met on May fifth, 2022.
c) We met on 5th May, 2022.
d) We met on May 5th, 2022.

8. Complete the sentence: Construction began in _____ and finished three years later.
a) the early 1990s
b) early 1990's
c) the early nineteen-nineties
d) early 1990

9. What is the correct written form of the 18th century?
a) Eighteen century
b) The eighteenth century
c) The eighteen century
d) The eighteenth-century

10. Choose the right option: The treaty was signed on _____.
a) the first of January, eighteen hundred and twelve
b) January first, 1812
c) 1st January 1812
d) All of the above

11. Which is correct for a formal document? The meeting is scheduled for _____.
a) 10th July 2026
b) July 10, 2026
c) the tenth of July, 2026
d) 10 July 2026

12. How do you read 400 BC?
a) Four hundred Before Christ
b) Four hundred BC
c) Four hundred B.C.
d) Four hundred before the common era
13. Pick the correct version: He started working here in _____.
a) mid-2010
b) the mid-2010s
c) mid 2010's
d) mid-twenty-ten
14. Which sentence is grammatically correct?
a) I'll see you on Monday, 5th August.
b) I'll see you Monday, August 5.
c) I'll see you on Monday August 5th.
d) I'll see you, Monday, August the 5th.
15. How would a native speaker say 2020?
a) Two thousand twenty
b) Twenty twenty
c) Two zero two zero
d) Two thousand and twenty

V.

1. «3:15»
a) It's a quarter past three.
b) It's three and a quarter.
c) It's fifteen three.
d) It's quarter to three.
2. «6:45»
a) It's forty-five past six.
b) It's a quarter to seven.
c) It's six forty-five.
d) Both b and c are correct.
3. «11:50»
a) It's ten to twelve.

b) It's eleven fifty.
c) It's fifty past eleven.
d) Both a and b are correct.
4. «полночь»
a) 00:00
b) 24:00

c) 12:00 AM
d) All of the above.
5. «18:30»
a) It’s half past six p.m.
b) It’s six thirty in the evening.
c) It’s eighteen thirty.
d) All are correct.
6. «без десяти восемь»
a) It’s ten past eight.
b) It’s ten to eight.
c) It’s eight minus ten.
d) It’s seven fifty.
7. «It’s five to twelve»
a) 11:55
b) 12:05
c) 11:05
d) 12:55
8. «23:47»
a) It’s twenty-three forty-seven.
b) It’s eleven forty-seven p.m.
c) It’s forty-seven past twenty-three.
d) It’s nearly midnight.
9. «14:17»
a) It’s fourteen seventeen.
b) It’s two seventeen p.m.
c) It’s seventeen past two.
d) Both a and b.
10. «ровно в полдень»
a) At noon.
b) At 12 o’clock.
c) At 12:00 p.m.
d) All are correct.
11. «It’s twenty past nine»
a) 9:20
b) 8:40
c) 9:40
d) 20:09
12. «5:07»
a) It’s five oh seven.
b) It’s seven past five.

c) It’s five zero seven.
d) Both a and b.

13. «02:22»
a) Oh two twenty-two.
b) Two twenty-two a.m.
c) Twenty-two past two.
d) Zero two twenty-two.

14. «10 секунд до полуночи»
a) Ten seconds to midnight.
b) Ten seconds before midnight.
c) Midnight minus ten seconds.
d) All are acceptable.

15. «7:58»
a) It’s seven fifty-eight.
b) It’s two minutes to eight.
c) It’s almost eight.
d) All of the above.

Indefinite Personal Pronouns / Неопределенные личные местоимения

Основные местоимения	**Их производные**			**Наречия**
	+ thing	+ body	+ one	+ where
Some	Something Что-то, Что-нибудь, Что-либо, нечто	Somebody Кто-то, Кто-нибудь, Кто-либо, Кое-кто, некто	Someone Кто-то, Кто-нибудь, Кто-либо, Кое-кто, некто	Somewhere Где-то, Где-нибудь, Куда-то, Куда-нибудь, Куда-либо, Куда-угодно
Any	Anything Что-нибудь, Все, Что угодно	Anybody Кто-то, Кто-либо, Кто-нибудь, Всякий, любой	Anyone Кто-то, Кто-либо, Кто-нибудь, Всякий, любой	Anywhere Где-нибудь, Куда-нибудь, Где угодно, Куда угодно
No	Nothing Ничто, ничего	Nobody Никто, никого	No one Никто, никого	Nowhere Нигде, никуда
Every	Everything всё	Everybody все	Everyone Каждый, все	Everywhere Повсюду, везде, всюду

Tasks:

I. Допишите предложения, используя some или any.

1. I’ve got … questions. And you? Have you got … questions?
2. Can you make … cakes? – I’m sorry. There isn’t … butter.
3. We’ve got … sugar, but we haven’t got … jam.
4. She’s got … nice little dolls, have you got …?
5. I haven’t got … milk. Please buy … .
6. What would you like? – I’d like… soup.
7. There aren’t … new words in the text.
8. I’d like … porridge.
9. I have got … English stamps. Have you got …?
10. I’d like … sandwiches. Have you got … cheese?
11. You’ve got a lot of nuts. Please give … to your sister.
12. There are a lot of chairs in the room, you can take … .
13. I’d like … juice, have you got … ?
14. We haven’t got … bread, we must buy … brown bread.

II. Постройте отрицание, дайте два варианта:
1) используйте any; 2) используйте no.

1. Там нет воды.
2. Там нет снега.
3. В книге нет картинок.
4. В корзине нет картошки.
5. В бутылке нет молока.
6. В портфеле нет карандашей.
7. В автомобиле нет полицейских.
8. На стене нет картины.
9. В саду нет роз.
10. В тексте нет новых слов.
11. На кровати нет игрушек.
12. В спальне нет дивана.
13. В чашке нет кофе.
14. В классе нет компьютера.
15. У двери нет корзины.
16. На ферме нет кур.
17. В холодильнике нет сыра.
18. В лесу нет лис.
19. На пианино нет фотографии.
20. В комнате нет полицейского.
21. На стене нет картины.
22. В саду нет роз.
23. На дереве нет птиц.
24. В комнате нет дивана.
25. В парте нет портфеля.

26. В коробке нет чая.

27. В бутылке нет воды.

III. Заполните пропуски, используя some/any.

1. Is there … milk in the glass? – Yes, there is … milk in the glass.
2. Give me … water, please. – But there is not … water in the kettle.
3. Are there … children in the class? – No, there are not … children in the class.
4. Is there … bread and butter for tea? – Yes, there is … bread and butter for tea.
5. Take … books from the table. – But there are not … books on the table.
6. Are there … flowers in the vase? – No, there are not … flowers in the vase.
7. Are there … kittens in the basket? – No, there are not … kittens in the basket.
8. Give me … pencils, please. – But there are no … on the table.
9. Is there … jam in the fridge? – No, there is not … jam in the fridge.
10. Are there … oranges on the plate? – No, there are not … oranges on the plate.

IV. Something или anything?

1. There is… interesting for you.
2. There is … in the pencil case.
3. Is there … interesting for me?
4. Have you got … to eat?
5. Is there … in the desk?
6. Do you know … about crocodiles?
7. I'd like to read … funny.
8. I'm sorry, I haven't got … to give him.
9. It's Sveta's birthday today. But we haven't got … to give her.
10. Is there … nice in the fridge?

V. Somebody или anybody?

1. … wants to speak to the manager.
2. You can meet … from your school there.
3. I think there is … in the classroom.
4. There are a lot of boys here. But I don't know … .
5. … wants to talk to you now.
6. I can see … in the tree. Can you see … here?
7. Do you often invite … to visit you?
8. I must not speak to … .
9. Can you tell … about it?
10. Do you know … who knows the poem?

VI. Заполните пропуски (some, any, somebody, anybody, something или anything).

1. I’ve got … interesting stamps for your collection.
2. I’ve got … interesting for your collection.
3. I don’t write … exercises in class.
4. We don’t write … in class.
5. Are there … dictionaries on the desk?
6. Is there … on the desk?
7. He can take … he likes.
8. He can take … chocolate he likes.
9. We’ve got … photos to give him.
10. We’ve … to give him.
11. Don’t tell… about it.
12. I’ve got … to ask about it.
13. Is there … who can help us?
14. Look! There is … in the swimming pool.
15. Have you got … questions?
16. … has got a question.
17. You cannot ask … about it.
18. Can you say … about it.
19. You can draw … flowers.
20. He always draws … .

VII. Переведите на английский язык.

1. В холодильнике есть морковь? – Нет, в холодильнике нет никакой моркови.
2. В стакане есть молоко? – Да, в стакане есть немного молока.
3. Можно мне немного сока, пожалуйста? – Да, пожалуйста.
4. В комнате есть девочки? – Нет, в комнате нет никаких девочек.
5. У нас есть сыр? – Да, у нас есть немного сыра.
6. Есть у вас дома стулья? – Да, у нас есть несколько стульев.
7. На столе есть пирожные? – Нет, пирожных нет.
8. Можно мне немного воды? – Простите, у нас совсем нет воды.
9. В салате есть томаты? – Да, там есть немного томатов.
10. У нас есть бутерброды на обед? – Нет, у нас нет бутербродов.

VIII. Переведите на английский язык.

1. В чашке есть что-нибудь?
2. В комнате никого нет.
3. В саду никого нет. Все в доме.

4. Посмотри! Кто-то под кроватью.
5. Кто-нибудь есть на кухне? Нет, там никого нет.
Мама с бабушкой в зале.
6. Ты знаешь здесь кого-нибудь? – Я никого здесь не знаю.
7. В твоей комнате никого нет. Иди и посмотри.
8. У двери есть кто-нибудь? – Нет, здесь никого нет.
9. В сумке твоей мамы есть что-нибудь? – Да, здесь кое-что есть.
10. В холодильнике ничего нет. Давай пойдем и купим что-нибудь.
11. Эй, кто-нибудь есть дома?
12. Около машины есть кто-то. Как его имя?
13. Слушай! Есть что-то, что я хочу тебе сказать.
14. Мы все в парке. Никого нет дома.
15. Что с тобой? – Ничего, все в порядке.
16. В холодильнике есть что-нибудь? – Да, там кое-что есть.
17. У мамы на кухне есть кое-что вкусное.
18. В саду есть кто-то? – Нет, там никого нет.
19. У Сьюзен ничего нет на тарелке, она не голодна.
20. В комнате очень тихо. Там никого нет?

Tests:

I. Choose the best answer.

1. I can`t imagine there is ... on earth who can answer that question.

a) anyone
b) nowhere
c) somewhere
d) something
e) everybody

2. My purse is ... in the kitchen but I`m not quite sure where.

a) somewhere
b) anywhere
c) nowhere
d) everywhere
e) everything

3. There isn`t ... food left but there are ... drinks.

a) any/-

b) some/some
c) some/any
d) any/any
e) any/some

4. Please give me ... interesting book to read if you have ... .

a) any/some
b) some/any
c) anything/any
d) any/something
e) some/something

5. Let`s go ... today as I have a splitting headache.

a) somewhere
b) nowhere
c) anywhere
d) everywhere
e) somehow

6. He never puts ... sugar in his coffee.

a) anything
b) some
c) no
d) any
e) something

7. – Hurry up! Ann may turn up at ... moment.
– Stop being nervous. We have still ... minutes left to tidy up the room.
a) every/some
b) some/any
c) any/some
d) some/some
e) any/any

8. – Why does Kate always go round with Sue?
– Because she doesn`t know ... .

a) nobody
b) nothing
c) someone
d) no one
e) anybody

9. We got home late. We were very tired and ... went to bed at once.

a) anybody
b) nobody
c) somebody
d) anything
e) everybody

10. I can`t find my watch ... . I`ve looked for it ... .

a) nothing/anything
b) something/everywhere
c) everywhere/nowhere
d) anywhere/everywhere
e) anybody/nobody

11. "But I can`t do ... for him", - the girl told ... friend.

a) somebody/their
b) anything/her
c) something/any
d) theirs/nothing
e) anybody/no

12. It is the pride of many people never to have ... time.

a) anything
b) some

c) no
d) any
e) none

13. There was ... snakelike in the boy`s black eyes.

a) someone
b) something
c) some
d) anything
e) none

14. She felt the nameless ... that made her stop.

a) anybody
b) nothing
c) everybody
d) anything
e) something

II. Choose the best answer.

1. I never have ... for breakfast but a cup of hot milk.

a) someone
b) nothing
c) anything
d) everything
e) anyone

2. Can you give me ... to eat? I`m very hungry.

a) anything
b) nothing
c) what
d) someone
e) anybody

3. I didn`t want to think about ... else but English.

a) nothing
b) someone
c) anything
d) everywhere
e) nobody

4. He always looks unhappy. ... in the world can please him.

a) anybody
b) something
c) nothing
d) anything
e) someone

5. Have you packed ... ?

a) anybody
b) someone
c) everybody
d) everything
e) nobody

6. Mrs.Brown was shown two ready-made suits, but she didn`t like ... of them.

a) either
b) neither
c) some
d) every
e) none

7. ... must take care of books as they are ... best friends.

a) everything/their
b) something/my
c) anybody/our

d) everybody/our
e) anything/my

8. ... knows the proverb "Scratch ... back and I`ll scratch ...!"

a) everybody/your/my
b) anybody/his/hers
c) everybody/my/yours
d) nobody/our/his
e) anybody/your/mine

9. We had ... to help us. We were alone.

a) anything
b) somebody
c) no one
d) nothing
e) everyone

10. You will find ... news in ... paper ... read.

a) those/some/they
b) these/-/one
c) this/any/you
d) no/some/we
e) -/-/you

11. He said ... about ... in ... last letter.

a) nobody/them/her
b) nothing/it/his
c) me/nothing/his
d) anything/something/their
e) hers/their/our

12. If you find ... money on the floor, it is .... I dropped ... this morning.

a) much/her/any

b) no/yours/some
c) any/some/mine
d) -/whose/one
e) any/mine/some

13. Have you got ... interesting book? Give me ... to read.

a) some/nothing
b) any/something
c) any/nothing
d) some/anybody
e) no/anything

14. If you want to contact ... of them, try to do so before lunch break.

a) same
b) no
c) any
d) someone
e) anybody

15. I think the trouble is that ... of them know ... about his disappearance.

a) none/anybody
b) something/none
c) nothing/some
d) none/anything
e) anything/some

III. Choose the best answer.

1. Would you like ____ coffee?

a) some
b) any
c) no
d) every

2. He has ____ money. That's why he can't buy a new laptop.

a) some

b) any
c) no
d) every

3. It’s too late. There are ____ people in the park now.

a) some
b) any
c) no
d) every

4. There are ____ children in the yard. They are playing a soccer game.

a) some
b) any
c) no
d) every

5. You may come at ___ time you like. It’s up to you.

a) some
b) any
c) no
d) every

6. Are there ____ night clubs in your town?

a) some
b) any
c) no
d) every

7. Where can I buy ____ bread?

a) some
b) any
c) no
d) every

8. Gimme ____ water, please! I’m thirsty.

a) some
b) any
c) no
d) every

9. He goes to work ____ day.

a) some
b) any
c) no
d) every

10. If there are ____ difficult questions in this text, I can help you.

a) some
b) any
c) no
d) every

11. – Do you have ____ friends from Chicago? – Yes, I have ____ .

a) some, any
b) any, some
c) some, some
d) any, any

12. Sorry, I have ___ time to speak with you now. You may call me later.

a) some
b) any
c) no
d) every

13. Are there ____ other students who didn't pass their exams?

a) some
b) any
c) no
d) every

14. You can buy this magazine in ____ store. It's very popular.

a) some
b) any
c) no
d) every

15. _____ people like rock music, others – don't.

a) some
b) any
c) no
d) every

16. He does this ____ time he is in the city.

a) some
b) any
c) no
d) every

17. Can you give me ____ money, please?

a) some
b) any
c) no
d) every

18. Take ____ book you like.

a) some
b) any
c) no
d) every

19. You can hardly find ____ people here because it's a holiday today and people celebrate it at home.

a) some
b) any
c) no
d) every

20. There is ____ water in the bottle. It's empty.

a) some
b) any
c) no
d) every

21. – Are there ____ errors in this test? – No.

There were ____ errors but we fixed them.

a) some, any
b) any, some
c) any, no
d) some, no

22. He bought ____ milk yesterday. But the children have drunk it already.

a) some
b) any

c) no
d) every

23. Are there ____ interesting movies in your collection?

a) some
b) any
c) no
d) every

24. They don't have ____ money.

a) some
b) any
c) no
d) every

25. I have bought ____ milk and ____ cookies for breakfast.

a) some, some
b) any, any
c) some, any
d) any, some

IV. Choose the best answer.

1. Choose the appropriate pronoun(s).
I never have ... for breakfast but a cup of hot milk.

1) someone
2) nothing
3) anything
4) everything
5) anyone

2. Choose the appropriate pronoun(s).
Can you give me ... to eat? I`m very hungry.

1) anything
2) nothing
3) what
4) someone
5) anybody

3. Choose the appropriate pronoun(s).

I didn`t want to think about ... else but English.

1) nothing
2) someone
3) anything
4) everywhere
5) nobody

4. Choose the appropriate pronoun(s).
He always looks unhappy. ... in the world can please him.

1) anybody
2) something
3) nothing
4) anything
5) someone

5. Choose the appropriate pronoun(s).
Have you packed ... ?

1) anybody
2) someone
3) everybody
4) everything
5) nobody

6. Choose the best answer.
Mrs.Brown was shown two ready-made suits, but she didn`t like ... of them.

1) either
2) neither
3) some
4) every
5) none

7. Choose the appropriate pronoun(s).
... must take care of books as they are ... best friends.

1) everything/their
2) something/my
3) anybody/our
4) everybody/our
5) anything/my

8. Choose the appropriate pronoun(s).
... knows the proverb "Scratch ... back and I`ll scratch ...!"

1) everybody/your/my
2) anybody/his/hers
3) everybody/my/yours
4) nobody/our/his
5) anybody/your/mine

9. Choose the appropriate pronoun(s).
We had ... to help us. We were alone.

1) anything
2) somebody
3) no one
4) nothing
5) everyone

10. Choose the appropriate pronoun(s).
You will find ... news in ... paper ... read.

1) those/some/they
2) these/-/one
3) this/any/you
4) no/some/we
5) -/-/you

11. Choose the appropriate pronoun(s).
He said ... about ... in ... last letter.

1) nobody/them/her
2) nothing/it/his
3) me/nothing/his
4) anything/something/their
5) hers/their/our

12. Choose the appropriate pronoun(s).
If you find ... money on the floor, it is .... I dropped ... this morning.

1) much/her/any
2) no/yours/some
3) any/some/mine
4) -/whose/one
5) any/mine/some

13. Choose the appropriate pronoun(s).
Have you got ... interesting book? Give me ... to read.

1) some/nothing
2) any/something
3) any/nothing
4) some/anybody
5) no/anything

14. Choose the appropriate pronoun(s).
If you want to contact ... of them, try to do so before lunch break.

1) same
2) no
3) any
4) someone
5) anybody

15. Choose the appropriate pronoun(s).
I think the trouble is that ... of them know ... about his disappearance.

1) none/anybody
2) something/none
3) nothing/some
4) none/anything
5) anything/some

V. Заполните пропуски в предложениях, выбрав подходящее неопределённое личное местоимение из списка: someone, anyone, no one, everyone, anyone, something, anything, nothing, everything, somewhere, anywhere, nowhere, everybody, anybody, everywhere.

1. I'm sure ___ has seen this film — it's been the top‑ grossing movie of the year!

2. If ___calls while I'm out, please take a message and ask them to call back later.

3. There's ___ strange about the way he's acting _ I think he's hiding something.

4. ___ left their umbrella in the classroom after the lecture.
Can the owner come and collect it?

5. You can sit ____ you like in the auditorium — all the seats are free.

6. After the argument, she went ____to be alone and think things over.

7. ___in the team contributed to the project, so the success is truly collective.

8. I looked _____ for my keys but couldn't find them. I think I might have left them at the office.

9. ___ knows the answer to this riddle — it's too difficult!

10. The room was completely empty — there was ___ on the tables, _____ near the windows, and _____ in the corners.

11. He said ____ important during the meeting, so I didn't take any notes.

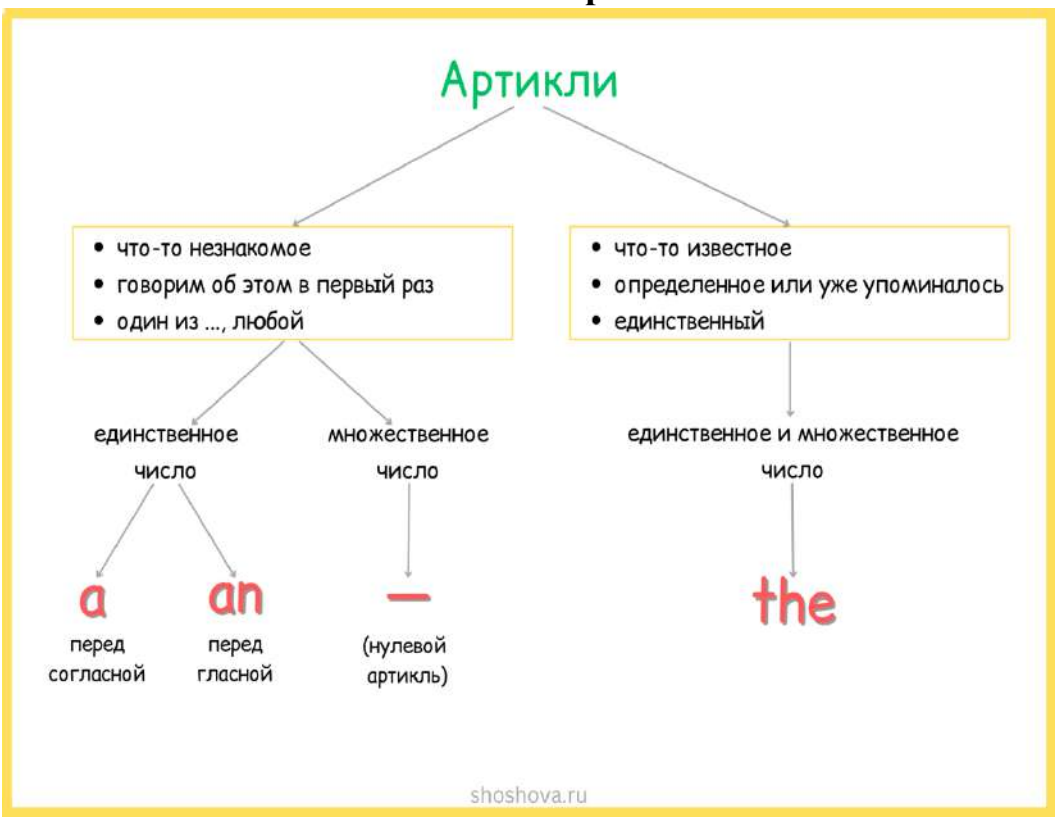
12. ____ can participate in the competition, regardless of age or experience.

13. I don't want to go ____ tonight__ I just want to stay home and read a book.

14. She travels a lot for work and has been ___ from Tokyo to Buenos Aires.

15. ___ is ready for the presentation_____ the slides are prepared, the equipment is set up, and the audience has arrived.

The Article / Артикли



The

Существительное единственное в своем роде	**the** sun, **the** moon, **the** sky, **the** universe, **the** earth
С названием стран, включающим такие слова как republic, union, kingdom, states, emirates, а также с названиями стран во мн.ч.	**the** German Federal Republic **the** United Arab Emirates **the** Philippines
Перед названиями океанов, морей, рек, горных цепей, групп островов, пустынь:	**the** Atlantic, **the** Pacific Ocean, **the** Nile, **the** Bahamas, **the** Alps
Со сторонами света	**The** South, **the** North
Существительное обозначает целый класс предметов	The giraffe is **the** tallest animals. Жираф – самое высокое животное.
После слов one/some/many/most/both/all of	Some of **the** mistakes are very bad. Некоторые из ошибок очень грубые.

Перед семейной фамилией во мн.ч.	**The** Smiths have moved to another town. Смиты переехали в другой город.

A/An

При первом упоминании о предмете	**A** man is waiting for you. Вас ждет мужчина. (какой-то)
Если речь идет о неопределенном количестве	I can bring **a** coffee to your friend. Я могу принести кофе твоему другу.
С названиями профессий В именной части составного сказуемого	He is **an** engineer. Он инженер. She is **a** smart girl.
При принадлежности предмета к классу однородных предметов В устойчивых сочетаниях типа: what a a little a few a lot of as a rule as a result for a while to be in a to have a to see a there is a Перед словами such, quite, rather, most (в значении «очень»)	There is a bee in the cup. В чашке пчела. (а не муравей). **What a** lovely day! I`d like to say **a few** words. I have **a little** free time. I have **a lot of** friends. He is quite **a** young man. Он довольно молодой человек.
Если можно заменить артикль словом «один»	There is **a** flower in the garden. Там есть цветок в саду. Там есть один цветок в саду.

Нулевой артикль

Перед существительными с определениями (местоимения, числительные, имена собственные в притяжательном падеже)	My mother works here. Моя мама работает здесь. Tom`s bag. Сумка Тома.
При обобщении во мн.ч. перед исчисляемыми существительными	Apples are my favorite fruits. Яблоки – мои любимые фрукты.
Перед существительными в качестве определения	guitar lessons – уроки игры на гитаре
Перед названиями стран, континентов, городов, улиц	Germany, Poland, London, Hyde Park, High Street
Перед абстрактными (неисчисляемыми) существительными	This is important information. Это важная информация.
Перед именами и фамилиями людей	His name is Lee.
В сочетаниях наречного характера	for breakfast, at lunch, to dinner, at night, by bus, on sale, in fact, from time to time, from school, to work, at work, from work…
С названиями дней недели, школьными предметами	I have English and Maths on Monday and Friday.
Перед обстоятельствами времени	Next year, last month, last time

Tasks:

I. Complete these sentences with *a, an, the* or no article.

1. She plays ***the*** piano beautifuly.
2. We usually meet once ___ week.
3. Can your daughter play ___ violin?
4. I enjoy studying languages but I find _____ Latin quite difficult.
5. I always listen to _ radio when I get up.
6. l love listening to _ saxophone.
7. The potatoes are 80 pence ____ bag.
8. Can you speak ___ Russian?
9. I really enjoy playing _____ football at the weekends.
10. I can cycle 15 miles _____ hour.
11. Do you enjoy learning ___ Italian?
12. I take my children swimming three times _____ week.
13. I think you watch _____ television too often.
14. Did you study _____ physics at school?
15. This flat costs £100 _____ week.

II. Complete the proverbs with the articles where necessary.

1. ____ fire and ___ water are good servants, but _____ bad masters.
2. On _____ Monday morning don't be looking for ___ Saturday night.
3. You can't blow and swallow at ___ same time
4. First cut is _____ deepest.
5. ____ old foxes need no ___ tutors.
6. Don't cross _____ bridge until you come to it.
7. ____ fair face may hide ___ foul heart
8. Let _____ George do it.
9. ____ man is known by ___ company he keep.
10. ___ apples on ___ other side of _____ wall are ___ sweetest
11. ___ experience is _____ best teacher.
12. There is no _____ place like ____ home.
13. One law for _____ rich and another for _____ poor.
14. ___ new broom sweeps clean.
15. One cloud is enough to eclipse ___ sun.

III. Insert *the* where necessary.

1. _____Cambridge University;
2. _____Oxford Street;
3. _____White House;
4. _____Bryant Park;
5. _____Tate Gallery;
6. _____Marie Celeste (*ship*);
7. _____Lotus Club;
8. _____Russell Square;
9. _____Guardian;
10. ____Westminster Abbey;
11. ____Hotel Cecil;
12. ____Tretyakov Gallery;
13. ____Pushkin Theatre;
14. ____Lincoln International Airport;
15. ____Queen Victoria Memorial.

IV. Insert *the* where necessary.

1. When I come to Paris, I always stop in ___ «George V» hotel near __ Siena river.
2. My family isn't as big as __ Smiths.
3. I have spent _____ holidays in ____ Tahiti.
4. _____ Moscow is ____ capital of ____ Russia.
5. l have known _____ Ronsons since 2002.
6. Have you ever been to ____ Hungary?
7. Our czars belonged to _____ Romanovs dynasty.
8. _____ river in the world is Mississippi.
9. There are few rivers in Kharkov: __ Udi, _____ Kharkov river and _____ Lopan.

10. ____ smallest child in ___ family is Nick.

11. I went to _____ Mississippi on a vacation.

12. I traveled to _____ Dnieper with my Dad last month.

13. Tina went on _____ holidays to ____ Crimea.

14. ____ New York is often called _____ Big Apple.

15. l haven't seen ____ Smiths for ages.

V. Supply the articles if they are necessary.

A. – a B. – the

1. Asia
2. Arctic
3. Moscow
4. USA
5. Caucasus
6. Pacific Ocean
7. Niagara Falls
8. Hudson Bay
9. Lake Ladoga
10. Ontario
11. Black Sea
12. Latin America
13. Nile
14. Andes
15. Elbrus
16. Bahamas
17. Indo-China
18. Sahara
19. Canaries
20. South-East Asia

VI. Supply the articles if they are necessary.

A. – B. – the

1. Fleet Street
2. High Street
3. Wall Street
4. Hyde Park
5. Memorial Park
6. Snowdonia National Park

7. University of Moscow
8. London University
9. Trinity College
10. London Airport
11. Times
12. Liberal Party
13. Tower
14. Albert Hall
15. Polish
16. Opera House
17. Lake District
18. Kalinin Region
19. Wednesday
20. Polish language

VII. Supply the articles if they are necessary.

A. a B. The C. —

1. It is evident that _____ people want _____ peace.
2. The acting was poor, but we enjoyed _____ music.
3. Bring _____ milk from _____ kitchen.
4. _____ Earth is millions of kilometers from _____ Sun.
5. _____ Tate Gallery is the main modern art museum in ___ London.
6. Is there _____ letter for me?
7. _____ Queen of _____ Great Britain is not _____ absolute.
8. Can you give me _____ book over there?
9. I want to go to _____ cinema to see _____ film about _____ France and_____ French.
10. Tell him _____ truth.

VIII. Fill in: THE, A, AM or (no article)

1. I haven't been to _____ concert like that before.

2. Neill Armstrong made _____ first footprint on _____ moon.

3. I was in _____ pain after I had twisted my ankle.

4. _____ Teachers are people who normally like students.

5. It’s a long way by _____ train to _____ south of France.

6. I'm so tired. I think I'll be going to _____ bed.

7. _____ Prime Minister is scheduled to give _____ speech this afternoon.

8. The worst part of living in _____ tent is the lack of _____ space.

9. _____ French drink a lot of wine.

10. _____ Dogs are wonderful pets.

11. Jane's husband got home early from _____ work.

12. Of all the cars available I prefer _____ Japanese one.

13. This is _____ book on _____ Irish history.

14. I live in_____ apartment, which is brand new.

15. Most cars start badly on _____ cold mornings.

16. Before we landed at _____ JFK airport we saw _____ Statue of Liberty and _____ Empire State building.

17. It was _____ cold morning on _____ first Monday in April.

Tests:

I. Choose the right answer.

1. It is evident that _____ want peace.
a) a people b) the people c) people
2. The acting was poor, but we enjoyed
a) music b) a music c) the music
3. is the universal language of the world.
a) Music b) A music c) The music
4. had never possessed a standing army or a police force.
a) Tudors b) A Tudors c) The Tudors
5. Pushkin, the great Russian poet, was born in
a) a 1799 b) 1799 c) the 1799
6. Great Britain consists of parts.
a) the three b) three c) a three
7. It is washed by the waters of
a) an Atlantic Ocean b) Atlantic Ocean c) the Atlantic Ocean
8. The Queen of Great Britain is not
a) the absolute b) absolute c) an absolute
9. is the main modern art museum in London.
a) Tate Gallery b) A Tate Gallery c) The Tate Gallery
10. drive on the left-hand side in their country.
a) The British b) British c) A British
11. He was born in small Russian town.
a) a b) an c) the
12. Petrovs are our neighbours.

a) a b) an c) the
13. ice-cream is made of milk and sugar.
a) a b) an c) the
14. It was cold day.
a) a b) an c) the
15. Mississippi is the longest river in the USA.
a) a b) an c) the

II. Each sentence has a mistake. Find and correct it.

1. A students in this class aren't lazy; they work hard.
2. Please, have a lunch with us.
3. What time do you go to the school?
4. Can I have cheese sandwich, please?
5. What do you do in a evenings?
6. Her name's Anna. She's doctor.
7. She has the flat in London.
8. 1 go to the work by car.
9. We have the dinner at 8 o'clock in the evening.
10. John always stays in the bed late on Sunday mornings.
11. We arrived in the Paris on a third of August.
12. We had lovely holiday in Spain.
13. My friend lives in a same street as me.
14. I was at a home all day yesterday.
15. Ankara is capital of Turkey.

III. Put A/AN or THE into each gap.

1. Jane and Bill are __very nice couple.
2. She has __ clothes shop, and he works in office in__centre of town.
3. "Where are __ children?"
4. "They're in _ garden."
5. "Where are __my shoes?"
6. "On floor in__kitchen."
7. I bought__ hat and pair of shoes at__shops.
8. Unfortunately __ shoes are __ wrong size. I'll take them back tomorrow.
9. My sister's teacher in __ school near Leicester.
10. She has three children, two girls and __ boy.
11. __girls are in her class at school, but __ boy isn't old enough for school yet.
12. "How much are the driving lessons?" "Fifteen pounds__ hour."
13. When you come to bed, can you put __cat out and turn off__lights?
14. I went to __restaurant last night.

15. What's __ name of__restaurant we went last night?

IV.

1. She's got... job at last. - That's really ... good news.
a) the, the b) - , a c) a, -
2. Henry goes to ... school twice ... week.
a) the, a b) a, the c) - , a
3. They won't be here before ... half past six.
a) an b) - c) the
4. What ... ugly house this is!
a) - b) the c) an
5. Look, what... long hair that boy has!
a) the b) a c) -
6. What ... sort of car is he driving at the moment?
a) the b) a c) -
7. It's such ... pity you couldn't come with us.
a) - b) the c) a
8. Let's go to the Beehive for ... change.
a) a b) the c) –
9. Shall I send ... invitation to ... Parkers?
a) an, b) the, the c) an, the
10. ... Welsh are considered to be ... nation of... singers.
a) The, a, - b) - , a, - c) The, a, the
11. I went upstairs to take ... shower and change.
a) a b) the c) -
12. My neighbour is ... writer. Let's ask him for ... advice about your composition.
a) the, an b) a, - c) a, an
13. Who is on ... night duty, I wonder?
a) the b) a c) -
14. Mr. Jonathan says that Robert and Donna are ... cousins, but he is wrong, because they are ... brother and ... sister.
a) - , - , - b) the, a, a c) - , the, the
15. Such ... thing had never happened during ... years that I have been here.
a) the, - b) a, the c) - , the

V.

1. My father can play ... guitar, ... banjo and ... mandolin.
a) - , - , - b) a, a, a c) the, - ,- d) the, the, the
2. ... little red car is parked on ... driveway.
a) A, the b) - ,- c) The, a d) The, the

3. My home is ... small green peaceful island.
a) an b) a c) - d) the
4. Her husband learned ... Portuguese language in ... Brazil.
a) the, - b) - , the c) the, the c) -,-
5. ... Captain Black directed ... plane to ... West, over... Pacific Ocean.
a) - , a, the, the b) The, the, - , the c) - , the, - , the
d)- , a, the, -
6. ... Easter is ... Christian holiday.
a) - , a b) The, a c) -,- d) - , the
7. Did.... King Arthur live during ... Middle Ages?
a) - , - b) - , the c) the, the d) the,-
8. Her friend Reggie is ... Buddhist from ... Thailand.
a) the, - b) a, - c) - , - d) a, the
9. ... exploration of ... West was tied to the search for... gold in ... California.
a) The, the, - ,- b) - , the, - , -
c) - , the, a, - d) - ,- ,- , the
10. ... tiger in ... Far East almost became extinct.
a) - ,- b) A, the c) The, the d) The, -
11. ... family went to ... church together last Sunday.
a) The, the b) A, - c) -, - d) The, -

12.«Welcome to ... White House» said ... President Bush.

a) the, - b) - , the c) - , - d) - , a

13... Titanic sank in ... Atlantic in 1912.

a) - ,- b) The, the c) -, the d) The, -

14.Andrew played ... volleyball at ... beach; his little daughter built... sand castle.

a) - , a, the b) - , a, a c) the, the, the d) - , the, a

15.My grandfather fought in .... Crimea during .... World War II.

a) - . - b) the, the c) the, - d) -, the

Active Voice / Действительный залог

Tasks:

THE ACTIVE VOICE

	Simple (Indefinite)	Continuous (Progressive) Ving	Perfect Ved/3	Perfect Continuous Ving
Present	(+) *She (he, It)* + **Vs.** *I (we, you, they)*+ V. (-) *She (he, It)* + **doesn't** + V. *I (we, you, they)* + **don't** + V. (?) **Does** + *she (he, it)* + V? **Do** + *we (I, you, they)* + V? ***Every day (week, year, summer…), often, usually, always, seldom, in the morning, never, as a rule, sometimes…***	(+) *I* + **am** *She (he, it)* + **is** + **Ving.** *They (we, you)* + **are** (-) *I* + **am not** *She (he, it)* + **is not** + **Ving.** *They (we, you)* + **are not** (?) **Am** + *I* **Is** + *she (he, it)* + **Ving?** **Are** + *we (you, they)* ***Now, at the moment, constantly…***	(+) *She (he, It)* + **has** + **Ved/3.** *I (we, you, they)* + **have** + **Ved/3.** (-) *She (he, It)* + **hasn't** + **Ved/3.** *I (we, you, they)* + **haven't** + **Ved/3.** (?) **Has** + *she (he, It)* + **Ved/3?** **Have** + *I (we, you, they)* + **Ved/3?** ***Already, ever, never, just, yet, today, for ages, up till now…***	(+) *She (he, It)* + **has been** + **Ving.** *I (we, you, they)* + **have been** + **Ving.** (-) *She (he, It)* + **hasn't been** + **Ving.** *I (we, you, they)* + **haven't been** + **Ving.** (?) **Has** + *she (he, It)* + **been** + **Ving?** **Have** + *I (we, you, they)* + **been** + **Ving?** ***Already, since, for 2 years…***
Past	(+) S + **Ved/II .** (-) S + **didn't** + V. (?) **Did** + S + V? ***Yesterday, the day before yesterday, last week (month, year, August…), the other day, 2 days ago…***	(+) *I (she, he, it)* + **was** + **Ving.** *They (we, you)* + **were** + **Ving.** (-) *I (she, he, it)* + **wasn't** + **Ving.** *They (we, you)* + **weren't** + **Ving.** (?) **Was** + *I (she, he, it)* + **Ving?** **Were** + *they (we, you)* + **Ving?** ***Yesterday at 3 o'clock, at that moment, constantly, when he came…***	(+) S + **had** + **Ved/3.** (-) S + **hadn't** + **Ved/3.** (?) **Had** + S + **Ved/3?** ***Yesterday by 5 o'clock, when he came, by then, as soon as, never…before, no sooner…than, hardly… when, …***	(+) S + **had been** + **Ving.** (-) S + **hadn't been** + **Ving.** (?) **Had** + S + **been** + **Ving?** ***All day, for 2 hours,***
Future	(+) S + **will** + V. (-) S + **will not** + V. **(won't)** (?) **Will** + S + V? ***Tomorrow, the day after, in an hour, one of these days, next week (year…), soon, as soon as possible, some day…***	(+) S + **will be** + **Ving.** (-) S + **will not be** + **Ving.** **(won't be)** (?) **Will** + S + **be** + **Ving?** ***Tomorrow at 3 o'clock, soon, at 5 o'clock, at this time tomorrow…***	(+) S + **will have** + **Ved/3.** (-) S + **will not have** + **Ved/3.** **(won't have)** (?) **Will** + S + **have** + **Ved/3?** ***Tomorrow by 4 o'clock, by now, by the end of the year, by then, by 2 o'clock…***	(+) S + **will have been** + **Ving.** (-) S + **will not have been** + **Ving.** **(won't have been)** (?) **Will** + S + **have been** + **Ving?** ***By this time, for 20 years…***

I.

1. Tony ... extra reading lessons in school; he ... responsible for ringing the bell at break time.
   a) gave, made b) was given, was made c)was being given, was making
2. Lucy ... and ..., and ... him angrily.
a) stopped, turned, faced b) had stopped, turned, was facing
c) was stopping, was turning, was facing
3. My roommate ... and ... about the noise of the type-writer.
a) had woken up, complained b) has woken up, complains
c) woke up, complained
4. George always ... and ... before eating.
a) is shaving, dressing b) had shaved, dressed c) shaves, dresses
5. By the time you ... into the house, the new express way ..., so you should have an easy commute.
a) will move, will have been finished b) move, will have been finished
c) move, will be finished
6. After he ... breakfast, he usually ... the morning newspaper.
a) finishes, reads b) had finished, was reading c) is finishing, is reading
7. I... with amazement to his explanation, which Holmes ... between the puffs of his cigarette.
a) listened, had delivered b) was listening, would delivered
c) listened, delivered
8. Numerous innovations ... now by business firms in Europe and the United States to combat the increasing dissatisfaction of employees at every level with the quality of their lives.
a) are being tried b) are tried c) are trying
9. I... to these conclusions before even I... his room.
a) had come, had entered b) came, entered c) came, would enter
10. It... nearly one o'clock when Mr. Smith ... from his excursion.
a) was being, was returning b) was, had returned c) was, returned
11. By the time the fire trucks got to the scene, the fire ... by neighbours.
a) had been put out b) has been put-out c) had put out
12. At first I... that she ... me.
a) was thinking, didn't recognise b) thought, had not recognised
c) had thought, wasn't recognising
13. Holmes ... over some notes which he ... upon the back of an envelope.
a) was glancing, had been scribbling b) glanced, had scribbled
c).glanced, had been scribbling

14. It ..., my dear friend, that we ... with an exceptionally dangerous man.

a) shows, are dealing b) is showing, deal c) shows, deal
15.As the population on the island ..., the forests ... for agriculture, and natural resources ... scarce.
a) grew, were destroyed, became b) was growing, destroyed, became
c) was growing, were destroyed, were become

II.

1. The woman ... out, but I... myself in a doorway.

a) had come, had hid b) came, had hid c) came, had been hiding

2. When you ... two separate-chains of thought, you ... some point of intersection which should approximate to the truth.
a) will follow, will find b) have followed, will have found
c) follow, will find
3. In the 1980s, people began to research crop circles.
It ... by one meteorologist that they might... by an unusual weather phenomenon.
a) proposed, have caused b) was proposed, have been caused
c) had proposed, had been caused
4. When my grandfather, who was also a teacher, ... home from the Civil War, he ... my grandmother and they ... to college together.
a) came, married, went b) had come, married, went
c) had come, married, had been going
5. They on Everest before the climb that... history.
a) have climbed, made b) had climbed, made c) climbed, had made
6. There is a hole in the sky, and we ... it.
a) have been creating b) created c) have created
7. In a most spectacular manifestation of computer crime, the defendant... to have stolen forty-seven million dollars from banks and security firms.
a) has alleged b) alleged c) is alleged
8. Modem science ... to produce fibres by chemical and technical means.
a) has learned b) has been learning c) had learned
9. I... into the dirty cell. I... a jail before.
a) stared, had never seen b) stared, never saw
c) stared, have never seen
10. In 1881 the United States Lawn Tennis Association ... the first championship in Newport.
a) had been sponsoring b) had sponsored c) sponsored

11. A famous mystery that... is that of the Devil's Triangle, which

is also known as the Bermuda Triangle.
a) has never been explained b) was never explained
c) has never explained
12. In the cultivation of bonsai trees, the plants ... small and
in true proportion to their natural models by growing them in small containers.
a) are keeping b) are kept c) are being kept
13. After he ... the horror story by Edgar Allan Poe, Marvin ... a great
plan for his revenge.
a) had been reading, had b) read, had c) was reading, had had
14. Popular papers ... large headlines and ... especially with events
commonly termed front-page news.
a) are used, are concerned b) use, are concerned c) are used, concern
15. The atmosphere of the room was of a horrible and depressing stuffiness.
The servant who ... had thrown up the window, or it ... even more intolerable.
a) had first entered, would have been b) entered, would be
c) was entering, would be

III.

1. Researchers ... the link between mind and body for the past ten years.
a) studied
b) will have been studying
c) had studied
d) have been studying
2. It ... at one time that the wastes could safely ... into the deepest
parts of the oceans, on the assumption that no life could ... at such depths.
a) thinks, be dumped, subsist
b) was thought, be dumped, subsist
c) is thinking, be dumped, to subsist
d) was thought, to be dumped, subsist
3. There was no entrance from outside, and no one could go up
from the inside without... or ...
a) being saw, hearing
b) be seen, being heard
c) to be seen, heard
d) being seen, heard
4. The sight was so lovely I ... very early just to see the sun come up.
a) get up
b) have got up
c) used to get up
d) was getting up

5. «All right», said the old gentleman, «I'll be here until your friend ..., and then I... somewhere ».
a) will come back, will stand
b) won't come back, stand
c) comes back, will stand
d) will come back, will be standing
6. That action alone told her that he ...
a) had never truly loved her
b) never loved her truly
c) had never been loving her truly
d) never was loving her truly '
7. I... clearly the doom that... for me.
a) see, had been prepared
b) saw, had been prepared
c) saw, has been prepared
d) saw, had prepared
8. Are you sure that the shoe ...?
a) had not been mislaid
b) was not mislaid
c) didn't mislay
d) has not simply been mislaid
9. But this theory since then ... by deep-sea exploration.
Wherever there is life, radioactive substances ... into the biological cycle.
a) has been disproving, are absorbed
b) has been disproved, absorbed
c) was disproved, are absorbed
d) has been disproved, are absorbed
10. The sentence ..., and it seemed that a very long time ... since then.
a) had given, had passed
b) was given, was passed
c) has been given, had passed
d) had been given, had passed
11. The Counsel for the defense then began to cross-examine the witness. He asked her «How long ... the accused? »
a) do you know
b) have you known
c) did you know
d) have you been knowing
12. I... hair of that colour in my life. It... dyed.
a) never had seen, looks
b) have never seen, is looking

c) have never seen, looks
d) never saw, is looking

13. The man next to me was a ploughman who ... to London and ... most anxious to see St. Paul's Cathedral.
a) have never been, is
b) never was, had been
c) had never been, was
d) had been never, had been

14. The stress ... on the wrong word and the sense of the whole paragraph ... obscure.
a) put, became
b) was put, was became
c) had been put, was become
d) was put, became

15. The 14th Amendment should ... to require the State to provide counsel for indigent persons who ... of relatively insignificant crimes.
a) not be read, are accused
b) not to be reads are accused
c) not be read, accuse
d) not to be read, were accused

IV. Complete the sentences with the correct active or passive form of the verb in brackets.

1. At last night's ceremony, they __the award to an unknown actress. (GIVE)
2. The survivors __by a cruise ship that __to be near them. (RESCUE, HAPPEN)
3. Two hours after the accident the doctor __ him dead. (DECLARE)
4. I remember ____ to the circus by my father. (BE TAKE)
5. The weather ____ in the next few days. (NOT IMPROVE)
6. Coffee ____before you ____ it. (MUST ROAST, SELL)
7. The bridge ___at the moment so it _____. (REPAIR, CANNOT USE)
8. The police ____ the victim a picture of the suspect. (SHOW)
9. The new staff members ____ all the help they need. (GIVE)
10. That door _____for ages. (NOT OPEN)
11. A few days ago, a judge ___him to appear before court next month. (ORDER)
12. The Times ___such a shocking letter before. (NEVER PUBLISH)
13. They ___ on what to do when the headmaster ___in. (INSTRUCT, COME)
14. The vandals ___bottles into windows and ___ a few cars. (THROW, DE-STROY)
15. The new teammates __ more time to get accustomed to the practice sessions. (SHOULD GIVE)

16. After dad ___ me to the zoo, he _____ me some new clothes at the department store. (TAKE, BUY)
17. I _____ to the party last Thursday because I ___. (NOT GO, NOT INVITE)
18. I ___ so surprised by such an outstanding performance before. (NEVER BE)
19. When we ____ out of the cinema, the bus __to take us home. (COME, WAIT)
20.All the papers _____ in by next Friday. (MUST HAND)

V. Fill in the blanks with the correct form of the verb. Use active or passive voice.

1. A lot of old songs _____ on the radio last week. (PLAY)
2. The President ____ about the coup in Central America. (JUST INFORM)
3. If I __ you I wouldn't go to the meeting. (BE)
4. The bank manager told me that the house _____ for. (NOT PAY)
5. I _____the guitar since I was in nursery school. (PLAY)
6. Margie is very happy because she _____an engagement ring from her boyfriend. (JUST RECEIVE)
7. I ___after the children while the garage _____ . (LOOK, REPAIR)
8. When Jane came to the office, she found out that her boss ____ . (ALREADY LEAVE)
9. Please don't interrupt us. We _____an important conversation. (HAVE)
10. I reported to the police that my stamp collection _____ the week before. (STEAL)
11. A short time after the pedestrian _____ by the car the ambulance _____ . (HIT, ARRIVE)
12. When Mr Kennel entered the room, emails _____ by his assistants. (TYPE)
13. Dad _____ for over three weeks. (NOT SMOKE)
14. He normally _____up on his own but yesterday he _____ by his mom. (WAKE, WAKE)
15. They usually _____ visitors at the hospital. (NOT ALLOW)
16. All the houses in our street _____ every year during the Christmas season. (DECORATE)
17. India _____ independence in 1947. (GRANT)
18. They _____ in southern Italy since the end of the war. (LIVE)
19. I _____ a car by the garage so that I could drive home. (GIVE)
20. Tom's father is an excellent athlete.
He _____ some sort of sport every day. (DO)

Tests:

I. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в одном из времен: Present Indefinite, Present Continuous, Present Perfect, Present Perfect Continuous.

1. Her children (to be) in the yard. They (to play) football now.
They (to play) it since ten o'clock.
2. She (to speak) English well. She (to study) it for five years.
Listen! She (to speak) to her teacher.
3. His son just (return) home. He (to be) dirty. He (to play) volley-ball.
4. Where David (to be)? – He (to be) in the library.
He (to work) there at the moment. – How long he (to be) there? –
He (to work) for three hours.
5. Why she (to look) tired? – She (to work) all night.
6. Since when they (to wait) for us? – They (to wait) for half an hour.
We (to be) late.
7. My sister (to drive) a car. She (to learn) to drive for two months.
8. Beth (to be) busy this morning, hasn't she? – Yes.
She already (to write) some letters and (to interview) four people.
9. Julia already (to return) home. She always (to come) home at this time.
She (to do) her lessons. She (to do) them since three o'clock.
10. My baby (to sleep) at the moment. My baby (to sleep) for two hours.
11. Peter (to write) letters now. He (to write) since seven o'clock.
He (not finish) writing yet.
12. What they (to do) now? – They (to discuss) a very important problem.
They (to discuss) it for two hours; but they (not to reach) the agreement yet.
13. I never (to suppose) that he can cook. He (to be) in the kitchen now.
He (to cook) for an hour and he already (to prepare) some tasty dishes.
14. The weather (to be) fine today. There (to be) no clouds in the sky,
15. the warm wind (to blow). The sun (to shine) since early morning.
16. Where (to be) the pupils? – They (to be) in the garden now.
They (to plant) and (to water) the trees. They already (to plant) twenty trees.
17. You (to decide) where to go tonight? – I (to think) about it since
eight o'clock but (not to take) the decision yet.
18. Where my purse (to be)? – You (to put) it into your bag.
19. Why you (not like) this woman? – I (to hate) her since I met.
20. He (to work) as a translator for already five years.
21. I can say nothing about this ballet as I (not to see) it.

II. Раскройте скобки, употребив глаголы в форме Present Perfect или Present Perfect Continuous.

1. I (teach) him for two years and I (not teach) him anything!
He is absolutely hopeless!
2. We (walk) about the forest for three hours already but
we (not find) a single mushroom.
3. Kate (shop) since morning but she (not buy) anything.
4. Charles (learn) only a few Spanish words although,
he (learn) Spanish for three months.
5. Mr. Robinson (make) calculations for our company for
five years already and he never (make) mistakes.
6. This team (play) football for seven years but they (not win)
a single match.
7. Although the jurors (discuss) the case for six hours
they (not come) to an agreement.
8. Matt (translate) this article for three hours but
he (translate) only two paragraphs.
9. The chairman (speak) for twenty minutes but
he (not touch) upon a single serious point! There is no end to it!
10. The maid (clean) this room for an hour but she (do) only half
the work. The new guest is extremely untidy!

III. Переведите предложения.

1. Мы обсуждаем наши планы уже три дня, но до сих пор не
решили, что нам делать.
2. Я пользуюсь этим компьютером уже два года и у меня
никогда не было с ним никаких проблем.
3. Джеф ремонтирует машину уже неделю.
Разве он еще не закончил?
4. Марта играет в казино уже шесть часов.
Она потратила уже целое состояние!
5. Мистер Прайс, известный энтомолог, ловит бабочек
на Суматре уже две недели. Он поймал уже семь редких экземпляров.
6. Последние две недели Памела работает над новой программой.
Она уже взяла интервью у нескольких популярных актеров.
7. Дизайнер просматривает портфолио целый день, но он
пока не выбрал лучшую модель для своего показа.
8. Вы живете здесь уже четыре недели, но пока заплатили
только за одну!

9. Бабушка вяжет мне свитер уже два месяца, но она еще не связала рукава.
10. Роберт разыскивает своих родственников в Канаде уже два года, но пока не нашел их.

IV. Test. Past Indefinite/Past Continuous/ Past Perfect Continuous/ Past Perfect.

1. I (talk) over the phone when they brought me the letter.
    A. talked
    B. had talked
    C. had been talking
    D. was talking
2. They (to sit) in the room when the taxi arrived.
    A. sat
    B. had sat
    C. had been sitting
    D. were sitting
3. He quickly forgot everything he (to learn) at school.
    A. learnt
    B. had learnt
    C. had been learning
    D. was learning
4. I visited Brazil in April. I (to stay) at a nice hotel for a fortnight.
    A. stayed
    B. had stayed
    C. had been staying
    D. was staying
5. I (to stay) at the hotel for a fortnight when I received your letter.
    A. stayed
    B. had stayed
    C. had been staying
    D. was staying
6. The musician (to play) the piano for a whole hour when we came in.
    A. played
    B. had played
    C. had been played
    D. was playing
7. We (to walk) along a forest road for two hours when we saw a house.
    A. walked
    B. had walked
    C. had been walking

D. were walking

8. A man (to be) unconscious for a few minutes when an ambulance arrived.
   A. was
   B. had been
   C. had being
9. I (to talk) over the phone for a whole hour when the porter knocked at the door.
   A. talked
   B. had talked
   C. had been talking
   D. was talking
10. I hardly (to finish) speaking with a porter when the phone rang again.
   A. finished
   B. had hardly finished
   C. had been finishing
   D. was finishing
11. First I (to answer) the phone, and then I read your letter.
   A. answered
   B. had answered
   C. had been answering
   D. was answering

V. Выберите правильный вариант.

1. Although they … to Spain twice this year, they are going again next month.
   A) went B) have been C) have gone
2. As soon as he … the room, he realized what was going on.
   A) has entered B) was entering C) entered
3. Sam some chocolate chip cookies. Don't they smell great?
   A) had just baked B) has just baked C) just baked
4. That green Marie perfectly.
   A) fits B) fitting C) is fitting
5. My best friend, … parents come from Mexico, is a film director.
   A) whom B) whose C) which
6. Our planet … hotter and hotter because of global warming.
   A) getting B) gets C) is getting
7. I have got three pairs of shoes, none of are black.
   A) which B) all C) whom
8. Tommy … his toys on the stairs; he's very naughty.
   A) is always leaving B) had always left C) has always left
9. A: So who … the princess at the end of the story? B: The brave prince.
   A) is saving B) saves C) has saved

10. He a … lot more now than he did when he was in his twenties.
    A) is weighing B) has weighed C) weighs
11. …. you manage to finish all your work last night?
    A) Have B) Did C) Had
12. By the time she had finished doing her homework, it … dark outside.
    A) was B) was being C) is
13. My grandparents have … living in the same neighbourhood for fifty years.
    A) being B) be C) been
14. She … a very good job and earns a lot of money.
    A) has got B) is having C) has had
15. We … plans for our trip to Australia when you called last night.
    A) had made B) were making C) made
16. The children … flowers for two hours before they realised the time.
    A) pick B) had been picking C) were picking
17. Is this the man asked you where you live?
    A) which B) whom C) who
18. How long ago did she … work for that company?
    A) used to B) use C) use to
19. Was the water warm for the children to swim in?
    A) too B) very C) enough
20. Bob always adds … much salt to his food.
    A) enough B) very C) too

VI. Выберите правильный ответ.

1. What's the matter? My car … .
   A. was just stolen
   B. has just been stolen …
   C. is just stolen
2. One of the theatres in our city … now.
   A. is begin reconstructed
   B. was begin reconstructed
   C. will be reconstructed
3. That house … a long time ago.
   A. has been sold
   B. was sold
   C. is sold
4. Jin said the room … .
   A. will have already been cleaned
   B. will be cleaned
   C. had already been cleaned

5. All the banks … on Sundays.
    A. are closed
    B. has been closed
    C. are been closed
6. The documents … by 5 p. m.
    A. will be signed
    B. are signed
    C. will have been signed
7. We … on our way home yesterday.
    A. were being followed
    B. are being followed
    C. have been followed
8. My sister … to hospital tomorrow.
    A. is being taken
    B. will be taken
    C. was taken
9. The cake smells so nice. It … .
    A. will just be baked
    B. has just been baked
    C. is just baked
10. The conference room … at the moment.
    A. was being used
    B. has been used
    C. is being used
11. When we arrived at the airport, we found that the flight … .
    A. had been cancelled
    B. is being cancelled
    C. has been cancelled
12. The flowers in the flowerbeds … by this evening.
    A. are being watered
    B. were watered
    C. will have been watered
13. America … several centuries ago.
    A. had been discovered
    B. was discovered
    C. will be discovered
14. The floors in the office … every day.
    A. are swept
    B. will have been swept
    C. were being swept

15. An old women … while she was living with her children.
    A. is being looked after
    B. was being looked after
    C. will be looked after
16. I think the money … back in the nearest future.
    A. has been paid
    B. were paid
    C. will be paid
17. My car … at the moment.
    A. was being repaired
    B. has been repaired
    C. is being repaired
18. The exams … by 3 the afternoon.
    A. will have been finished
    B. were being finished
    C. are being finished
19. Olimpic Games … every four years.
    A. are held
    B. had been held
    C. will have been held
20. When we returned home the walls … .
    A. has been painted
    B. had been painted
    C. will be been painted

Passive Voice / Пассивный залог

Passive Voice

	Past	Present	Future
Simple (Indefinite)	was/were + V_3^{ed}	am/is/are + V_3^{ed}	shall/will be + V_3^{ed}
Progressive (Continious)	was/were being + V_3^{ed}	am/is/are being + V_3^{ed}	——— (употреблять Future Simple)
Perfect	had been + V_3^{ed}	has/have been + V_3^{ed}	shall/will have been + V_3^{ed}
Perfect Progressive (Continious)	———	———	———
	(употреблять формы Perfect)		

Tasks:

I. Transform these active sentences into the passive voice.

1. She writes a letter. _____
2. They clean the classroom every day. _____
3. He opened the window. _____
4. We watched a film last night. _____
5. The chef is preparing the meal. _____
6. She was painting the wall. _____
7. They have finished the project. _____
8. He has broken the window. _____
9. Someone stole my phone. _____
10. The manager will sign the contract. _____
11. She is going to send the email. _____
12. We can solve this problem. _____
13. They must complete the work today. _____
14. I am writing a report. _____
15. The students are reading the books. _____

II. Write the missing parts of the passive sentences.

1. They make paper from wood. _____ from wood.
2. She cooked the fish badly. _____ badly.
3. They repaired the road completely. _____completely (by them).
4. They talked about the exam very much. _____ about very much.
5. Everybody likes her. _____ by everybody.
6. My friend always helps me. _____ by my friend.
7. The students are translating two articles. _____ by the students.
8. My friend helped me with the translation. _____ with the translation by my friend.
9. They did the job well. _____ well by them.
10. They forgot his name. _____ His name.
11. The teacher was reading a tale to the children. _____ to the children by the teacher.
12. The secretary has brought the documents. _____ The documents by the secretary.
13. The doctor has examined the patient. ___ The patientby the doctor.
14. Somebody told her the wrong address. __ She the wrong address.
15. They told him the news only yesterday. _ The news to him yesterday.

III.

1. He ___ a new job last week, *(was offered/ is offered)*
2. The bridge _____ off yesterday, *(were blown / was blown)*
3. This novel _____ by Hemingway, *(was written / were written)*
4. Flies _____ by spiders, *(are catching / are caught)*
5. All the trees _____ down yesterday, *(were cut / was cutted)*
6. We to go home after the fire. *(were telling / were told)*
7. Sarah's purse _____ yesterday night, *(was stolen / is stolen)*
8. Watches _____ to tell the time, *(were used / are used)*
9. He ___ out of the cinema a week ago. *(was thrown / is thrown)*
10. Coffee _____ in Brazil and Columbia, *(are grow/ is grown)*
11. The old theatre _____ last Friday, *(was reopened/ is reopened)*
12. She _____ about the accident by the police yesterday, *(is asked/ was asked)*
13. Rotten eggs _____ at him last month in Bristol, *(were thrown / is thrown)*
14. Mice _____ by cats, *(were caught / are caught)*
15. Kangaroos _____ in America, *(aren't found/ aren't find)*

IV. Rewrite these questions in the passive voice.

1. Does Bill bathe the dog every week? _____
2. Where did you hide his diary? _____

3. Why did Mel cut her hair like that? _____
4. Do Joyce and Wilson use this route to school? _____
5. Will the zookeepers teed the lions later? _____
6. Docs Linda take up ballet lessons? _____
7. Will the management hold a meeting next Monday? _____
8. Do you utilise Facebook to connect with friends? _____
9. Did Mr Lim prepare the proposal himself? _____
10. Did Miss Chow photocopy the private and confidential documents? ___
11. How will Ben solve the difficult sum? _____
12. Does Vicky lead the school choir? _____
13. Did the police arrest the robbers last night? _____
14. How did you kill the cockroach in your room? _____
15. Does Sarah eat meat? _____

V. Complete the sentences.

1. The day before yesterday we _____ (invite) to the birthday party by our friends.
2. In ancient Greece the Olympic Games _____ (hold) once in four years.
3. I _____ (bear) in a small Ukrainian town not far from Donetsk.
4. The prize _____ (win) by Linda.
5. As I arrived at the hotel a note _____ (hand) to me.
6. Their engagement _____ (announce) in the local paper.
7. The words ‘To be or not to be’… _____ (speak) by Hamlet.
8. The house _____ (destroy) by the storm.
9. The railway line _____ (bury) under tons of rock and earth.
10. I _____ (give) a letter by a postman yesterday.
11. Several problems _____ (consider) by the government.
12. After the accident the railway station _____ (completely/destroy).
13. Both motorways _____ (open) last year.
14. The thunderstorm _____ (hear) live miles away.
15. The World Cup at football _____ (win) by Italy in 2006.

Tests:

I. Выберите правильный вариант.

1. English is the main foreign language which … within most school systems.

a) teach c) teaches
b) is taught d) is teaching

2. On festive occasions sweets … at the end of a meal.
a) are served c) is being served
b) is served d) served
3. If the vegetable we … is very soft a crunchy relish.
a) are serving, may be added c) is serving, may be added
b) are served, may be added d) may be served, added
4. In India the right hand … for eating.
a) used c) is used
b) uses d) is being used
5. Needless to say, hands … before and after eating.
a) must wash c) wash
b) must be washing d) must be washed
6. Some of the rice … plain to enable us to eat it with other dishes.
a) is left c) is leaving
b) left d) is being left
7. I haven't got a large appetite and when I … my favourite food,
I leave half of it on the plate.
a) was given c) have given
b) gave d) am given
8. My father … that roast meat is not healthy.
a) persuaded c) has persuaded
b) has been persuaded d) persuades
9. She stood in the shadows of the jungle, knowing that she … by the Indians.
a) must follow c) must have been followed
b) must have followed d) followed
10. She thought the arrow … poisoned.
a) is c) can be
b) may be d) could be
11. He knew the boys … rescued.
a) would be c) are
b) have been d) 'II be
12. Japan … up of a chain of more than one thousand islands.
a) make c) is making
b) is made d) makes
13. Japan … from Korea by the Sea of Japan.
a) is separated c) separated
b) separates d) is separating
14. Japan has a large number of volcanoes, sixty-seven of which … active.
a) consider c) were considered
b) considered d) are considered

15. Now girls are not embarrassed … smoking.
a) to see c) to be seen
b) seeing d) have been seen

II. Выберите правильный вариант.

1. The famous actress … now for the "HELLO" magazine.
a) is interview c) is being interviewed
b) interview d) was interviewed
2. All tickets … before we got in the theatre.
a) were sold c) are sold
b) have sold d) had been sold
3. Students … next Friday.
a) will be examined c) are examined
b) will examine d) have been examined
4. "A Farewell to Arms" … in 1929.
a) was published c) published
b) were published d) has published
5. The dinner … by five o'clock tomorrow.
a) will be served c) will have been served
b) is served d) will serve
6. He … to tidy the garage.
a) was helped c) are helped
b) were helped d) have helped
7. She … practicing the piano yesterday.
a) is heard c) hear
b) was heard d) hears
8. The jam sandwiches … with white bread.
a) made c) are made
b) makes d) is made
9. Most children … strongly … their parents.
a) are, influencing on c) has, influence with
b) are, influenced by d) have, influenced by
10. All information … to me, before I found her address.
a) had given c) was given
b) had been given d) is given
11. The Loch Ness monster … to exist.
a) is told c) is said
b) tells d) says
12. About 50 people … to the party yesterday.
a) were invited c) was invited
b) invite d) are invited

13. Trained dogs … by the police to find drugs.
a) use c) used
b) are using d) are used
14. Lisa is at the beauty parlor. She is … .
a) having her nails painted c) painting her nails
b) had her nails d) painted her nails
15. Mike … to clean his room.
a) was make c) was made
b) are made d) is being made

III. Выберите правильный вариант.

1. Much … by the end of the term.
a) has learnt c) had been learnt
b) have been learnt d) was learning
2. The book … to me before it appeared on sale.
a) had been given c) has been given
b) was given d) is given
3. The library … this year.
a) builds c) is building
b) has been built d) was built
4. I suddenly remembered that the book … at home.
a) had been left c) had left
b) was left d) has been left
5. The flat … into before you arrived.
a) had moved c) isn't moved
b) hadn't been moved d) was moved
6. The children … to bed early yesterday.
a) had been put c) are put
b) put d) were put
7. Many new houses … in our street by next year.
a) will build c) are building
b) have built d) '11 have been built
8. The questions … by the teacher now.
a) are asked c) are being asked
b) are asking d) have been asked
9. The novel "The Mother" by Gorky … into many languages.
a) has been translated c) has translated
b) had been translated d) hasn't translated
10. This monument … by the new year.
a) will erect c) will have erected
b) '11 be erected d) will have been erected

11. A large gold cup … to the athlete last year.
a) presented c) is presented
b) was presented d) presents
12. A lot of concerts … by amateur actors in this theatre.
a) was given c) gave
b) were given d) give
13. Reports at the conference … by all the students.
a) is made c) were made
b) made d) make
14. The plan of work … for four hours.
a) discussed c) have been discussed
b) is discussed d) has been discussed
15. The plan of work … by all the students at five tomorrow.
a) is discussing c) is being discussed
b) will be discussed d) will discuss

IV. Выберите правильный вариант.

1. The wonderful film … on videotape, and it … by the whole family.
a) was recorded, was watched c) recorded, is watched
b) is recorded, was watched d) was recorded, is watched
2. Nobody likes when he … for the offence, which he did not commit.
a) blames c) is blamed
b) was blamed d) blamed
3. She … if she had been wearing a seat-belt.
a) will not have injured c) would not injure
b) would not have been injured d) will not injure
4. Over 50 million students … in American schools which range from kindergartens to high school.
a) were enrolled c) has enrolled
b) are enrolled d) was enrolled
5. America's first college, Harvard, … in Massachusetts in the 17th century.
a) is being founded c) was founded
b) had been founded d) has been founded
6. The story of the first Thanksgiving feast … among the Americans.
a) is well-known c) would have been well-known
b) have been well-known d) was well-known
7. The students … on the topic "Industrial Revolution" at the end of the term.
a) will be tested c) will have been tested
b) are being tested d) were tested

8. Now London's councilmen … to approve the erection of a life-size statue of Charlie Chaplain in the costume that the British-born comedian made famous in his films.
a) being asked c) are being asked
b) asked d) was asked
9. Mr. S. was sure that prisoners of conscience … in at least 60 countries.
a) are being held c) being held
b) were being held d) hold
10. In more than 200 years the USA Constitution … 26 times.
a) is amended c) has been amended
b) is being amended d) was amended
11. The bridge … by tomorrow morning.
a) will have been reconstructed c) will be reconstructed
b) is being reconstructed d) was reconstructed
12. It was reported that the treaty … two weeks before.
a) would have been ratified c) had been ratified
b) is ratified d) was ratified
13. Sarah showed me the article, which … by her brother.
a) was translated c) translated
b) had been translated d) has been translated
14. At the police station he … a lot of questions.
a) asked c) had been asking
b) had been asked d) was asked
15. The rent for the house … regularly.
a) was paid c) paid
b) was paying d) pays

V. Выберите правильный вариант

1. Bill … his homework twenty minutes ago.
a) did b) had done
2. A lot of multi-storeyed buildings … in our district last year.
a) built b) were built
3. Our family … in a village near London for about ten years.
a) lived b) has been living
4. They … a sightseeing tour about the city.
a) were taken b) took
5. He said that the next week his sons … from Paris to Edinburgh.
a) will fly b) would fly
6. A lot of different laws … every year in our country.
a) are promulgated b) were promulgated

7. This text should … into Russian. You should … it.
a) be translated, translate b) have been translated, be translated
8. Very soon a new article … by this journalist.
a) will written b) will be written
9. My sister answered that she … her car.
a) had already sold b) already sold
10. … in Mr. Smith's idea about innovations in our plant?
a) Were you interested b) Do you interested
11. He … to the radio when the telephone rang.
a) listened b) was listening
12. Helen … if she continues wearing this horrible clown dress.
a) will be laughed at b) will be laughing at
13. … to Barcelona?
a) Have you ever been b) Did you ever be
14. I ... cookies, that's why my hands are covered with flour.
a) have been making b) have made
15. I promise that your cat … care of while you are at this Congress.
a) will be taken b) will be took

Tests:

I.

1. Bill … his homework twenty minutes ago.
(did / had done)
2. A lot of multi-storeyed buildings … in our district last year.
(built / were built)
3. Our family … in a village near London for about ten years.
(lived / has been living)
4. They … a sightseeing tour about the city. (were taken / took)
5. He said that the next week his sons … from Paris to Edinburgh.
(will fly / would fly)
6. A lot of different laws … every year in our country.
(are promulgated / were promulgated)
7. This text should … into Russian. You should … it. (be translated, translate / have been translated, be translated)
8. Very soon a new article … by this journalist. (will written / will be written)
9. My sister answered that she … her car. (had already sold / already sold)
10. … in Mr. Smith's idea about innovations in our plant?
(Were you interested / Do you interested)
11. He … to the radio when the telephone rang. (listened / was listening)

12. Helen … if she continues wearing this horrible clown dress.
(will be laughed at / will be laughing at)
13. … to Barcelona? (Have you ever been / Did you ever be)
14. I ... cookies, that's why my hands are covered with flour.
(have been making / have made)
15. I promise that your cat … care of while you are at this Congress/ (will be taken / will be took)

II.

1.Tony … extra reading lessons in school; he … responsible for ringing the bell at break time. (gave, made / was given, was made / was being given, was making)

2. Lucy … and …, and … him angrily. (stopped, turned, faced / had stopped, turned, was facing / was stopping, was turning, was facing)
3. My roommate … and … about the noise of the type-writer.
(had woken up, complained / has woken up, complains / woke up, complained)
4. George always … and … before eating. (is shaving, dressing / had shaved, dressed / shaves, dresses)
5. By the time you … into the house, the new express way …, so you should have an easy commute. (will move, will have been finished / move, will have been finished / move, will be finished)
6. After he … breakfast, he usually … the morning newspaper. (finishes, reads / had finished, was reading / is finishing, is reading)
7. I … with amazement to his explanation, which Holmes … between the puffs of his cigarette. (listened, had delivered / was listening, would delivered / listened, delivered)
8. Numerous innovations … now by business firms in Europe and the United States to combat the increasing dissatisfaction of employees at every level with the quality of their lives.
(are being tried / are tried / are trying)
9. I … to these conclusions before even I ... his room. (had come, had entered / came, entered / came, would enter)
10. It … nearly one o'clock when Mr. Smith … from his excursion.
(was being, was returning / was, had returned / was, returned)
11. By the time the fire trucks got to the scene, the fire … by neighbours.
(had been put out / has been put out / had put out)

12. At first I … that she … me.
(was thinking, didn't recognize / thought,
had not recognised / had thought, wasn't recognizing)
13. Holmes … over some notes which he … upon the back of an envelope.
(was glancing, had been scribbling / glanced,
had scribbled / glanced, had been scribbling)
14. It …, my dear friend, that we … with an exceptionally dangerous man.
(shows, are dealing / is showing, deal / shows, deal)
15. As the population on the island …, the forests … for agriculture,
and natural resources … scarce. (grew, were destroyed,
became / was growing, destroyed, became / was growing, were destroyed,
were become)

III.

1. Researchers … the link between mind and body for the past ten years.
(studied / will have been studying / had studied / have been studying)
2. It … at one time that the wastes could safely … into the deepest
parts of the oceans, on the assumption that no life could … at such depths.
(thinks, be dumped, subsist / was thought, be dumped,
subsist / is thinking, be dumped, to subsist / was thought, to be dumped,
subsist)
3. There was no entrance from outside, and no one could go up from the
inside without … or … (being saw, hearing / be seen,
being heard / to be seen, heard / being seen, heard)
4. The sight was so lovely I … very early just to see the sun come up.
(get up / have got up / used to get up / was getting up)
5. «Ail right, – said the old gentleman, – I'll be here until your friend …,
and then I … somewhere».
(will come back, will stand / won't come back, stand / comes back,
will stand / will come back, will be standing)
6. That action alone told her that he …
(had never truly loved her / never loved her truly /
had never been loving her truly / never was loving, her truly)
7. I … clearly the doom that … for me. (see, had been prepared
/ saw, had been prepared / saw, has been prepared / saw, had prepared)
8. Are you sure that the shoe …? (had not been mislaid / was not mislaid
/ didn't mislay / has not simply been mislaid)
9.But this theory since then … by deep-sea exploration.
Wherever there is life, radioactive substances … into the biological cycle.
(has been disproving, are absorbed / has been disproved,
absorbed / was disproved, are absorbed / has been disproved, are absorbed)

10. The sentence …, and it seemed that a very
long time … since then. (had given, had passed / was given,
was passed / has been given, had passed / had been given, had passed)
11. The Counsel for the defense then began to cross-examine the
witness. He asked her «How long … the accused?»
(do you know / have you known / did you know
/ have you been knowing)
12. I … hair of that colour in my life. It … dyed. (never had seen, looks / have never seen, is looking / have never seen, looks / never saw, is looking)
13. The man next to me was a ploughman who … to London and … most anxious to see St. Paul's Cathedral. (have never been, is / never was, had been / had never been, was / had been never, had been)
14. The stress … on the wrong word and the sense of the whole paragraph … obscure. A (put, became / was put, was became / had been put, was become / was put, became)
15. The 14th Amendment should … to require the State to provide counsel for indigent persons who … of relatively insignificant crimes. (not be read, are accused / not to be read are accused / not be read, accuse / not to be read, were accused)

IV.

1. They said that their parents … for two hours. (had been walking / walked)
2. When I was a teenager, DVD players … yet. (hadn't been invented / hadn't invented)
3. My sister … like chess. (don't / doesn't)
4. I … my brother tomorrow in the morning. (will phone / phone)
5. No place on earth … to be safe. (can be shown / can be showing)
6. She can't help me right now, because she … on the phone. (is talking / talks)
7. He said there … two tables in the room. (were / are)
8. An enormous amount of money … on beer in Ireland. (will spend / is spent)
9. While you … the shower, I'll be cooking the breakfast. (take / are taking)
10. The Hawaiian island of Kahoolawe … by a tsunami, or tidal wave. (has just been hit / was just hit)
11. I asked your aunt Jane if she … to find a new job. (tried / would try)
12. Petrol prices … since last summer. (have been increased / were increased)
13. I think that Angela … the present we have bought. (would like / will like)

14. The princess said it … to one of her ancestors by the artist. (has been presented / had been presented)
15. Travelling all round the country you … a lot about its people. (will learn / would learn)

V.

1. "The longest fish in the contest was eighteen inches long". "It _____ by Thelma Rivers". (was catching / caught / was caught / catch)
2. "I heard you decided to take up tennis". "Yes, I have _____ every day" (been played / been playing / playing / play)
3. "Are we about to have dinner?" "Yes, it _____ in the dinning room". (15 serving / serves / is being served / served)
4. "Why is Stanley in jail?" "He _____ of robbery". (has been convicted / has been convicting / has convicted / convicted)
5. "Where are Jack and Jan?" "They _____ the boxes you asked for into the house". (have been bringing / bringing / have been brought / to bring)
6. "Where's the old chicken coop?" "It _____ by a windstorm last year". (destroy / is destroyed / was destroyed / destroyed)
7. "We're still looking for Thomas". "Hasn't he _____ yet?" (been found / to find / found / being found)
8. "Whatever happened that fortune-teller?" "I don't know. She ____ around her in a long time". (hasn't seen / didn't see / hasn't been seeing / hasn't been seen)
9. "Diana is a wonderful ballet dancer". "She ___ since she was four", (has been dancing / has been danced / is dancing / was danced)
10. "What a beautiful dress you're wearing!" "Thank you. It ___ especially for me by a French tailor". (is made / has made / made / was made)
11. "Those eggs of different colors are very artistic". "Yes, they ___ in Russia". (were painted / were paint / were painting / painted)
12. "Homer is in jail for smoking marijuana". "He __ that it was against the law". (is telling / was told / old / tells)
13. "The maintenance people didn't remove the chairs from the ballroom". "Don't worry. They ____ them before the dance begins". (will have been moved / will have moved / were moved / moved)
14. Gold _____ in California in the nineteenth century. (was discovered / has been discovered / was discover / they discovered)
15. ___ that military spending is extremely high. (We are felt / It feels / It is felt / We feel that it is)

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Гаран Евгения Петровна
кандидат филологических наук, доцент

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Английская грамматика в таблицах, упражнениях, тестах

Учебное пособие

Редактор Н.П. Лучинкина
Верстка М.И. Гриценко
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Азово-Черноморского инженерного института
ФГБОУ ВО Донской ГАУ
347740, г. Зерноград Ростовской области, ул. Советская, 15.