

МИНИСТЕРСТВО СЕЛЬСКОГО ХОЗЯЙСТВА РОССИЙСКОЙ ФЕДЕРАЦИИ
ДЕПАРТАМЕНТ ОБРАЗОВАНИЯ, НАУЧНО-ТЕХНОЛОГИЧЕСКОЙ ПОЛИТИКИ
И РЫБОХОЗЯЙСТВЕННОГО КОМПЛЕКСА

ФЕДЕРАЛЬНОЕ ГОСУДАРСТВЕННОЕ БЮДЖЕТНОЕ ОБРАЗОВАТЕЛЬНОЕ
УЧРЕЖДЕНИЕ ВЫСШЕГО ОБРАЗОВАНИЯ
«ДОНСКОЙ ГОСУДАРСТВЕННЫЙ АГРАРНЫЙ УНИВЕРСИТЕТ»
(ФГБОУ ВО Донской ГАУ)

АЗОВО-ЧЕРНОМОРСКИЙ ИНЖЕНЕРНЫЙ ИНСТИТУТ – ФИЛИАЛ
ФЕДЕРАЛЬНОГО ГОСУДАРСТВЕННОГО БЮДЖЕТНОГО ОБРАЗОВАТЕЛЬНОГО
УЧРЕЖДЕНИЯ ВЫСШЕГО ОБРАЗОВАНИЯ
«ДОНСКОЙ ГОСУДАРСТВЕННЫЙ АГРАРНЫЙ УНИВЕРСИТЕТ» В Г. ЗЕРНОГРАДЕ
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Кафедра «Гуманитарные дисциплины
и иностранные языки»

Е.П. Гаран

GRAMMAR EXERCISES & TESTS

**СБОРНИК УПРАЖНЕНИЙ И ТЕСТОВЫХ ЗАДАНИЙ
ПО ГРАММАТИКЕ АНГЛИЙСКОГО ЯЗЫКА**

*Учебно-методическое пособие
для обучающихся 1 курса бакалавриата
всех направлений подготовки*

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INTRODUCTION

Грамматика английского языка является одним из ключевых разделов при изучении иностранного языка. Цель пособия – развитие, закрепление и контроль знаний грамматики и умения употреблять правильные грамматические конструкции в устной и письменной речи.

Пособие представляет собой сборник упражнений и тестов по грамматике английского языка и предназначено для студентов I курсов очного и заочного отделений всех направлений подготовки бакалавриата.

Представленный в нём материал соответствует рабочей программе по дисциплине «Иностранный язык» и отражает основные темы по практической грамматике английского языка.

I. EXERCISES**Глагол "to be"****I. Вставьте глагол to be в форме Present Indefinite.**

1. He ... a student. He ... a good student.
2. His father ... a doctor.
3. My mother ... not a teacher.
4. – ... your sister a pupil?
– Yes, she
5. They ... at home.
6. This ... my house.
7. – ... they at school?
– No, they ... not at school.
8. – ... your father a pilot?
– Yes, he
9. Nick ... not a student. He ... a pupil. He ... at school now.
10. These men ... drivers.
11. My friend ... an engineer. He ... at work.
12. – ... your parents at home?
– No, they ... not.
13. I ... a pupil. I ... not a student.
14. – ... this your book?
– This book ... not my. My book ... in my bag.
15. Michael has a brother. His brother ... 20. He ... a student.
He ... at home now.
16. These ... his newspapers.
17. – ... there any books on your table?
– Yes, there
18. I ... a doctor. I ... a good doctor.
19. – ... his friends ... at school now?
– No, they ... in the garden.
20. – ... her sister a teacher?
– Yes, she

II. Употребите глагол to be в соответствующей форме (am, is, are).

1. Where ... you from?
2. How old ... you? How old ... your brother?
3. What ... your aunt's name?
4. I ... glad to see you. How ... you?
5. The dog ... in the garden.
6. Tom's parents ... travel agents.
7. – ... your father a carpenter?
– No, he
8. John ... not a student, he ... a doctor.

9. That book ... not very interesting. Take this one.
10. The best seats ... 10 \$.
11. Moscow ... the capital of Russia.
12. I ... hot. Open the window, please.
13. What ... the weather like today?
14. I ... not interested in football at all.
15. ... Tom and Bob good players?
16. ... you hungry?
17. The news ... not very bad today.
18. What ... your parent's address?
19. Your money ... in your handbag.

III. Вставьте в пропуски соответствующую форму глагола to be в настоящем времени.

1. The children ... at home now.
2. Mother ... in the kitchen at the moment.
3. My brother ... a scientist.
4. Our granny ... fond of gardening.
5. You ... late as usual.
6. I ... busy at the moment.
7. John ... a married man now.
8. The baby ... very quiet today.
9. I ... very tired after a hard working day.
10. We ... through with our homework.
11. Dickens ... my favourite English writer.
12. Janet ... a very beautiful girl.
13. I ... nervous before my exams.
14. Steve and Ann ... in the cinema at the moment.
15. My friend and I ... interested in History.

IV. Поставьте следующие предложения во множественном числе.

1. This woman is from Japan.
2. I am tired.
3. The flower is beautiful.
4. The man is doctor.
5. The new radio is here.
6. I am an American.
7. This test is simple.
8. Is that city big?
9. Is this language difficult?
10. Is the teacher busy today?
11. Is a new car expensive?
12. This mark isn't good.
13. This dress isn't new.

14. That actor isn't very talented.
15. He isn't a very hard-working student.

V. Переведите на английский язык, употребляя глагол to be в форме Present Indefinite.

1. Я не ученик. Я студент.
2. Его брат ученик. Он в школе.
3. Мои родители инженеры. Они на работе.
4. – Вы доктор?
– Нет, я учитель.
5. – Твоя сестра ученица?
– Нет, она инженер. Она на работе.
6. Его сестра не секретарь. Она учитель.
7. – Это врачи?
– Нет, они летчики.
8. – Ваша сестра дома?
– Нет, она на работе.
9. Наш отец ученый.
10. Его тетя не доктор. Она актриса.
11. Это моя книга. Она на столе.
12. Мой двоюродный брат не ученый, он инженер.
13. Это картины. Они на стене. Картины очень красивые.
14. Моя бабушка пенсионерка. Она не на работе. Она дома.
15. – Ваши дети школьники?
– Да, они школьники.

VI. Переведите предложения.

1. Ты не занят сейчас, не так ли?
2. Его книги очень популярны, не так ли?
3. Ваш сын не увлекается спортом, не так ли?
4. Я прав, не так ли?
5. Его статья не готова, не так ли?
6. Она красива, не так ли?
7. Твоей мамы сейчас нет дома, не так ли?
8. Эта информация полезна, не так ли?
9. Дети не голодны, не так ли?
10. Эта машина очень дорогая, не так ли?
11. Этот мальчик не очень высокий, не так ли?
12. Петр и Анна отсутствуют, не так ли?
13. Еще не слишком поздно, не так ли?
14. Этот музей находится в центре города, не так ли?
15. Эта история очень грустная, не так ли?

VII. Употребите глагол to be в соответствующей форме (am, is, are).

1. I ... happy.
2. The students ... in the room.
3. The flat ... very big.
4. Mary and Helen ... students.
5. It ... very pretty.
6. Mr. Brown ... busy now.
7. I ... ready to help you.
8. You ... in the USA now.
9. This foreign language ... very difficult.
10. Foreign languages ... very difficult to learn.
11. ... English easy?
12. ... they from South America?
13. ... London the capital of the UK?
14. ... you from Russia?
15. ... the money on the table?
16. ... the flowers very beautiful?
17. ... you a photographer?
18. ... that tall girl pretty?
19. ... this a bad mistake?
20. ... those children smart?
21. It ... not very hot today.
22. Those books ... not interesting.
23. Mr. Smith ... not here.
24. The big box ... not heavy.
25. I ... not busy at the moment.
26. The money ... not in the purse.
27. English ... not an easy language.
28. I ... not sick today.
29. The words in the text ... not hard.
30. The photographs ... not front wall.

VIII. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глагол to be в форме Past Simple.

1. He ... a pupil.
2. She ... not a doctor, she ... a teacher.
3. They ... workers.
4. He ... ill last week. He ... not at work.
5. We ... at home on Sunday.
6. The weather ... not cold yesterday. It ... fine.
7. ... he at school yesterday? No, he ... not. He ... ill.
8. ... they students last year? No, they ... pupils.
9. There ... lot of books in his room.
10. When ... you at home yesterday?

11. There ... newspapers on the table.
12. Why ... not you at work last Friday?
13. There ... a pencil in my pencil-box.
14. – Where ... his sister last week?
– She ... not at home. She ... in the country.
15. We ... at the theatre yesterday.

IX. Вставьте в пропуски соответствующую форму глагола to be в прошедшем времени.

1. It ... too late to change anything.
2. I ... right about it.
3. My friend ... in Paris last month.
4. The dogs ... in the yard.
5. You ... too fat at that time.
6. My parents ... on holidays last month.
7. This disk ... too expensive.
8. The money ... in the box yesterday.
9. I ... sorry to hear that.
10. It ... time to go to the station.

X. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глагол to be в форме Past Simple (was, were).

1. My parents ... at the theatre last week.
2. He ... at the cinema yesterday.
3. Kate ... in the yard an hour ago.
4. My friends ... in the library yesterday.
5. The cat ... on the table 5 minutes ago.
6. We ... at school last Saturday.
7. Sue ... ill last week.
8. The toys ... on the carpet two hours ago.
9. She ... at the market yesterday.
10. The apples ... on the dish some minutes ago.
11. Jane ... at the shop yesterday.
12. We ... in the park the day before yesterday.
13. They ... in London last month.
14. My sister and I ... at home yesterday evening.
15. ... it cold yesterday?
16. ... the shops open last Saturday?
17. ... his father angry yesterday?
18. ... the rooms in her flat small?
19. ... they born in the city?
20. ... Tom at the hotel yesterday evening?

XI. Поставьте следующие предложения во множественном числе.

1. He was in the classroom five minutes ago.
2. Her friend was at school on Friday.
3. The French book was on the table yesterday.
4. She was ill last month.
5. The white kitten was on the sofa an hour ago.
6. The boy was a good pupil last year.
7. I was good at chess two years ago.
8. The girl was ten last year.
9. My friend was at the swimming pool last Monday.
10. There was a policeman in that car 5 minutes ago.
11. There was one nice day last week.
12. There was a letter on the table yesterday evening.
13. The picture was on the wall yesterday.
14. He was very busy last Wednesday.
15. The coat was in the hall yesterday.

XII. Переведите на английский язык, употребляя глагол to be в форме Present или Past Indefinite.

1. Он водитель.
2. Мы школьники.
3. Они были в театре.
4. Он был рабочим. Сейчас он инженер.
5. Мои родители дома.
6. Мой брат не был в школе вчера.
7. Его мама молодая. Она студентка.
8. Моя бабушка учительница. Она не работе. Она сейчас дома.
9. Мой дядя был летчиком.
10. – Вы были в театре вчера?
– Нет, не были.
11. В прошлом году его сестра была студенткой. Сейчас она доктор.
12. – Он болен?
– Да, он сейчас болеет.
13. Погода сегодня ясная, а вчера погода была плохой.
14. – Где ты был?
– Я был дома.
15. – Она в театре?
– Нет, она в кино.
16. Это парк. Парк очень старый.
17. В прошлом месяце мы были в театре.
18. – Где они были?
– На работе.
19. Мой дедушка старый.
20. Его сестры нет в школе.

21. Он не болен.
22. Где мои вещи? Они были на столе.
23. Она была учительницей.
24. – Вы были летчиком?
– Нет, я был водителем.
25. Эти ребята моряки?

XIII. Переведите предложения.

1. Мы были рады увидеть его снова.
2. Стол был рядом с окном.
3. Я был на вечеринке в прошлую субботу.
4. Он был зол на меня.
5. Когда я была маленькой, я боялась мышей.
6. В это время дети были в школе.
7. Моя прабабушка была очень красивой женщиной.
8. Было уже поздно.
9. Было трудно понять его.
10. Вчера мы были в кафе.

XIV. Переведите предложения.

1. Ты был болен вчера, не так ли?
2. Они вчера отсутствовали, не так ли?
3. Дети не боялись этой собаки, не так ли?
4. Ты не опоздал на урок вчера, не так ли?
5. Вы увлекались путешествиями, не так ли?
6. Он был голоден, не так ли?
7. Он не был профессиональным водителем, не так ли?
8. Твой брат был вчера в кино, не так ли?
9. Игрушки не были новыми, не так ли?
10. Билеты были очень дорогими, не так ли?

XV. Вставьте глагол to be в форме Future Indefinite.

1. He ... a student next year.
2. I ... at home tomorrow.
3. ... you be at home on Sunday?
4. She ... not be at work on Saturday.
5. Where ... you ... in two days?
6. We ... not ... in the country.
7. He ... a pilot when he grows up.
8. I ... at school.
9. She ... not ... a doctor, she ... a teacher.
10. It ... a good idea.
11. ... he ... here in some hours?
12. I ... not ... a teacher.

13. Where ... we ... next month?
14. ... they ... in the park?
15. They ... not ... in the garden.

XVI. Вставъте глагол to be в форме Future Indefinite (shall be, will be).

1. Carol ... busy next week.
2. ... they ... at the theatre tomorrow evening?
3. The weather ... fine next Sunday.
4. I ... a famous actress in several years.
5. ... Dave ... a good pupil next year?
6. We ... at the stadium in twenty minutes.
7. ... the boys ... in the yard in an hour?
8. The shops ... (not) open next Sunday.
9. ... it ... rainy tomorrow?
10. He ... in time at work tomorrow morning.
11. ... I ... a beautiful woman in many years?
12. They ... (not) in London in an hour.
13. You ... in the country in a week?
14. She ... in the hall in a minute.
15. ... your sisters ... in the park soon?

XVII. Вставъте глагол to be в форме Present, Past или Future Indefinite.

1. How lucky you ... last year?
2. I ... in a hurry now.
3. My father ... away on business next week.
4. We ... present at the meeting tomorrow.
5. Look! This ... Paul.
6. The Art Gallery ... (not) open today.
7. She ... a very lazy girl.
8. St. Petersburg ... the capital of Russia in the 18th and the 19th centuries.
9. I ... afraid of snakes.
10. He ... (not) married last year.
11. Helen ... a famous singer in several years.
12. The twins ... eleven now.
13. They ... in Moscow last month.
14. My granny ... here in an hour.
15. The parrot ... in the cage.

XVIII. Переведите на английский язык, употребляя глагол to be в форме Present, Past или Future Indefinite.

1. Я сейчас дома.
2. Вчера он был на работе.
3. Завтра её не будет дома.
4. Дети в парке. Они не в школе.
5. Он не был в школе вчера. Он был дома.
6. – Где она?
– Она на работе.
7. В прошлом году я был учеником. В этом году я студент.
8. – Где вы были?
– Мы были в театре.
9. Его отец доктор. Он тоже будет доктором?
10. Завтра дети будут во дворе.
11. Где вы? Вы не дома?
12. Мой друг болен. Он не в институте. Он дома.
13. Где вы будете завтра?
14. Они не были в Крыму в прошлом году. Они были в Москве.
15. Я не инженер, я певец.
16. Сегодня в три часа мы будем в кино.
17. Где книги? Вчера они были на столе.
18. – Ты будешь в парке завтра?
– Нет, не буду. Я занят.
19. – Она болела на прошлой неделе?
– Да, она была больна.
20. – Почему их не было дома?
– Они были на футболе.

XIX. Вставьте глагол to be в форме Present, Past или Future Indefinite.

1. – Where ... your brother now?
– He ... in his room.
2. – ... she ... at work tomorrow?
– Yes, she
3. – ... you at school yesterday?
– Yes, I
4. My sister ... at school now. She ... not at home.
5. ... you ... a teacher in some years?
6. My pens ... not on the table. Where ... they?
7. His brother ... a child. He ... 7.
8. We ... pupils last year, but now we ... students.
9. My aunt ... in Paris now.
10. – Where ... your grandmother?
– She ... in the Richmond.

11. – When ... you at work yesterday?
– I ... there at 8 o'clock.
12. My brother ... not ill now.
13. I ... not in Moscow now. I ... in London.
14. All my family ... at home tomorrow.
15. When he ... young, he ... a pilot.
16. She ... a student.
17. – Where ... you last Friday?
– I ... at the cinema.
18. Nick ... ill last month.
19. Where ... your father now?
20. I think he ... not ... a doctor.

XX. Заполните пропуски соответствующей формой глагола to be в настоящем, прошедшем или будущем времени.

1. The kids ... in the garden at this time tomorrow.
2. I ... afraid, Mr. Smith ... too busy to see you tomorrow.
3. I ... late for classes yesterday.
4. We ... always glad to see you here.
5. This programme ... over soon.
6. My mother ... very tired yesterday.
7. I ... sorry, but I ... not ready for the lesson today.
8. ... this information really useful?
9. Why ... he so angry with you yesterday?
10. Who ... in the office tomorrow?
11. How far ... it to London?
12. You ... alone at that time, ... you?
13. Why ... (not) the dinner ready on time?
14. The weather ... fine tomorrow, ... it?
15. This book ... (not) very interesting, ... it?

PRESENT INDEFINITE TENSE**I. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в форме Present Indefinite.**

1. She (to learn) English.
2. I (to like) music.
3. My brother (to be) a school-boy. He (to go) to school.
4. Michael (to do) his lessons every day.
5. She (to live) in this house.
6. After supper my sister (to go) for a walk.
7. We (to visit) our grandparents very often.
8. The girl (to sing) very well.
9. My father (to work) at school.
10. Usually I (to have) dinner at 3 o'clock.
11. He (to want) to become a doctor.
12. Our mother (to come) home very late.
13. His brother (to go) in for sports.
14. She (to like) reading very much.
15. They often (to take) the bus.

II. Вставьте в пропуски do или does.

1. ... your father play the guitar?
2. ... the children want to go out?
3. ... your cat catch mice?
4. ... his sister go to school?
5. ... you know French?
6. ... Simon love Fiona?
7. ... she still live in the house?
8. ... your boys like ice-cream?
9. ... you read books in the original?
10. ... this house belong to your family?
11. ... his mother know about it?
12. ... their parents own a car?
13. ... it often rain here?
14. ... birds fly to warm countries in winter?
15. ... this factory produce toys?

III. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в форме Present Indefinite.

1. I (not to walk) to work every morning.
2. She (to wash) her car once a week.
3. We (to spend) our holidays in the country.

- | | |
|--|-----------|
| 7. He ... have much money. | A isn't |
| 8. He ... rich. | B doesn't |
| | C don't |
| 9. Mag and her sister ... live in Rome. | A aren't |
| 10. Mag and her sister ... in Rome. | B doesn't |
| | C don't |
| 11. Pat's mother ... teach students. | A isn't |
| 12. Pat's mother ... a teacher. | B doesn't |
| | C don't |
| 13. It ... cost much to stay at the hotel. | A doesn't |
| 14. The hotel ... expensive. | B isn't |
| | C don't |

PRESENT CONTINUOUS TENSE

I. Ответьте на вопросы, используя данные слова.

1. What is Helen doing in the kitchen? (to cook).
2. What are you doing in the shop? (to buy).
3. What is she doing with the dress? (to try on).
4. What is Ann doing at the railway station? (to meet).
5. Why are the children making such a terrible noise? (to fight).
6. Why isn't she sleeping? (to wait for).
7. Why are you sleeping in a whisper? (to sleep).
8. Why is Peter playing the piano so late? (to rehearse).
9. What is Bill doing here? (to look for).
10. What are you doing in the garden? (to water).

II. Present Indefinite / Present Continuous.

1. It (often/ rain) in this part of the world.
A. is often raining B. often rains
2. Take your umbrella. It (rain) cats and dogs.
A. rains B. is raining
3. Granny is in the kitchen. She (make) a plum-cake.
A. is making B. makes
4. My wife (often/make) plum-cakes.
A. is often making B. often makes.
5. Can you a bit later, please? Jane (have a bath).
A. is having a bath B. has a bath
6. Run downstairs. Your sister (wait) for you.
A. is waiting B. waits
7. I don't know Spanish, but I (learn) it now.
A. am learning B. learn
8. John (still/work) in the garden.
A. is still working B. still works
9. Dad (usually/work) on Saturdays.
A. is usually working B. usually works
10. Usually I (have coffee) in the morning, but now I (drink) tea.
A. am having coffee A. drink
B. have coffee B. am drinking

11. We (sometimes/go) to the cinema.
 A. are sometimes going
 B. sometimes go
12. – What she (do)?
 – She is a secretary at our college.
 A. is she doing B. she does C. does she do
13. Why you (sit) at my desk? Could you take your place, please?
 A. Why are you sitting B. Why do you sit C. Why are you sitting
14. We've got tickets, and tomorrow evening we (go)to the cinema.
 A. go B. are going
15. – ... you (do) anything tomorrow afternoon?
 – I (play) tennis with my friend.
 A. Are you doing A. am playing
 B. Do you do B. play

III. Present Indefinite / Present Continuous.

A. верно

B. неверно (в этом случае как правильно)

1. Tom in his room. He plays the piano.
2. Jill is speaking five languages.
3. I am looking for my glasses. Where are they?
4. My brother is smoking 20 cigarettes a day.
5. I am not understanding what he is speaking about.
6. John is tired, so he has a short sleep.
7. The man in the dark grey coat is looking like Tom.
8. He doesn't like ballroom dancing.
9. I'm looking out of the window, but I'm not seeing him.
10. I am remembering that holiday we had in France a few years ago.
11. How much is it costing to send a letter to Paris?
12. My parents are never drinking strong coffee.
13. I hate big cities.
14. The play is beginning at seven.
15. What are you thinking of that travel?
16. What are you thinking about?
17. I am hoping Mag comes out of hospital.

IV. Раскройте скобки, употребляя Present Indefinite или Present Continuous.

1. Alice (take, not) the bus to school every day. She usually (walk) instead. (Take, you) the bus to get to school every day, or (walk, you)?

2. It (rain, not) right now. The sun (shine). (Rain, it) a lot here?

3. Right now I (look) at the board. (I, see) some words on the blackboard.

4. I (need) to call my parents today and tell them about my new apartment. They can't call me because they (know, not) my new telephone number.

5. Right now the children (be) at the beach. They (have) a good time. They (have) a beach ball and they (play) with it. They (like) to play catch. Their parents (sunbathe). They (try) to get a tan. They (listen) to some music on a radio. They also (hear) the sounds of sea gulls and sound of the waves. I (think) sea gulls are beautiful birds.

6. Sam is at the library. He (sit) at a table. He (write) a composition. He (use) a dictionary to look up the spelling of some words. The dictionary (belong, not) to him. It (belong) to his roommate. Sam (look) up words in the dictionary because he (want) to make sure that he doesn't have any misspelled words in his paper.

7. This morning it (rain). I can see Janet from my window. She (stand) at the corner of 5th and Pine. She (hold) her umbrella over her head. She (wait) for her bus.

8. I can't afford that thing. It (cost) too much.

9. I (own, not) my umbrella. I (wear) a waterproof hat on rainy days.

10. – Why you (walk) so fast today? You (walk, usually) quite slowly.

– I (hurry) because I (meet) my mother at 4 o'clock and she (not like) to be kept waiting.

11. The plane that you (look) at now just (take) off Paris.

12. – Tom never (do any) work in the garden; he always (work) on his car.

– What he (do) in his car now?

– I (think) he (polish) it.

13. That film (come) to the local cinema next week. You (want) to see it?

14. – How Peter (get) on at school?

– Very well. He (seem) to like the life.

15. – How you (end) a letter that (begin), 'Dear Sir'?

– I always (put), 'Yours truly', but Tom (prefer) 'Yours faithfully'.

16. – What you (wait) for? – I (wait) for the shop to open.

– But it (not open) till 9.00.

– I (know) but I (want) to be early as their sale (start) today.

17. – Who (own) this umbrella?

– I (not know). Everybody (use) it but nobody (know) who (own) it.

18. – You (mind) if I ask you a question?

– That (depend) on the question.

– It (concern) your brother.

– I (refuse) to answer any question about my brother.

19. The last train (leave) the station at 11.30.
 20. You (like) this necklace? I (give) it to my daughter for her birthday tomorrow.
 21. – You (write) to him tonight?
 – Yes, I always (write) to him on his birthday. You (want) to send any message?
 22. Tom and Mr. Pitt (have) a long conversation. I (wonder) what they (talk) about.
 23. – This car (make) a very strange noise. You (think) it is all right?
 – Oh, that noise (not matter). It always (make) a noise like that.
 24. – Someone (knock) at the door. Shall I answer it?
 – I (come) in a minute. I just (wash) my hands.
 25. – What (happen) in your class? The teacher (give) lectures every day?
 – No. He (give) one lecture a week, and on the other days he (show) films or (discuss) books with us.

V. Переведите предложения на русский язык, употребляя Present Continuous.

1. Президент посетит эту страну через неделю.
2. В эту пятницу я встречаюсь со своими родственниками.
3. Делегация приедет на следующей неделе.
4. Что ты делаешь в субботу вечером?
5. Он снова встретится с ней на следующей неделе.
6. Вы работаете завтра допоздна?
7. Их семья уезжает через две недели.
8. Ты играешь в футбол в эту субботу?
9. Мы уезжаем в отпуск через 5 дней.
10. Я встречаюсь с профессором в 3 часа.

VI. Переведите на русский язык, употребляя глаголы в Present Indefinite или в Present Continuous.

1. – Что ты делаешь?
 – Я готовлю доклад.
2. Она очень спокойная. Что она делает?
3. – Ты мне веришь?
 – Нет, я тебе не верю.
4. Он знает, что ты ошибаешься.
5. Я ненавижу холодную погоду.
6. – Как вы себя чувствуете?
 – Неплохо.
7. Сейчас она мне не нравится.
8. Мой муж сейчас в саду: он сажает деревья.

9. – Что ты хочешь?
– Я хочу пить.
10. Извините, но я с вами не согласен.
11. Она сейчас ищет одежду.
12. Он никогда не соглашается с тем, что я говорю.
13. – Вы меня понимаете?
– Нет, я вас не понимаю.
14. Они наблюдают сейчас за нами.
15. – Ты меня ищешь?
– Нет, я ищу свою сестру.
16. Я часто работаю ночью, поэтому у меня сегодня выходной.
17. Сейчас она рисует в соседней комнате.
18. Что вы думаете о спорте?
19. – Чем они занимаются?
– Они обсуждают мою новую книгу.
20. Профессор говорит на трех языках. Сейчас он говорит на английском.

VII. Present Indefinite / Present Continuous

Выберите наиболее подходящий вариант:

1. All children ___ chocolate.
A. are adoring
B. are adore
C. adore
2. We ___ a picnic at the moment.
A. are have
B. are having
C. has
3. How ___ to work?
A. Does you usually get
B. Are you usually getting
C. Do you usually get
4. Jenny always ___ nice expensive clothes.
A. wears
B. is wearing
C. wear
5. Betty can't answer the phone. She ____
A. sleeps
B. is sleep
C. is sleeping
6. These jeans ___ much.
A. doesn't cost
B. don't cost
C. are not costing

7. His eyes are closed. He ____ at you.
 - A. isn't look
 - B. isn't looking
 - C. doesn't look
8. Mark and Greg always ____ home before 9 p. m.
 - A. come
 - B. comes
 - C. are coming
9. ____ your boyfriend often invite you to the cinema?
 - A. Do
 - B. Is
 - C. Does
10. My parents ____ the house right now.
 - A. is cleaning
 - B. are cleaning
 - C. clean
11. My mother never ____ me up in the morning.
 - A. doesn't wake
 - B. is making
 - C. wakes
12. My father is in Greece now. He ____ at a very nice hotel.
 - A. stays
 - B. is staying
 - C. stay
13. Ann ____ her friends early in the morning.
 - A. doesn't usually meet
 - B. don't usually meet
 - C. isn't usually meeting
14. All the members of our family often ____ for evening tea.
 - A. gather
 - B. are gathering
 - C. gathers
15. I ____ dinner because I'm really hungry
 - A. cook
 - B. am cooking
 - C. is cooking
16. What ____ on Saturdays?
 - A. are you doing
 - B. does you do
 - C. do you do
17. I'm sorry. I ____ this word.
 - A. didn't understand
 - B. don't understand
 - C. won't understand

18. Don't go out! It ___ hard at the moment.
A. is snowing
B. snows
C. snow
19. Brian always ___ his friend in the evening.
A. is phoning
B. phones
C. phone
20. Why ___ ? I've lost my keys.
A. do you cry
B. does you cry
C. are you crying
21. We ___ letters to our relatives every month.
A. are sending
B. send
C. sends
22. Mother can't fall asleep because her children ___ too much noise.
A. are making
B. makes
C. make
23. When ___ ?
A. do he normally get up
B. is he normally getting up
C. does he normally get up
24. Sam and Tim ___ tennis very often.
A. are not playing
B. doesn't play
C. don't play
25. Look at that man! ___ him?
A. Does you know
B. Do you know
C. Are you knowing

PRESENT PERFECT TENSE

I. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в форме Present Perfect.

1. I (to be) to London this year.
2. We (to see) this film before.
3. He (not to meet) his parents.
4. She (to hear) this music before.
5. I (to write) a new book this month.
6. They (not finish) their work yet.
7. Alan (not have) his breakfast.
8. Cathy (not to get) up yet.
9. Martin (not wash) up yet.
10. We (not to tell) him the truth.
11. You (to mention) my name?
12. Your mother already (to come)?
13. Where Martin (to go)?
14. Why John (to take) this book?
15. Jane (to be) at the theatre this week?

II. Вставьте, где необходимо, have или has.

1. ... you ever travelled about Russia?
2. My father ... sold his car today.
3. They ... just come back from the beach.
4. ... Molly and Barbara worked in garden?
5. ... Mike already visited his friends?
6. ... it rained this week?
7. ... he helped about the house?
8. You ... called the doctor today.
9. The students ... taken the books from the library this morning.
10. ... Susan worked on the computer lately?
11. ... they skated this month?
12. She ... looked through the letters today.
13. ... they gone on a business trip this year?
14. ... he ever fished in the sea?
15. ... we arrived at the railway station yet?

III. Вставьте предлоги since или for.

1. I haven't bought a new book ... April.
2. We haven't seen our cousin ... ages.
3. His wife has changed a lot ... the last time we met.
4. My daughter hasn't written to me ... my birthday.
5. We have lived her ... many years.
6. It hasn't snowed here ... many years.

7. Our guests have been sailing ... tea-time.
8. We haven't met ... Christmas.
9. We haven't been in the opera ... over a year.
10. I haven't spoken German ... the end of the war.
11. You have kept me waiting ... half an hour!
12. It is about two years ... we last had news of him.
13. It has been several hours ... I had dinner.
14. There hasn't been any war in this country ... over a century.
15. Nothing has been changed here ... the Middle Ages.
16. I have known Jack ... ten years.
17. Jenny hasn't heard from her brother ... last May.
18. We have been ill ... last week.
19. They have opened this room ... ages.
20. Mike hasn't used a computer ... Monday.
21. Sue has been very busy ... the last month.
22. Tom and Bob have been friends ... childhood.
23. You haven't changed much ... our last meeting.
24. They haven't been together ... more than five years.
25. This man has been here ... morning.

IV. Поставьте предложения в Present Perfect и вставьте предлоги since или for.

1. They (own) this house ... 1992.
2. She (borrow) three books a week from the library ... the March.
3. We (not play) tennis ... many years.
4. I (save) some money every payday ... three months.
5. You (visit) your uncle every week – end ... last March.
6. I (not clean) my shoes ... three days.
7. He (not study) English ... many years.
8. It (rain) every Monday ... the beginning of May.
9. She (play) tennis twice a week ... six months.
10. He (borrow) three of my books ... last Saturday.

V. Закончите предложения:

1. I've just
 - умылся
 - накрыл на стол
 - добрался до института
 - пообедал
 - совершил ошибку
 - опоздал на поезд
 - включил телевизор
 - поссорился с ней
 - обсудил этот вопрос

2. He's already посмотрел этот фильм
перевел третий текст
встретил их на станции
проводил её
нашел книгу
прибыл в город
потратил все деньги
ушел
3. She's never работала на фирме
читала книги в оригинале
спорила с ним
переходила улицу на красный свет
готовила обед мужу
вставала рано
путешествовала вокруг света
получала деловые письма
видела достопримечательности Рима
брала чужие вещи
сомневалась в его честности
4. They're always покупали только дешевые вещи
обедали в ресторане
платили наличными
жили в самых роскошных отелях
приглашали гостей на Рождество
делали всю работу по дому сами
читали «Таймс»
гуляли в дождливую погоду
сдавали экзамены успешно
любили петь громко
5. Have you ever гуляли под дождем без зонта?
видели семь чудес света?
наблюдали сильный снегопад?
слышали эту песню?
влюблялись с первого взгляда?
купались в реке зимой?
пробовали манго?
обижали своих родителей?
6. I haven't сказала ему правду
путешествовала по Европе
видела достопримечательности Лондона
видела спектакль
послала ей письмо
нашла свое кольцо
пробовала пирог

написала книгу
говорила с ним
звонила ей
закончила читать книгу
купила билеты

VI. Переведите предложения.

1. Моя сестра не написала мне ни одного письма с тех пор, как уехала за границу.
2. С тех пор, как начался урок, мы сделали уже шесть упражнений.
3. Я не видела Тома с тех пор, как он переехал на новую квартиру.
4. Моя мама не смотрела этот фильм с тех пор, как она училась в университете.
5. Анна похудела на 10 килограммов с тех пор, как она начала играть в теннис.
6. Мы не играли в эту игру с тех пор, как были детьми.
7. Майкл очень расстроен с тех пор, как он получил это известие.
8. Мне нравится это кафе с тех пор, как я впервые здесь пообедала.
9. Профессор Джонс написал три новых учебника с тех пор, как начал работать в этом университете.
10. Мария сильно изменилась с тех пор, как рассталась с мужем.

VII. Present Perfect / Past Simple

Выберите наиболее подходящий вариант: knew

1. I ___ my best friend for ten years.
A. have known
B. has known
C. knew
2. Some baby ___ our car last Sunday.
A. Stole
B. has stolen
C. have stolen
3. I don't want to go to the cinema. I ___ this film.
A. has already seen
B. have already seen
C. already saw
4. – Is Mary at home?
– No, she ____ .
A. has just left
B. have just left
C. just left
5. My brother ___ a lot when he was young.
A. has swum
B. have swum
C. swam

6. Michael ___ to play the piano last year.
 - A. has learnt
 - B. have learnt
 - C. learned
7. – Do you want something to drink?
– No, thanks. I ___ a cup of tea.
 - A. just had
 - B. have just had
 - C. has just had
8. My parents ___ to Germany in 2005.
 - A. went
 - B. has gone
 - C. have gone
9. Sally ___ her relatives for a very long time.
 - A. haven't seen
 - B. didn't see
 - C. hasn't seen
10. I ___ this college since September.
 - A. have attended
 - B. has attended
 - C. attended
11. My sister ___ her ankle yesterday evening.
 - A. twisted
 - B. have twisted
 - C. has twisted
12. Chris ___ a truck before.
 - A. never drove
 - B. has never driven
 - C. hasn't never driven
13. Columbus ___ America in the 15th century.
 - A. has discovered
 - B. have discovered
 - C. discovered
14. ___ diving?
 - A. When did you last went
 - B. When did you last go
 - C. When have you last gone
15. I ___ a letter. Can you past it?
 - A. has just written
 - B. have just written
 - C. just wrote
16. ___ a cherry pie?
 - A. Has your mom ever baked
 - B. Did your mom ever bake
 - C. Have your mom ever baked

17. Mark ___ the car race last year.
A. hasn't won
B. haven't won
C. didn't win
18. – How is Lusy?
– Fine, we ___ her on our way home.
A. has just met
B. have just met
C. just met
19. Sandra ___ her bike yesterday.
A. fell off
B. have fallen off
C. has fallen off
20. ___ their wedding last weekend.
A. did they celebrate
B. have they celebrated
C. has they celebrated
21. She ___ much progress in her career so far.
A. haven't made
B. didn't make
C. hasn't made
22. My uncle ___ anything last month.
A. hasn't earned
B. didn't earn
C. haven't earned
23. Listen to me! ___ with the solution.
A. have just come up
B. have just came up
C. just came up
24. Andy ___ to Japan twice.
A. was
B. has been
C. have been
25. He ___ a good education in London three years ago.
A. have received
B. has received
C. received

PRESENT PERFECT CONTINUOUS TENSE

I. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в Present Perfect Continuous Tense. Образуйте отрицательную и вопросительную форму следующих предложений.

1. I (to do) my homework for half an hour.
2. She (to write) the test for ten minutes.
3. It (to rain) for two hours.
4. They (to wait) for us since seven o'clock.
5. He (to teach) English since 1991.
6. She (to read) a lot lately.
7. How long you (to live) in London?
8. They (to work) since nine o'clock?
9. How many months they (to build) this house?
10. Since when you (to look) for our key?

II. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в Present Perfect или Present Perfect Continuous Tense.

1. I think it's time to wake the baby up. It (sleep) for four hours already.
2. The baby already (sleep). It's time to take it for a walk.
3. I (wait) for him for two hours already! I (wait) long enough.
4. I (write) five letters this evening.
5. Harry (work) part-time for the last two years.
6. We already (work) out a detailed plan.
7. I (read) all of Irving's novels several times.
8. I (read) this novel for the last four days.
9. You (hear) the news? Jane (have) a baby.
10. You (hear) from them regularly?
11. We (try) to find the solution to this conflict for quite a long time.
12. We already (try) this scheme. It's ineffective.
13. I (know) her since childhood.
14. The patient (have) this cough for three week already.
15. It (snow) for a week already.
16. Luke (paint) this portrait for a month.
17. The baby (be) ill since yesterday.
18. Mrs. Clark (try on) hats all morning.
19. I (want) to ask you about it for a long time.
20. They (celebrate) this event for three days already.
21. This house (belong) to my family for more than thirty years.
22. The boys (fight) for an hour already.

III. Test. Present Perfect Continuous.

1. – What are you doing?
– I'm repairing my son's bicycle. I (do) it for two hours.

2. I'll call for ambulance. She (get) weaker and weaker since she had breakfast.
3. Hurry up, John? I'm waiting for you. You (have a bath) for an hour.
4. Who is that man standing on the corner? He (stand) there for the last half an hour.
5. Where is Dad? I (wait) for him since 6 p.m. We are going to be late to the concert.
6. I can't stand it anymore. Those people (quarrel) since breakfast.
7. – Jim works as a sales manager.
– Really?
– He (sell) washing machines for three months.
8. Dora is playing the piano. She (play) the piano since I came.
9. Aren't you going to tell me what (you/do) in my absence?
10. How long you (sit) here?
11. Michael, I (try) to get you all day!
12. I'll go and wash my eyes. I don't want my husband to see I (cry).
13. The amount of crime (increase) for the last ten years and we can't stop this process.

IV. Present Perfect / Present Perfect Continuous.

1. He knows Africa well because he (travel) a lot there.
A. has been travelling
B. has travelled
2. You (write) this composition for two hours and can't complete it.
A. have been writing
B. have written
3. – John is still repairing his car.
– He must be tired. He (repair) it all day.
A. has repaired
B. has been repairing
4. Alice promised to come, but she's absent. Something (happen) to her.
A. has been happening
B. has happened
5. The children are drawing. They (draw) since they came home.
A. have been drawing
B. have drawn
6. ... they (tell) anything about their summer plans?
A. Have they been telling
B. Have they told
7. My aunt (have) the big house in the country.
A. has always been having
B. has always had

8. He (not smoke) for two weeks. He is trying to give it up.
 A. has not smoked
 B. has not been smoking
9. We (miss) the bus. Now we'll have to walk.
 A. have been missing
 B. have missed
10. You (book) your hotel room yet?
 A. Have ... booked?
 B. Have ... been booking?

V. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в одном из времен: Present Indefinite, Present Continuous, Present Perfect, Present Perfect Continuous.

1. Her children (to be) in the yard. They (to play) football now. They (to play) it since ten o'clock.
2. She (to speak) English well. She (to study) it for five years. Listen! She (to speak) to her teacher.
3. His son just (return) home. He (to be) dirty. He (to play) volley-ball.
4. – Where David (to be)?
 – He (to be) in the library. He (to work) there at the moment.
 – How long he (to be) there?
 – He (to work) for three hours.
5. – Why she (to look) tired?
 – She (to work) all night.
6. – Since when they (to wait) for us?
 – They (to wait) for half an hour. We (to be) late.
7. My sister (to drive) a car. She (to learn) to drive for two months.
8. – Beth (to be) busy this morning, hasn't she?
 – Yes. She already (to write) some letters and (to interview) four people.
9. Julia already (to return) home. She always (to come) home at this time. She (to do) her lessons. She (to do) them since three o'clock.
10. My baby (to sleep) at the moment. My baby (to sleep) for two hours.
11. Peter (to write) letters now. He (to write) since seven o'clock. He (not finish) writing yet.
12. – What they (to do) now?
 – They (to discuss) a very important problem. They (to discuss) it for two hours; but they (not to reach) the agreement yet.
13. I never (to suppose) that he can cook. He (to be) in the kitchen now. He (to cook) for an hour and he already (to prepare) some tasty dishes.
14. The weather (to be) fine today. There (to be) no clouds in the sky, the warm wind (to blow). The sun (to shine) since early morning.
15. – Where (to be) the pupils?
 – They (to be) in the garden now. They (to plant) and (to water) the trees. They already (to plant) twenty trees.

16. – You (to decide) where to go tonight?
 – I (to think) about it since eight o'clock but (not to take) the decision yet.
17. – Where my purse (to be)?
 – You (to put) it into your bag.
18. – Why you (not like) this woman?
 – I (to hate) her since I met.
19. He (to work) as a translator for already five years.
20. I can say nothing about this ballet as I (not to see) it.

VI. Переведите на русский язык, употребляя глаголы в форме Present Perfect Continuous.

1. Я просматриваю статьи с шести утра.
2. Он играет в футбол с детства.
3. Она разговаривает по телефону уже почти час.
4. – Как долго вы изучаете английский язык?
 – Я изучаю этот язык уже три года.
5. Они уже полтора часа обсуждают этот вопрос.
6. Дети смотрят телевизор уже четыре часа?
7. Он думает о ней целый день.
8. – Как долго она ждет автобус?
 – Она ждет его уже четверть часа.
9. Мы обсуждаем план работы с пяти часов.
10. – С какого времени вы работаете в библиотеке?
 – Я работаю тут с утра.
11. Ребята ссорятся уже 20 минут.
12. – Как долго дети играют на улице?
 – Они играют с десяти утра.
13. Сегодня с утра идет дождь.
14. Он живет в Лондоне уже 10 лет.
15. Кто из ваших друзей работает в больнице с 1995 года?

VII. Раскройте скобки, употребив глаголы в форме Present Perfect или Present Perfect Continuous.

1. I (teach) him for two years and I (not teach) him anything! He is absolutely hopeless!
2. We (walk) about the forest for three hours already but we (not find) a single mushroom.
3. Kate (shop) since morning but she (not buy) anything.
4. Charles (learn) only a few Spanish words although, he (learn) Spanish for three months.

5. Mr. Robinson (make) calculations for our company for five years already and he never (make) mistakes.

6. This team (play) football for seven years but they (not win) a single match.

7. Although the jurors (discuss) the case for six hours they (not come) to an agreement.

8. Matt (translate) this article for three hours but he (translate) only two paragraphs.

9. The chairman (speak) for twenty minutes but he (not touch) upon a single serious point! There is no end to it!

10. The maid (clean) this room for an hour but she (do) only half the work. The new guest is extremely untidy!

PAST INDEFINITE TENSE

I. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глагол в Past Indefinite Tense.

1. The pupils (to run) a race at the stadium last week.
2. Their family (to go) to the seaside a month ago.
3. Mag (to do) the shopping yesterday evening.
4. They (to listen) to music at the concert hall yesterday.
5. She (to stay) at a hotel last June.
6. Bat (to water) the flowers an hour ago.
7. We (to travel) by sea last summer.
8. She (to try) on a white dress at the shop yesterday.
9. He (to buy) black shoes three days ago.
10. Alice (to knit) a warm sweater last month.
11. We (to arrive) in Moscow yesterday evening.
12. I (to answer) his questions a minute ago.
13. Billy (to drink) a cup of coffee an hour ago.
14. The child (to tell) lies a minute ago.
15. I (to send) a telegram to my granny last week.

II. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в форме Present или Past Indefinite.

1. His mother (to be) a housewife.
2. They (to be) happy to see you now?
3. You write the test yesterday.
4. She (not to go) to school. She (to be) ill.
5. – His brother (to come) yesterday?
– No, he (not come). He (to be) busy.
6. They (to have) a nice weekend last week.
7. Yesterday he (to get) home (to take) his dog for a walk.
8. – You often (to go) to the theatre?
– Not very often. Usually we (to go) there once a month.
9. – Why Susan (not to notice) us last night?
– We (to be) in the shadow and she (not to see) us.
10. What animals you (to like) better: cats or dogs?
11. – She (to buy) a new dress two days ago?
– No? She (not to buy) it.
12. – What your sister (to do) every Sunday?
– She (to meet) with her friends.
13. He (not to understand) the teacher at the last lesson.
14. Last month we (to move) to other place.
15. She (to be) ill now. She (to eat) an ice-cream yesterday.
16. – They (to sell) their house a week ago?
– I (not know).

17. My granny often (to forget) her spectacles in her room when she (to leave) the house.

18. Can you tell me what the weather (to be) like?

19. I (to be) in this town last year.

20. Her daughter (to draw) very well.

III. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в форме Present Perfect или в Past Indefinite. Переведите предложения на русский язык.

1. We just (to come) home but our children (to come) home an hour ago.

2. I already (to come) from school. Now I am having dinner.

3. You (to write) a letter to your friend today?

4. You (to send) him a telegram last week?

5. She never (to drive) a car before.

6. He (to read) the text and now he can retell it.

7. Jane (not to be) at the cinema this week.

8. Don't you know who (to open) the door?

9. Five years ago he (to be) a typist.

10. – When he (to see) you?

– He (to see) me this week.

11. It's the best thing he ever (to make).

12. – Where I (to put) my bag?

– I can't find it.

13. We (to see) her twice today.

14. I am happy. I just (to receive) a letter from my friend.

15. – When they (to move) to a new flat?

– They (to move) there last month.

16. – Somebody (to telephone) me?

– Your mother (to telephone) you three times this morning.

17. They (to live) in France in 1970.

18. – When it (to stop) raining?

– It (to stop) raining two hours ago.

19. The wind (to stop) blowing and the weather is getting warmer.

20. He (to stop) smoking some years ago.

IV. Переведите на русский язык, употребляя Past Indefinite Tense.

1. Ей понравилось представление.

2. На прошлой неделе было очень холодно.

3. Я встретил их у моего друга дома.

4. Кто-нибудь звонил мне, пока меня не было?

5. Мы не получили её ответ вчера.

6. Я отправил письма своим друзьям вчера.

7. У меня не было времени делать эту работу.

8. Я читал этот журнал вчера.

9. Ему не понравился этот фильм.
10. Он приходил к тебе вчера?
11. Они провели каникулы в Лондоне.
12. Он сдал экзамен по английскому в понедельник.

V. Переведите на русский язык, употребляя глаголы в форме Present Perfect или в Past Indefinite.

1. – Ты уже прочитал эту статью?
– Нет, я только начал читать её.
2. – Когда он приехал в Киев?
– Он приехал сюда вчера вечером.
3. Он никогда не видел это представление, но много читал о нем в газетах.
4. – Когда твой друг вернулся домой?
– Вчера в семь часов вечера он вернулся.
5. – Когда ты играл в теннис в последний раз?
– Я уже давно не играл в теннис.
6. Строительство этого дома началось прошлой весной.
7. – Когда твой брат последний раз писал тебе?
– Он не писал мне с этой зимы.
8. – Она была во Франции?
– Нет, она никогда не была в этой стране.
9. – Когда вы купили новую квартиру?
– Мы купили её месяц назад.
10. Почему ты до сих пор не познакомил свою девушку с родителями?
11. Вчера мы были у доктора, и он осмотрел меня.
12. Когда она вышла из комнаты, она выключила свет.
13. – Сколько раз вы были в этой стране?
– Я был в ней дважды.
14. Мы живем в этом районе с тех пор, как переехали сюда.
15. – Какое впечатление произвела на тебя эта статья?
– Я еще не читала её.
16. – Ты читал газеты в последнее время?
– Нет, я был очень занят.
17. Мой лучший друг переехал в другой город три месяца назад.
18. Я не видел его около месяца.
19. – Вы уже видели этот фильм?
– Да, я видел его на прошлой неделе.
20. – Когда вы встречались со своей двоюродной сестрой?
– Мы встречались с ней на прошлой неделе.

VI. Заполните пропуски в таблице (А), учитывая, что данные глаголы звучат и пишутся одинаково в 1, 2 и 3 форме; вставьте подходящие по смыслу глаголы в пропуски (В); переведите предложения (С).

А.

<i>cut</i>	<i>cut</i>	<i>cut</i>	<i>резать</i>
	burst		взрываться
		cost	
	spread		распространять, распространяться
			класть
	let		
hit			
		hurt	
set			устанавливать

В. It was their wedding anniversary, and Mike decided to make a surprise party for his wife. He bought first-class champagne which ____ him a fortune. He ____ the table for dinner. He ____ a new table cloth and lit candles. He ____ a vase with beautiful roses in the middle of the table. Mike is not much of a cook, that's why he just ____ fruit and arranged it artificially on a plate. He ____ Mary come in only when everything was ready. After a short speech he took the bottle and began opening it. But Mary straight in the forehead. It ____ so much that Mary ____ out crying. All the party was ruined.

С. 1. Я порезала палец ножом. 2. Они положили все деньги в сейф.
3. Мне было очень больно. 4. Он позволил мне воспользоваться своим телефоном. 5. Смит ударил по мячу и забил (scored) гол.
6. На распродаже эта сумка стоила всего сто долларов.
7. Я установил точное время на моих новых часах.

Заполните пропуски в таблице (А); вставьте подходящие по смыслу глаголы в пропуски (В); переведите предложения (С).

А.

<i>beat</i>	<i>beat</i>	<i>beaten</i>	<i>бить</i>
bite	bit		кусать
	gave		
forgive			прощать
forbid	forbade		запрещать
	rode	ridden	ездить верхом
rise			подниматься
		written	
drive		driven	
	hid		прятать
	ate		есть

B. Bill and Hank were two old friends who badly needed money. They decided to kidnap a rich man's child and demand a ransom. They ____ up to Mr. Dorset's house and caught his boy. The boy fought furiously. He Bill by the hand and kicked Hank in the stomach but still the kidnappers took him away. They ____ him to leave it. Surprisingly, the boy was quite happy! He was really enjoying himself: he ____ Hank at cards, ____ Bill as if the man was a horse and ____ all the best food the two friends had. He really: ____ the men a hard time. The kidnappers ____ a letter to Mr. Dorset asked for a ransom. But Mr. Dorset who knew his son too well replied that he ____ them and was ready to take his son back if they paid him some money. And indeed, the kidnappers soon gave up. One evening they brought the protesting boy back to his father's house and left him there.

Before the sun ____ they were already far away from that place.

C. 1. Эта собака укусила меня за руку. 2. Каждый вечер дети катались на пони в парке. 3. Солнце встало в 5 часов. 4. Когда он все ей объяснил, она простила его. 5. Торт был очень вкусный, и каждый из нас съел по два больших куска. 6. Наш начальник запретил нам пользоваться служебным телефоном для частных звонков. 7. Мальчик написал свое первое стихотворение, когда ему было всего три года. 8. Мы поехали в центр города. 9. Мы спрятали подарки под новогодней елкой. 10. Он побил своего младшего брата. 11. Он дал мне хороший совет.

PAST CONTINUOUS TENSE

I. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в форме Past Continuous.

1. I (to read) a book at two o'clock.
2. They (to write) the test at this time yesterday.
3. He (to work) in the garden from two till three o'clock.
4. We (to watch) TV the whole evening.
5. You (to play) football at six o'clock?
6. You (to drink) tea at seven o'clock?
7. He (to draw) from three till four o'clock?
8. Who (to listen) to the radio at this time?
9. It (to rain) the whole day yesterday?
10. They (to skate) at three o'clock?
11. You (not to sleep) at nine o'clock last night.
12. I (not to write) a letter to my granny at eight o'clock.
13. She (not to help) mother about the house from three till five.
14. George (to do) his lessons the whole evening?
15. He (to speak) in a low voice.

II. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в форме Present Continuous или Past Continuous.

1. What you (to do) from seven till nine yesterday?
2. – What she (to drink) now?
– She (to drink) juice.
3. Nick (to draw) a picture when I saw him.
4. Who (to stand) near the door now?
5. When I looked through the window, the sun (to shine) but the wind (to blow).
6. What they (to discuss) at the moment?
7. It (to snow) when I left my house yesterday.
8. – Robert (to have) dinner now?
– No, he (to read) a book.
9. Our children (to make) noise the whole evening yesterday.
10. What they (to speak) about when I (to enter) the room?
11. He (to look) for his keys at the moment.
12. Look! Somebody (to swim) across the river.
13. He (to go) to the office when I met him in the street.
14. She (to read) a book while I was watching TV.
15. My friend (to wait) for a bus when I saw him at the bus stop.

III. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в форме Past Indefinite или Past Continuous.

1. When my father (to come) home, I (to have) dinner.
2. When Alice (to return), I (to listen) to the radio.

3. When mother (to enter) his room, he (to draw) a picture.
4. When my sister (to come) in, I (to do) my lessons.
5. When her aunt (to air) the room, she (to catch) cold.
6. The telephone (to ring) when I (to leave) the house.
7. When I (to meet) her, she (to go) to the office.
8. He (to wash) his face when somebody (to knock) at the door.
9. The young people (to dance) when I (to come) to the party.
10. When she (to wash) the dishes, she (to break) a plate.
11. When I (to ring) him, he (to learn) the rule.
12. When she (to play) in the yard, she (to see) her mother.
13. Her son (to fall) when he (to climb) up the tree.
14. When they (to see) their children, they (to play).
15. When I (to enter) the bar, I (to see) that they (to drink) coffee.
16. When he (to do) his homework, he (to make) a lot of mistakes.
17. When the teacher (to come) into the classroom, all the pupils (to sit) at the desks.
18. When I (to watch) TV, the phone (to ring).
19. When she (to drive) her car, she (to feel) a headache.
20. We (to make) the beds when Jane (to open) the door.

IV. Раскройте скобки, употребив глаголы в форме Past Indefinite или Past Continuous.

1. When I (wake) up, Mother already (cook) breakfast.
2. When we (go) out, it rain hard.
3. They drive along the highway when the accident (happen).
4. My friend (have) an English lesson when I (call) him.
5. We (watch) TV when the light (go out).
6. When I (come) to the railway station, the train just (arrive).
7. When we last (see) her, she (get into) some car.
8. When Jane (come) into her bedroom, she (see) that her daughter (try on) her new dress.
9. When she (call) me, I (sleep).
10. We just (discuss) his new girlfriend when he (enter) the office.

V. Переведите предложения.

1. Мы уже возвращались домой, когда пошёл дождь.
2. Когда его самолёт приземлился, мы уже ждали его в аэропорту.
3. Я встретила его, когда делала покупки в супермаркете.
4. Компьютер сломался, когда мы работали с этой новой программой.
5. Катя разбила эту тарелку, когда накрывала на стол.
6. Алиса испортила свое новое платье, когда гладила его.
7. Мой друг рассказал мне эту новость, когда мы обсуждали последние события.
8. Девочка упала, когда перебежала дорогу.

5. My wife (to be) in her room now. She (to sit) in the armchair and (to read) an interesting book. I (to want) to read this book, too.
6. – Where she (to be) yesterday?
– She (to visit) her friend. They (to play) chess the whole evening.
7. – What they (to do) the whole day last Sunday?
– They (to spend) the whole day in the country.
8. When I (to look) out of the window, I (to see) that it (to snow) and everything (to be) covered with snow.
9. – Somebody (to talk) in the next room?
– No, nobody (to talk). My son (to watch) TV now.
10. – Why he (not to go) to school yesterday?
– He (to be) ill. He (to stay) in bed the whole day.
11. – You (to work), when I phoned you last night?
– Yes, I (to work).
12. Every day she (to return) home, (to have) dinner and (to rest). But yesterday she (not to rest) after dinner, she (to work) at her report the whole evening.
13. – Why they (to sit) here now?
– They (to wait) for their doctor. The doctor (to be) late.
14. Yesterday (to be) a typical summer day, the sun (to beat) down, the sky (to be) cloudless.
15. Yesterday, when he (to open) the door, he (to understand) that he (to do) it with a wrong key.

VIII. Past Indefinite / Past Continuous

Выберите наиболее подходящий вариант:

1. I ____ to be a pilot when I was young.
 - A. was wanting
 - B. wanted
 - C. was wanted
2. The train ____ on time yesterday.
 - A. arrived
 - B. was arrive
 - C. was arriving
3. Why ____ for so long yesterday?
 - A. did the baby cry
 - B. did the baby crying
 - C. was the baby crying
4. We were in a difficult situation. We ____ what to do.
 - A. didn't know
 - B. were not knowing
 - C. not know

5. He usually meets his sister on Fridays but he _____ her last Friday.
 - A. wasn't visiting
 - B. didn't visit
 - C. weren't visiting
6. What _____ at 6 p. m. yesterday?
 - A. did you do
 - B. were you doing
 - C. was you doing
7. Where _____ when I met you yesterday?
 - A. were you going
 - B. did you going
 - C. did you went
8. Kate _____ along the country road when her car broke down.
9. The firm went bankrupt and I _____ my job.
 - A. was losing
 - B. losing
 - C. lost
10. I felt sick yesterday. I _____ something rotten.
 - A. was eating
 - B. ate
 - C. were eating
11. Which exams _____ at school?
 - A. did you took
 - B. were you taking
 - C. did you take
12. We _____ climbing in the mountains last summer.
 - A. went
 - B. were going
 - C. did go
13. Kelly _____ near the river at 4 p.m. yesterday.
 - A. were sunbathing
 - B. was sunbathing
 - C. sunbathed
14. The bike is ok now. My dad _____ it yesterday.
 - A. repaired
 - B. were repairing
 - C. was repair
15. The editor of the magazine _____ to print the article.
 - A. wasn't allowing
 - B. weren't allowing
 - C. didn't allow

16. Darrel couldn't find his old hat. His sister _____ it away long time ago.
A. was throwing
B. threw
C. threw
17. Greg _____ in a test when his teacher noticed it.
A. was cheating
B. cheated
C. was cheat
18. I _____ for the way out of the centre but couldn't find it.
A. looked
B. was looking
C. were looking
19. Titanic _____ in the Atlantic many years ago.
A. was sinking
B. sank
C. sank
20. When _____ lobsters?
A. did you last eat
B. was you last eating
C. did you last eating
21. My grandma _____ apple trees while she lived in the country.
A. were planting
B. was planting
C. planted
22. Agatha Christie _____ a lot of detective stories.
A. wrote
B. were writing
C. was writing
23. Why is the dog so hungry? I _____ it yesterday night.
A. wasn't feeding
B. didn't fed
C. didn't feed
24. At the time Jack returned home from England his father _____ in the Baltic Sea.
A. sailed
B. were sailing
C. was sailing
25. Madonna _____ popular when she was young.
A. was becoming
B. became
C. was become

PAST PERFECT TENSE

I. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в форме Past Perfect.

1. I (to translate) the text before the bell.
2. She (to do) her lessons by the evening.
3. He (to clean) his room by five o'clock.
4. We (to speak) to him before the meeting.
5. Mother (to cook) dinner by seven.
6. Her son (not to do) the home task by nine o'clock.
7. She (not to make) a dress before the party.
8. What they (to do) by three o'clock?
9. Who (not to write) the exercise before the bell?
10. Why you (not to sweep) the floor before your mother's coming?
11. Your child (to go) to bed by ten o'clock?
12. You (to reach) your house before the sunset?
13. They (to receive) the telegram by this time?
14. Why they (not to have) lunch by twelve o'clock?
15. We (to have) dinner by eight o'clock.

II. Переведите на английский язык, употребляя глаголы в форме Past Perfect.

1. Мы сделали уроки до прихода отца.
2. Я поужинал до девяти часов.
3. Он не выучил стихотворение до вечера.
4. Они развели костер до заката солнца.
5. Дежурный вытер доску до прихода учителя.
6. Я не перевел статью до утра.
7. Дети заснули до десяти часов?
8. Почему он не отослал письмо до праздника?
9. Кто закончил работу до шести часов вечера?
10. Мы проснулись до восхода солнца.
11. Я приготовила пирог к приходу гостей.
12. Игра началась раньше четырех часов?
13. До трех часов я просмотрел все документы.
14. Почему они не пришли к обеду?
15. До 1990 года он был врачом.

III. Вставьте предлоги after, when, by, by the time, before, until.

1. My parents had eaten the dinner ... I got home.
2. He had been a worker ... he became a businessman.
3. Bill had already left ... we got there.
4. ... the guests had left I went to bed.
5. Where did your sister work ... she had graduated from the University?
6. Her eyes were red ... she had cried.

7. I had never seen any of his paintings ... I visited the art museum.
8. The train hadn't left yet ... they came to the station.
9. Ann hadn't come to Paris ... the end of May.
10. I went to the chemist's ... I had visited my sick friend.
11. Nick had studied French ... he entered the University.
12. I had seen a new Italian film ... the news.
13. He went to London ... she had learnt English.
14. We had finished all preparation ... the guests came.
15. ... the end of last month they hadn't completed the experiment yet.

IV. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в форме Past Indefinite или Past Perfect.

1. When the police (to arrive), the car (to go).
2. When she (to get) to the shop, it (to close).
3. The train (to leave) when he (to come) to the station.
4. We (to eat) everything by the time he (to arrive) at the party.
5. I (know) that he (not learn) the poem.
6. When they (to leave) the beach, the rain already (to start).
7. She (not to know) that we already (to arrive).
8. When I (to come), I (to see) that mother (to cook) dinner.
9. My friend (to study) English before he (to enter) the institute.
10. The car (to go) when I (to look) into the street.
11. He (to take) the decision before I (to come).
12. Nick (to return) from office by seven o'clock.
13. We (to get) to the stadium at four o'clock but the game already (to start).
14. He (to be) sure that we (not to recognize) him.
15. She (to telephoned) him three times but he (to leave) the city.
16. Alan (to hope) that they (not to come) yet.
17. When he (to find) his purse, somebody (to take) money.
18. You (get) home before it (to start) raining?
19. Jenny (to have) dinner before mother (to come)?
20. It (to be) my first time I (to fly).
21. Martin (to go) to the park before you (to arrive)?
22. He (to tell) he already (to pay) a fine.
23. The principal (to be angry) when he (to see) that pupils (not to leave) the classroom yet.
24. When I (to open) the door, I (to see) that he (to look) as if just (to wake) up.
25. It (to be) the first time he (to jump) with parachute.
26. She (to have no) doubt that I (to make) a great mistake.
27. It (to be) the second time she (to make) that mistake.
28. They (to be) surprised when they (to understand) that he (to give) them a false name.
29. After I (to mix) my colours, I (to started) to paint.
30. I (to tell) him that I (never, to smoke).

V. Test. Past Perfect / Past Indefinite.

1. I (to wake) up early and got out of bed.
 - A. woke up
 - B. had woken up
2. I got out of bed an hour later I (to wake) up.
 - A. woke up
 - B. had woken up
3. We were late. The meeting (to start) an hour before.
 - A. started
 - B. had started
4. She was the most delightful person I (ever/to meet).
 - A. ever met
 - B. had ever met
5. That morning she (to dress), (to phone) somebody, and went out.
 - A. dressed A. phoned
 - B. had dressed B. had phoned
6. That morning she went out after she (to phone) somebody.
 - A. phoned
 - B. had phoned
7. He was tired because he (work) hard in the garden all day.
 - A. worked
 - B. had worked
8. The sun (to set), it (to get) dark, and we went home.
 - A. set, got
 - B. had set, got
9. The Hills were in a hurry, but they (to take) a taxi and managed to arrive exactly on time.
 - A. took
 - B. had taken
10. The Hills managed to arrive exactly on time because they (to take) a taxi.
 - A. took
 - B. had taken
11. He said he (to break) lamp post.
 - A. broke
 - B. had broken
12. We asked Peter to come with us, but he refused. He (already/to promise) to play football with his friends.
 - A. already promised
 - B. had already promised
13. I saw a nice kitten when I (to open) the basket.
 - A. opened
 - B. had opened
14. After I (to write) all my letters, I went to the kitchen to make coffee.
 - A. wrote
 - B. had written.

15. She (hardly/finish) speaking over the phone when the telephone rang again.
 A. hardly finished
 B. had hardly finished

VI. Переведите на русский язык, употребляя глаголы в форме Past Perfect или Past Indefinite.

1. Я неожиданно вспомнил, что забыл позвонить маме.
2. Он не знал, кто послал ему это письмо.
3. Сестра сказала, что посмотрела интересный фильм.
4. Он открыл глаза и увидел, что солнце уже взошло.
5. Где она училась до того, как пришла работать в наш офис?
6. Я закончил переводить статью до семи часов.
7. Он не заметил, что забыл часы.
8. Мы не знали, что она звонила поздно.
9. Моя племянница была счастлива, что получила такой хороший подарок.
10. Что они рассказали вам до того, как я пришел?
11. До того времени я уже убрала все комнаты и полила цветы.
12. – Когда она пришла?
 – Она пришла, когда мы уже поужинали.
13. Мои родители были рады, когда услышали, что я сдал экзамен.
14. Ученик сказал, что не выучил урок.
15. Когда я увидел, что кто-то украл мой кошелек, я позвонил в полицию.

VII. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в форме Present Perfect, Past Indefinite, Past Continuous, Past Perfect.

1. They are happy because their child (to enter) the University.
2. It (to be) great to see her last week.
3. Sorry I (not to phone) you earlier.
4. He was sorry to hear that you (not to come) in time.
5. We hoped they (to get) home before the rain (to start).
6. I am glad he already (to return) from his business trip.
7. Whenever I (to drive) past that restaurant, there always (to be) a lot of people.
8. You ever (to be) to an open-air concern?
9. My parents were angry because I (not to pass) my exam.
10. His brother told him that he (to eat) all the fruit which he (to buy).
11. At this time two weeks ago we (to lie) on the beach.
12. Beth (to become) pale when she heard the news.
13. I (not to be) impressed with his new car when I (to see) it yesterday.
14. Yesterday when I (to look) out of my window, I (to see) that my children (to run) in the garden.
15. I (to read) all the articles before mother (to come).

PAST PERFECT CONTINUOUS TENSE

I. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в форме Past Perfect Continuous Tense.

1. I (to do) my lessons for an hour when my parents came.
2. He was tired as he (to play) tennis for seven hours.
3. She (to sleep) for two hours when we returned.
4. It (to rain) for half an hour when I left home.
5. The weather was cold as the severe wind (to blow) since yesterday.
6. Who (to wait) for you at the station for a quarter of an hour when you arrived?
7. How long you (to watch) television when your mother entered your room?
8. She (to take) the bath for ten minutes when I rang her.
9. They (to swim) in the swimming-pool when mother appeared.
10. Since when you (to clean) your flat when your granny came home?

II. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в форме Past Perfect или Past Perfect Continuous.

1. They (to discuss) this question for an hour when I came into the room.
2. We (to be) in Paris for three days when our father called on.
3. I (to wait) for this letter for a month when the postman brought me it.
4. Only she dared to tell him the truth, as she (to know) him for many years.
5. They (to be) married for ten years when I met them.
6. My sister (to unpack) her things for half an hour when her friend rang her.
7. They left the flat where they (to live) for twenty years.
8. She (to be) in her room for two hours when somebody knocked the door.
9. He (to serve) in this house for six years when the war began.
10. The pupils (to write) the test for twenty minutes when their teacher left the classroom.
11. My friend was angry, as somebody (to ring) him all night. I didn't like the house, even though I (to live) in it for many years.
12. Robby (practice) the high jump for two hours but he (not make) a single successful attempt.
13. Professor Hendrix said he (do) research in the field for years but he never (come across) such an interesting document.
14. Roger realized the machine (go) out of order, which was a surprise as he (use) it for a long time and knew that it was a very reliable model.
15. We all knew that James (smoke) for years, but he never (have) serious problems with his health.
16. The maid said she (polish) the floor all morning but she (do) only half the work so far.
17. Nick wrote in his letter that it (snow) in the area for two weeks and snow (cover) some houses up to the roof.

18. The chairman said that the Committee (debate) the issue for a long time but (not come) to a definite conclusion so far.

19. Grandfather said he (work) in the garden for an hour only but he already (plant) more than a hundred onions.

20. Michael said he (wear) glasses since school and although he (try) to improve his eyesight several times nothing (help) so far.

21. Mrs. Collins said that she (reach) for thirty years but she never (have) such a good class as ours.

III. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в форме Past Indefinite, Past Perfect, Past Perfect Continuous.

1. He (to work) there some time when that dreadful accident (to happen).
2. He told us they (to live) in this district since they had left Paris.
3. Obviously she was affronted because she (not to be taken) fully into her husband's confidence.
4. The poor woman complained she (to have) trouble with her eldest son for a long time.
5. The waiter assured me that he (to look) for the watch everywhere.
6. They (to walk) in the garden for an hour when the storm broke out.
7. The old lady (to be) sound asleep when the shell exploded.
8. When we (to come) home, we (to find) that someone (to break) into the garage and (to steal) the car.
9. The young girl who (to look) at me ever since I (to come) into the room, suddenly (to rise) and (to leave).
10. How your boss (to find) out that you (to come) to work so late?
11. By that time twins already (to sleep) for two hours.
12. When they (to open) the safe they (to find) that someone already (to take) the documents.

IV. Test. Past Indefinite / Past Continuous / Past Perfect Continuous/ Past Perfect.

1. I (talk) over the phone when they brought me the letter.
 - A. talked
 - B. had talked
 - C. had been talking
 - D. was talking
2. They (to sit) in the room when the taxi arrived.
 - A. sat
 - B. had sat
 - C. had been sitting
 - D. were sitting

3. He quickly forgot everything he (to learn) at school.
 - A. learnt
 - B. had learnt
 - C. had been learning
 - D. was learning
4. I visited Brazil in April. I (to stay) at a nice hotel for a fortnight.
 - A. stayed
 - B. had stayed
 - C. had been staying
 - D. was staying
5. I (to stay) at the hotel for a fortnight when I received your letter.
 - A. stayed
 - B. had stayed
 - C. had been staying
 - D. was staying
6. The musician (to play) the piano for a whole hour when we came in.
 - A. played
 - B. had played
 - C. had been played
 - D. was playing
7. Alice closed the magazine and rose from the sofa on which she (to lie) for more than two hours.
8. We (to walk) along a forest road for two hours when we saw a house.
 - A. walked
 - B. had walked
 - C. had been walking
 - D. were walking
9. A man (to be) unconscious for a few minutes when an ambulance arrived.
 - A. was
 - B. had been
 - C. had being
 - D. were
10. I (to talk) over the phone for a whole hour when the porter knocked at the door.
 - A. talked
 - B. had talked
 - C. had been talking
 - D. was talking
11. I hardly (to finish) speaking with a porter when the phone rang again.
 - A. finished
 - B. had hardly finished
 - C. had been finishing
 - D. was finishing

FUTURE INDEFINITE TENSE

I. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в форме Future Indefinite.

1. I (to see) them next Saturday.
2. They (to be) here tomorrow.
3. We (to have) the test in a week.
4. She (to spend) holidays in the country.
5. The journey (to take) three hours.
6. I (to open) the door for you.
7. I (to go) to school tomorrow?
8. They (to come) back next week?
9. We (to leave) Moscow this evening?
10. You (to wait) for me?
11. Nick (to finish) school next year?
12. She (to agree) with you?
13. I (not to swim) tomorrow.
14. He (not to play) in the garden.
15. The weather (not be) fine on Sunday.
16. We (not to be) busy in the evening.
17. Sue (not to get) passport next year.
18. Why your father (to help) you?
19. When she (to study) English?
20. When you (to go) to the cinema?

II. Вставьте необходимые союзы if, when, before, after, while, till, until, as soon as, as long as, unless в предложения.

1. ... he gets the money now; he will spend it all at once.
2. We'll start ... it stops raining.
3. ... it rain hard, we'll find shelter somewhere.
4. I am sure you'll like the melody ... you hear it.
5. ... you drive so fast, I'll get out of your car.
6. Make sure you put the house in order ... I come back.
7. We're going to be late ... we take a taxi.
8. The children will go to bed only ... they have a glass of milk.
9. Make hay ... the sun shines.
10. We'll speak about it ... the lecture is over.
11. Don't look at me ... I speak ... you do it, I'll feel nervous.
12. ... offer him the job; I'm sure he'll take it.
13. You can interrupt me ... you feel like.
14. ... he tries to pull my leg, I'll understand it.
15. We'll feel safe ... you stay with us.
16. ... the dinner is cooked; we'll sit down and eat.
17. ... her mother knows the truth she'll be angry.

18. Don't forget to lock the door ... you go to bed.
19. They'll arrive on time ... something unexpected.
20. I'll never give up my job; ... I find a better one.

III. Переведите предложения, употребляя Future Indefinite.

1. На следующей неделе начнется новый фильм.
2. Я позвоню им немного позже.
3. Что мы подарим ей на день рождения?
4. Прогноз погоды сообщает, что завтра будет метель.
5. Она сдаст последний экзамен через несколько дней.
6. Я проведу вас по центру Лондона и покажу достопримечательности.
7. В следующем семестре в нашей группе будет на два студента больше.
8. Она не зайдет к нам в воскресенье.
9. Здесь очень жарко, открыть окно?
10. Не уходите. Сейчас будет что-то интересное.
11. Моя беседа займет полчаса, а затем я отвечу на ваши вопросы.
12. Не волнуйся! Я достану тебе билеты.
13. Возможно, он опоздает на пять минут.
14. Куда мы пойдем после занятий?
15. Не бойся мою собаку, она тебя не укусит.
16. Я знаю, что у вас сегодня будет на обед.
17. Я буду писать тебе письма каждый день.
18. Они поедут в Крым в августе.
19. Я полечу в Великобританию самолетом.
20. Этот врач будет лечить вашего отца.

IV. Переведите предложения на русский язык, употребляя Future Indefinite или Present Indefinite.

1. Когда я приду домой, я позвоню тебе.
2. Если я увижу его завтра, я отдам ему эту книгу.
3. Он обрадуется, если мы скажем ему об этом.
4. Мы поедем в Париж на следующей неделе, поэтому мы покупаем билеты сейчас.
5. Я надеюсь, что они завтра будут дома.
6. – Когда он позвонит?
– Он позвонит, как только у него будет время.
7. Завтра моя сестра пойдет в кино, если купит билеты.
8. Если вы пойдете за покупками, купите мне кофе.
9. Когда она придет в школу, она будет внимательно слушать учителя на уроке.
10. Они согласятся, если мы пригласим их в театр.
11. Отправьте мне письмо, если поедете в Германию.
12. Если найдешь мои ключи, верни их мне.

13. Через неделю мы поедem на море. Мы будем плавать, если вода не будет холодной.
14. Все будут удивлены, если он поступит в институт.
15. Никто не будет с тобой разговаривать, если ты будешь грубым.

V. Выберите правильный ответ.

1. Don't post Ann's invitation. I _____ her at work tomorrow, so I'll give it to her.
- A) will be seeing B) will see
2. Behave yourself or else I _____ you to the circus tomorrow.
- A) won't be taking B) won't take
3. Our cherry trees _____ in the spring.
- A) will bloom B) will have bloomed
4. Oh, Jenny. I _____ lunch with Sally this afternoon. Do you want to join us?
- A) will be having B) will have
5. A: I'm going to invite the Johnsons over for a barbecue next Saturday.
B: Don't bother, they _____ to Paris next year.
- A) will go B) are going
6. She hopes she _____ a letter from Cindy soon.
- A) will receive B) will be receiving

FUTURE CONTINUOUS TENSE

I. Раскройте скобки, употребляя Future Continuous Tense.

1. I (to watch) TV all evening.
2. She (to work) at home the whole day tomorrow.
3. They (to stay) at a new hotel.
4. He (to live) in London for the next few weeks.
5. Beth (to write) a letter at that time.
6. You (to do) your home task all these days?
7. Dan (to enjoy) the sunshine on the beach?
8. Peter (to read) the whole night?
9. We (to have) coffee?
10. Tom (to have) a bath at this time?
11. Where you (to wait) for me?
12. What Susan (to do) at nine o'clock tomorrow?
13. Where he (to pass) his exam?
14. When she (to type) letters?
15. We (not to speak) at ten o'clock.

II. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в Future Indefinite или Future Continuous Tense.

1. She (to hate) the party. She doesn't like celebrations.
2. I can post your letter. I (to pass) the post-office on my way to work.
3. I know what (to happen). They (to discuss) their health problems all the evening.
4. This time next week I (to ski) in the Alps.
5. I am absolutely sure he (to help) me if I ask him.
6. Peter (to leave) for Canada soon. He has got a job there.
7. You (to use) your computer this afternoon? I'd like to type some documents if you don't mind.
8. You (to help) me to wash dishes, please?
9. Don't call her tonight. She (to watch) her favourite soap opera.
10. I (not tell) him about it. He can't keep a secret.
11. I know that this prima ballerina (not dance) tomorrow. Her understudy (to dance) instead.
12. They (to live) in their country house all the summer.
13. – The car (not start).
– Ok, I (to give) it a push.
14. By the time the police identify the criminal he (to fly) to Australia.
15. Some scientists think that in the twenty-second century people (to live) entirely on pills.

III. Test Future Indefinite / Future Continuous.

1. This time tomorrow they (to sit) in the train on their way to Chicago.
 - A. will sit
 - B. will be sitting
2. I (to be) at home if you need anything.
 - A. will be
 - B. will being
3. Don't phone Jim from 5 till 6 – he (to have) English.
 - A. will have
 - B. will be having
4. Why are you in hurry? If you arrive at 8 o'clock, they (still/to cook) the meal.
 - A. will still cook
 - B. will still be cooking
5. He (to come) at eight in the evening.
 - A. will come
 - B. will still be coming
6. ... you (to have) lunch with me on Friday?
 - A. Will you have lunch?
 - B. Will you be having lunch?
7. – I'm not sure I'll recognize Eve. I haven't seen her for ages.
– She (to wear) a dark blue pullover and jeans.
 - A. will wear
 - B. will be wearing
8. Next year he (to come) Paris.
 - A. will come
 - B. will coming
9. – She (to give) me this book?
– No, she (to be) busy at that moment.

A. Will she giving?	A. will be busy
B. Will she give?	B. will be
10. – What you (to do) at six o'clock tomorrow?
– I (to play) the piano.

A. will do	A. will play
B. will you doing	B. will be playing

IV. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в Future Indefinite или Future Continuous.

1. – I'll call for her at 7.
– No, don't; she still (to have) breakfast then.
2. – You've just missed the last train!
– Never mind. I (to walk).

3. – You ask him.
– It's no good my asking him. He (not do) anything I say.
4. He says he (to meet) us at the bus stop; but I'm sure he (to forget) to do it.
5. – Don't ring now; she (to watch) her favourite TV programme.
– All right. I (to ring) at 8.30.
6. – You (to have) lunch with me on the 24th?
– I'd love to, but I'm afraid I (to do) my exam then.
7. Wait a bit. Don't drink your tea. The milkman (to come) in a minute.
8. I (to work) for Mr. Pitt next week as his own secretary (to be) away.
9. I hope you (to do) well in the race tomorrow. I (to think) of you.
10. – This time next Monday I (to sit) in Paris café reading Le Figaro.
– You (not read). You (look) at all the pretty girls.
11. I (to cook) any fish you catch, but I (not clean) them. You'll have to do that yourself.
12. – I'm going to Switzerland next week.
– You're lucky. The wild flowers just (to come) out.
13. I (to tell) her what you say but she (not believe) it.
14. This time tomorrow everyone (to read) of your success and all sort of people (to ring) up to congratulate you.
15. She says she (not lend) me the book, because I never give books back.

V. Переведите на английский язык, употребляя Future Continuous.

1. Завтра я буду работать весь вечер.
2. Мы встретим их, когда они будут идти в институт.
3. Когда я приду домой, мои дети будут играть.
4. Завтра мы будем проводить опыты с 2 до 5 часов.
5. Когда мы придем к ним в гости, они будут рассказывать о своем путешествии.
6. Я буду гулять в парке с 8 до 9 часов.
7. Она будет делать уроки с 8 часов?
8. Мы не будем смотреть телевизор весь вечер.
9. Не приходи ко мне в 5 часов, я буду готовить доклад на конференцию.
10. Они будут убирать в доме все утро завтра.

VI. Переведите на английский язык, употребляя глаголы в форме Present, Past, Future Indefinite; Present, Past, Future Continuous.

1. Она была очень счастлива, когда получила приз.
2. Посмотри на котенка! Он прыгает по комнате.
3. Он упал с лестницы и ушиб руку, когда красил стену.
4. Если вы перемешаете коричневый и белый цвета, вы получите бежевый цвет.

5. Я поговорю с ним об этом, когда встречу его.
6. Мой сын еще будет делать уроки, когда я приду.
7. Мы надеемся, что он примет участие в этой работе.
8. Всю прошлую неделю он готовился к экзаменам.
9. Вчера в шесть вечера он возвращался с работы.
10. Когда я пришел домой, я увидел, что дома никого нет.
11. Мы отдыхали в своей комнате, когда отец вернулся с работы.
12. Она позвонит нам, как только получит необходимую информацию.
13. Не приходите завтра в два часа: он будет занят в это время и не поможет вам.
14. Я думаю, что мы пойдем на прогулку, когда закончится дождь.

FUTURE PERFECT TENSE

I. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в форме Future Perfect.

1. I (to do) it by that time.
2. He (to write) a letter by the time she comes.
3. We (to build) a new house by the end of the year.
4. Mother (not to cook) dinner when we come home.
5. You (to do) your homework by seven o'clock?
6. They (not to arrive) by the evening.
7. Why she (not to come) by five o'clock?
8. Who (to take) exam by this time?
9. He (to read) this book by the end the month?
10. I (not to look) by this time through all the magazines.

II. Переведите на английский язык, употребляя глаголы в форме Future Perfect.

1. Он не переведет эту статью до трех часов.
2. Она сделает эту работу до конца месяца.
3. Почему твой друг не напишет статью до вечера?
4. Ты закончишь читать эту книгу до завтра?
5. Сбудется ли мое желание до Нового года?
6. Они уже уйдут к тому времени.
7. Почему она не начнет работать до девяти утра?
8. Эта телепередача закончится до четырех часов?
9. Учитель проверит все тесты до завтра.
10. К этому времени дети уже уберут в комнате?
11. Все туристы соберутся у отеля к шести часам?
12. Никто не придет сюда до конца дня.

III. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в форме Future Indefinite, Future Continuous, Future Perfect.

1. He (to write) a letter tomorrow.
2. He (to write) a letter at seven o'clock tomorrow.
3. He (to write) a letter by seven o'clock tomorrow.
4. When I (to come) home tomorrow, he (to write) a letter.
5. Where she (to go) to buy a new dress?
6. What language he (to speak) by the next year?
7. They (to write) the test from two till three.
8. We (to have) supper by half past seven.
9. What time he (to come) this evening? – He (to come) by seven o'clock.
10. I (to meet) you at the station at nine o'clock tomorrow. – My train already (to arrive) by that time.
11. You (to finish) everything by this evening?
12. We (to do) washing-up by the time mother comes.

13. What you (to buy) him for his birthday?
14. What dress she (to buy) by the party?
15. He (to have) his French lesson at ten o'clock.

IV. Future Indefinite/ Future Continuous/ Future Perfect.

1. Julia (to finish) all the housework by three o'clock and we'll go for a walk.
 - A. will finish
 - B. will have finish
2. He (to sleep) when you come back tonight.
 - A. will sleep
 - B. will be sleeping
3. By the time I come they (to go).
 - A. will go
 - B. will have gone
4. I promise I (to get) in touch with you if I need your help.
 - A. will get
 - B. will have got
5. We are going to buy a car. By the end of the next month our family (to save) money for it.
 - A. will save
 - B. will have saved
6. – It is snowing heavily. Have you listened to the weather forecast for tomorrow?
 - I hope it (to stop) snowing by tomorrow morning.
 - A. will stop
 - B. will be stopping
 - C. will have stopped
7. My sister (to know) the result of her exam on economy in three days.
 - A. will know
 - B. will have known
 - C. will be knowing
8. The workers say that they (to build up) a district by the beginning of 2011.
 - A. will build up
 - B. will have built up
9. He probably never (to be) patient.
 - A. will probably never be
 - B. will probably never have been
10. – Let's meet at the station at 5 o'clock.
 - O.K. I (to wait) for you there.
 - A. will wait
 - B. will be waiting
 - C. will have waited

11. She (to have) lunch by the time we arrive.
 - A. will have
 - B. will have had
12. If you think it over, you (to see) that I'm right.
 - A. will see
 - B. will have seen
13. The work of the scientist (to achieve) the proper acclaim.
 - A. will achieve
 - B. will have achieved
14. By the next summer she (to sell) all his things.
 - A. will have sold
 - B. will sell
15. When the sun sets I (to read) this book.
 - A. will be reading
 - B. will read
 - C. will have read

V. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в Future Indefinite, Future Perfect, Present Indefinite, Present Perfect.

1. Mother (to write) a note to her tomorrow.
2. I (to read) the book by the end of the week; you may have it then.
3. By the end of the term we (to learn) about one hundred new words.
4. If you ring me up after five I (to speak) to the director.
5. I (to go) to the yard as soon as I (to finish) this exercise.
6. We (to go) to the theatre if we (to pass) our exams successfully.
7. You (to do) a lot of your work by the end of this month.
8. In a year's time he (to take) to some more serious sort of job.
9. If you don't make a note of it, you (to forget) it by tomorrow.
10. I (to get) through the greater part of the work when you come.

VI. Переведите предложения, используя Future Perfect Tense.

1. Я совершенно уверена, что закончу проект к концу следующей недели.
2. К тому времени, как ты придешь, мы уже все обсудим.
3. Прежде чем уйти на работу, я покормлю щенков.
4. Поторопись, иначе к тому времени, как мы доберемся до театра, спектакль уже начнется.
5. Боюсь, ребенок не выучит это стихотворение к пятнице.
6. К тому времени, как тур подойдет к концу, я сделаю пятьсот фотографий.
7. К тому времени, как Том проснется, его родители уже позавтракают.
8. Я не уверена, что прочитаю эту книгу к субботе. Я сейчас очень занята.

9. К первому июля студенты сдадут все экзамены и будут совершенно свободны.

10. К концу следующего месяца мы закончим ремонт и переедем в новую квартиру.

VII. Переведите предложения на английский язык, употребляя глаголы в форме Present Indefinite, Future Indefinite, Future Continuous, Future Perfect.

1. Мои родители придут домой в семь часов. Я сделаю уроки к этому времени.

2. Он будет работать в саду, когда его жена вернется с работы.

3. Мама уже приготовит обед к тому времени, как я приду домой.

4. – Что ты будешь делать завтра?

– Я сделаю уроки до двух часов, а потом весь день буду смотреть телевизор.

5. Как только мой друг вернется домой, он начнет работать над докладом. Он напишет его до десяти часов.

6. Не звоните ему завтра в пять. Он будет занят в это время. Он будет обсуждать важный вопрос.

7. Телеграмма придет, когда вы не будете ждать её.

8. Если ты придешь до семи, я приготовлю тебе вкусный ужин.

9. – Когда ты закончишь писать свою книгу, ты покажешь её мне?

– Думаю, что покажу её тебе через месяц.

10. Мы подготовим все необходимые документы к тому времени, как вы зайдете к нам в офис.

11. Как только я буду свободен, я позвоню вам сам.

12. Мы будем ждать тебя около кафе. Ты закончишь свои дела к тому времени?

13. – Что он будет делать в пять?

– Не знаю, но думаю, что к этому времени он уже сдаст экзамен.

14. Ты знаешь, в какое время они вернутся домой?

15. Они переедут в новый дом до конца зимы.

FUTURE PERFECT CONTINUOUS TENSE

I. Раскройте скобки, употребляя Future Perfect Continuous Tense.

1. He (to study) in London for three years when I come here.
2. He (to teach) German for two years when I begin to teach English.
3. By next July she (to live) here for two years.
4. At six o'clock I (to work) for five hours.
5. I (to work) at the library for 3 hours when you come there.
6. I (to live) here twenty years next September.
7. In a minute I (to wait) here for three hours!
8. In ten minutes I (to listen) to his lecture for three solid hours.
9. Ann (to study) English for ten months by the time he goes back to Syria in October.
10. In twenty minutes we (to wait) for the bus for exactly an hour!

II. Используя глаголы, заполните пропуски в тексте. Все глаголы употребите в Future Perfect Continuous Tense.

Rain, live, use, save, lecture, teach, drive, write, go out, operate.

1. By September 1 ... at this University for fifteen years.
2. By next month David ... this car twenty years.
3. The doctor ... on Mrs. White for two hours by the time his assistant comes.
4. By tomorrow it ... for exactly three weeks.
5. By next month Jim ... his novel for three years.
6. By next month Professor Johnson ... on Byron for forty years.
7. By next week John and Liz ... together for two years.
8. We ... in this house for ten years by next autumn.
9. By January I ... this watch for five years.
10. By the end of next week we ... money for a new car for three years.

III. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в форме Future Prefect или Future Perfect Continuous Tense.

1. By June 5 my parents (to be) married for thirty-five years.
2. In ten minutes we (to fly) over the Atlantic Ocean for three hours.
3. Call me on Friday. I (to hear) the results of your blood test then.
4. By this time next year James already (to graduate) from the University and (to find) a job.
5. By next week we (to discuss) the problem for three months already.
6. The inventor (to design) a new washing machine for a year by next week.
7. By next Monday our boss (to sign) this contract.
8. By next week members of the Parliament (to debate) this new law for half a year.
9. In ten minutes our professor (to examine) the students for exactly six hours.

10. By the beginning of the next month Kate (to take) this medicine for three years already.

11. By the time I get up tomorrow morning, the sun already (to rise).

12. This is a long trip! By the time we get to Miami, we (to ride) on this bus for over 15 hours.

13. What? You're smoking another cigarette? At this rate you (to smoke) a whole pack before lunchtime. Don't you think you should cut down a little?

14. Can you believe? According to our grammar teacher, by the end of the semester she (to teach) more than 3,000 students from 42 different countries. She has been teaching for 20 years – and she still loves it!

15. I hope they (to repair) this road by the time we come back next summer.

IV. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в форме Future Indefinite, Future Continuous, Future Perfect, Future Perfect Continuous.

1. He will be hungry because he (not eat).

2. We (to go) by train for two days by the time we get there.

3. She will be tonight as she (to work) all day.

4. Brian (to have) dinner when mother comes.

5. They (to meet) us by the time they have to leave Ukraine.

6. She (to work) at school for twenty years by 2010.

7. My sister (to study) for five years when she gets her degree.

8. Don't be late! They (to wait) for you in the cold.

9. They (to live) in this house for some months by the time we find them a new flat.

10. Her granny (to be) a member of the committee for three years by the time she retires.

11. Our children (to play) for three hours by five o'clock.

12. At eleven o'clock she (to sleep).

13. I (to be) a member of our team for seven months by the time the championship begins.

14. Tomorrow at this time I (to watch) television.

15. Her husband (to wait) for her at the airport when her plane lands.

16. In September they (to be) married for ten years.

17. We let you know when Nick (to phone).

18. By seven o'clock he (to drive) for nine hours.

19. You (to have) a house-warming when you move in?

20. Our friends (to dance) for an hour when we come to disco.

V. Переведите предложения на английский язык.

1. В следующем месяце исполнится уже три года, как они строят этот дом. Они говорят, что закончат его к началу следующего года, но я так не думаю.

2. Лекции по истории языка закончатся к 15 мая.

3. Давай позвоним ей в шесть часов. Я совершенно уверена, что к этому времени она уже выяснит все детали.

4. Через пять минут уже будет три часа, как ты готовишь ужин. Что за рецепт? К тому времени, как ужин будет готов, я уже потеряю весь аппетит.

5. В следующем месяце исполнится ровно два года, как мы пишем эту книгу. И неудивительно, это очень трудная работа.

6. В феврале исполнится ровно сорок лет, как мистер Смит коллекционирует марки. К тому времени он соберет более тридцати тысяч марок.

7. Послезавтра исполнится шесть месяцев, как мы работаем над этим проектом. Я надеюсь, мы закончим его к новому году.

8. В марте исполнится десять лет, как Джек играет в хоккейной команде.

9. Завтра исполнится ровно год, как мы ищем новую квартиру.

10. В следующем месяце исполнится ровно год, как Анна сидит на этой диете. Она надеется, что к этому времени она потеряет десять килограммов.

VI. Переведите предложения на английский язык, употребляя глаголы в форме Present Indefinite, Future Indefinite, Future Continuous, Future Perfect, Future Perfect Continuous.

1. Она начнет работать в девять утра.

2. Она пойдет на пенсию через год. Она проработает на нашем заводе сорок лет к тому времени, как она пойдет на пенсию.

3. В следующем месяце они будут праздновать серебряную свадьбу. К тому времени они будут женаты уже двадцать пять лет.

4. Завтра в семь вечера я буду работать над докладом. Когда ты придешь, я буду работать над ним уже три часа. Я закончу писать доклад к десяти, и мы пойдем на прогулку.

5. Если вы позвоните ему в три, его не будет дома. В это время он будет работать в саду. Когда вы позвоните, он будет работать там уже четыре часа.

6. Не приходи к ней в пять вечера. К этому времени она еще не вернется с тренировки. В это время она будет ехать в автобусе.

7. Завтра вечером я встречу со своими друзьями на дискотеке. Если я опоздаю, они будут танцевать уже час.

8. Я думаю, что вечером дедушка будет очень уставшим. Он будет работать в саду целый день.

9. – Вы увидите своего друга на встрече?

– Нет, он будет в отпуске на следующей неделе. Он будет отдыхать уже две недели, когда состоится встреча.

10. Как только я закончу рисовать эту картину, я покажу её тебе. Я надеюсь, что закончу рисовать её до конца месяца.

VII. Выберите правильный ответ.

1. What's the matter? My car ____.
A. was just stolen
B. has just been stolen
C. is just stolen
2. One of the theatres in our city ____ now.
A. is begin reconstructed
B. was begin reconstructed
C. will be reconstructed
3. That house ____ a long time ago.
A. has been sold
B. was sold
C. is sold
4. Jin said the room ____.
A. will have already been cleaned
B. will be cleaned
C. had already been cleaned
5. All the banks ____ on Sundays.
A. are closed
B. has been closed
C. are been closed
6. The documents ____ by 5 p. m.
A. will be signed
B. are signed
C. will have been signed
7. We ____ on our way home yesterday.
A. were being followed
B. are being followed
C. have been followed
8. My sister ____ to hospital tomorrow.
A. is being taken
B. will be taken
C. was taken
9. The cake smells so nice. It ____.
A. will just be baked
B. has just been baked
C. is just baked
10. The conference room ____ at the moment.
A. was being used
B. has been used
C. is being used
11. When we arrived at the airport, we found that the flight ____.
A. had been cancelled
B. is being cancelled
C. has been cancelled

12. The flowers in the flowerbeds ___ by this evening.
A. are being watered
B. were watered
C. will have been watered
13. America ___ several centuries ago.
A. had been discovered
B. was discovered
C. will be discovered
14. The floors in the office ___ every day.
A. are swept
B. will have been swept
C. were being swept
15. An old women ___ while she was living with her children.
A. is being looked after
B. was being looked after
C. will be looked after
16. I think the money ___ back in the nearest future.
A. has been paid
B. were paid
C. will be paid
17. My car ___ at the moment.
A. was being repaired
B. has been repaired
C. is being repaired
18. The exams ___ by 3 the afternoon.
A. will have been finished
B. were being finished
C. are being finished
19. Olimpic Games ___ every four years.
A. are held
B. had been held
C. will have been held
20. When we returned home the walls___.
A. has been painted
B. had been painted
C. will be been painted
21. Two people ___ in a car accident yesterday.
A. were killed
B. are killed
C. were being killed
22. I ___ before.
A. will never be mugged
B. have never been mugged
C. are never mugged

23. Jill ____ if I don't come to her birthday party.
- A. were offended
 - B. will be offended
 - C. are being offended
24. I didn't realize our conversation ____ to.
- A. will be listened
 - B. is listened
 - C. was being listened
25. Jack said the letter ____ the next day.
- A. would be sent
 - B. will be sent
 - C. is being sent

II. TESTS**TEST 1
CONTINUOUS TENSES**

1. Our tennis game was interrupted. We ... for about half an hour when it started to rain heavily.
a) were playing; b) have been playing; c) had been playing; d) played.
2. Susie is a very good tennis player. She ... since she was eight.
a) has been playing; b) have been playing; c) was playing; d) has played.
3. – How is your English?
– Not bad. It ... slowly.
a) improves; b) is improving; c) had been improving; d) was improving.
4. Do not ring her up at 12 o'clock. She ... ready for her exam.
a) is getting; b) will be getting; c) was getting; d) will have being getting.
5. She told me on the phone that she had changed her mind and ... to spend the Saturday evening at home.
a) was going; b) is going; c) had been going; d) has been going.
6. I have decided not to stay here any longer. Tomorrow I ... to look for somewhere else to stay.
a) will have being going; b) go; c) have been going; d) am going.
7. Tom ... at the University for forty-five years before he retired.
a) has been working; b) was working; c) had been working; d) is working.
8. John took a photograph of me while I
a) haven't been looking; b) wasn't looking; c) hadn't been looking;
d) weren't looking.
9. I am going on holiday on Sunday. This time next week I ... on a beach.
a) will be lying; b) am lying; c) will have been lying; d) would be lying.
10. I ... some strange noises under the hood for the past two weeks. What do you think is wrong?
a) has been hearing; b) had been hearing; c) have been hearing; d) was hearing.

11. After Allan had searched for twenty minutes, he realized that his jacket ... on the table the entire time.

a) has been lying; b) was lying; c) is lying; d) had been lying.

12. We were extremely tired at the end of the journey. We ... for more than 24 hours.

a) were travelling; b) had been travelling; c) have been travelling;
d) had being travelling.

13. We usually ... vegetables in our garden but this year we ... any.

a) grow, don't grow; b) growing, aren't growing; c) grow, aren't growing;
d) growing, don't grow.

14. Henry ... a snack at midnight last night.

a) has been eating; b) had been eating; c) was eating; d) was been eating.

15. – If you see Sally, can you ask her to phone me?

– Sure. I ... her this evening, so I can tell her.

a) will be seeing; b) am seeing; c) would be seeing; d) will have being seeing.

16. Yesterday morning I got up and looked out of the window. The sun was shining but the ground was wet. It

a) has been raining; b) had been raining; c) was raining; d) had being rained.

17. I ... English for a long time.

a) have learned; b) am learning; c) will have been learning; d) have been learning.

18. Every morning they meet in the same cafe. They ... there for years.

a) have been going; b) had been going; c) was going; d) are going.

19. I wonder where we ... ten years from now?

a) will have been living; b) are living; c) will be living; d) would be living.

20. The two boys came into the house. They had a football and they were both very tired. They ... football.

a) were playing; b) had been playing; c) has been playing; d) are playing.

TEST 2
PERFECT TENSES

1. We are late. The film ... by the time we get to the cinema.
a) is already started; b) would be already started; c) has already started;
d) will already have started.
2. The achievements of scientists in the field of curing cancer ... radical results yet.
a) haven't shown; b) didn't shown; c) doesn't show; d) don't show.
3. I called for the doctor this morning. It is already afternoon, but he ... yet.
a) doesn't come; b) didn't come; c) hasn't come; d) hadn't come.
4. I wasn't hungry at lunchtime so I didn't have anything to eat. I ... a big breakfast.
a) have had; b) had; c) had been having; d) had had.
5. My friend Nick went to England to work for a probationary period three months ago and I ... only two letters since that time.
a) did not received; b) has received; c) received; d) have received.
6. I am not sure if he ... the article by the 1st of October.
a) writes; b) would have written; c) will have written; d) will write.
7. – How long ... in use?
– Oh, it is a very old model, but we got used to it.
a) have your washing-machine been; b) was your washing-machine;
c) did your washing-machine been; d) has your washing-machine been.
8. My sister Carrie ... by eight cm this year.
a) has grown; b) grown; c) has been growing; d) did grown.
9. After Allan ... for twenty minutes, he realized that his jacket had been lying on the table the entire time.
a) was searching; b) have searched; c) had search; d) had searched.
10. My sister is a writer. She ... many books.
a) had written; b) has written; c) wrote; d) will have written.

- 11.** The man sitting next to me on the plane was nervous because he ... before.
a) hadn't flown; b) hasn't flown; c) didn't fly; d) wasn't flying.
- 12.** You went to tom's house but he wasn't there. He ... out.
a) have gone; b) had gone; c) gone; d) will have gone.
- 13.** Sally always leaves for work at 8.30 in the morning, so she won't be at home at 9 o'clock. She ... to work.
a) will go; b) will gone; c) will has gone; d) will have gone.
- 14.** We ... anything principally new from our lecturer in the last few days.
a) didn't heard; b) haven't heard; c) do not hear; d) haven't been hearing.
- 15.** The train ... by the time we come to the station.
a) will already have left; b) will already have leave; c) has already left;
d) had already left.
- 16.** I was the last to leave the office. Everybody else ... home.
a) had gone; b) had went; c) have gone; d) had had gone.
- 17.** What I said was stupid. I wish I ... anything.
a) didn't say; b) haven't said; c) hadn't said; d) hadn't say.
- 18.** By the time you get home, you will forget everything I ... you.
a) have tell; b) had told; c) have told; d) have been telling.
- 19.** Chuck came to Britain from the USA nearly three years ago. Next Monday it will be exactly three years. So on Monday he ... in Britain for exactly three years.
a) will has been; b) will have been; c) would have been; d) will be.
- 20.** Everybody knew that they ... friends since childhood.
a) are; b) were; c) have been; d) had been.
- 21.** – How long ... the saxophone?
– I became keen on music when I was eleven.
a) have you been playing; b) played; c) have you played; d) had you been playing.
- 22.** If you ... the plant in a cooler location, the leaves would not
a) had set, have burned; b) have set, had burned; c) had set, had burned;
d) have set, have burned.

23. Dr. Alvarez was displeased because the student ... in an unacceptable report, so he made him rewrite it.

a) had turned; b) has turned; c) have fumed; d) turned.

24. At first I thought I ... the right thing, but I soon realized that I ... a serious mistake.

a) had done, have made; b) had done, had made; c) have done, had made;

d) have done, have made.

25. Tom is on holiday and he is spending his money very quickly. If he continues like this he ... all his money before the end of his holiday.

a) will have spent; b) would have spent; c) will have being spending;

d) will have spend.

TEST 3
CONTINUOUS TENSES

1. Mike ... a date. He ... flowers to Jane, his girlfriend.
a) has, is giving; b) is having, gives; c) has, gives; d) is having, is giving.
2. Tomorrow we ... work at 9.00.
a) will start; b) start; c) are starting; d) will be starting.
3. He ... an exam on Friday. I think he ... it successfully.
a) is taking, will pass; b) will take, will pass; c) is taking, is passing;
d) will take, is passing.
4. He ... to publish a critical political article in this newspaper.
a) is planning; b) plans; c) will be planning; d) has been planning.
5. ... your computer today in the afternoon?
a) Will you operate; b) Are you operate; c) Will you be operating;
d) Do you operating.
6. My father ... an analytic programme on TV, while I ... for the examination.
a) watched, was preparing; b) was watching, was preparing; c) watched, prepared;
d) was watching, prepared.
7. Yesterday the students ... an educational film about law from 9.00 till 9.30.
a) watched; b) have been watching; c) would have been watching;
d) were watching.
8. – Do you have a lot of pigeons?
– Yes, I ... them for three years already.
a) am breeding; b) was breeding; c) have been breeding; d) have bred.
9. Kate was very upset: she ... a test for two hours but she got a low grade.
a) had been writing; b) was writing; c) has been writing; d) wrote.
10. Thank you for the invitation, but I ... to check up student's course papers.
a) will be going; b) am going; c) was going; d) going.

11. M.I. Kutuzov ... deep into the heart of Russia for a few months before his Victories started.

a) retreated; b) was retreating; c) has been retreating; d) had been retreating.

12. I ... an interesting book at the moment.

a) read; b) was reading; c) have read; d) am reading.

13. I ... chess for two hours.

a) play; b) have played; c) have been playing; d) am playing.

14. While I ... in the garden, I ... my back.

a) worked, hurt; b) was working, hurt; c) worked, was hurting;

d) was working, was hurting.

15. When Kate arrived, we ... dinner.

a) were having; b) had; c) have been having; d) have had.

16. – Where have you been?

– I ... for you for the last half an hour.

a) am looking; b) was looking; c) had been looking; d) have been looking.

17. I ... hard, so now I am going to have a rest.

a) worked; b) have been working; c) was working; d) had been working.

18. My hands are very dirty. I ... the car.

a) repaired; b) was repairing; c) have been repairing; d) repair.

19. The water Can you turn it off?

a) is boiling; b) boils; c) has been boiling; d) had been boiling.

20. Bill ... this picture since two o'clock.

a) is painting; b) paints; c) was painting; d) has been painting.

21. Ann ... in an armchair watching TV. She was tired because she

a) was sitting, had been working; b) sat, worked; c) was sitting, was working;

d) had been sitting, had been working.

22. What time ... tomorrow?

a) do you leave; b) are you leaving; c) would you be leaving; d) will you leave.

23. Don't phone me between 7 and 8. We ... dinner then.

a) will have; b) will be having; c) have; d) will have.

24. He ... in Washington for three years.

a) works; b) is working; c) had been working; d) has been working.

25. George ... at the university for 45 years before he retired.

a) has been working; b) was working; c) had been working; d) worked.

TEST 4
PRESENT AND PAST TENSES

1. In winter Mary ... skiing in Switzerland.
a) is; b) goes; c) is going; d) have been.
2. I ... I won't tell her your secret.
a) promise; b) will promise; c) am promising; d) was promising.
3. She ... in getting the job because she ... very hard to meet the requirements.
a) is succeeding, was studying; b) succeeded, studied; c) succeeded, studied;
d) succeeded, had studied.
4. ... you see her last night or ... you occupied with your composition?
a) Have, were; b) Did, did; c) Did, have been; d) Did, were.
5. Mary is in Paris. She ... modeling.
a) is studying; b) studies; c) is being studying; d) studied.
6. The prices on petrol ... very fast.
a) rise; b) raise; c) are rising; d) has raised.
7. – Can I speak to Jane, please?
– She is busy. She ... a bath.
a) takes; b) is taking; c) was taking; d) enjoys.
8. The report ... very interesting facts about cloning.
a) was containing; b) consists; c) contains; d) is containing.
9. I hope I will get the answer soon. I ... the company's president on Monday.
a) am meeting; b) meet; c) have meeting; d) was to meeting.
10. Mary is ill. Now she ... to recover soon.
a) wish; b) will wish; c) is wishing; d) wishes.
11. Last week this time I ... with Mary.
a) was playing golf; b) have played golf; c) played golf; d) was in golf.
12. When I ... they ... on the project.
a) came home, were working; b) was coming home, worked;
c) came home, worked; d) come, work.

13. What ... at 5 o'clock this afternoon? I need to know.

a) did you; b) were you doing; c) you were doing; d) do you do.

14. Jane ... the cake for the Sunday's party last night.

a) cooked; b) cooks; c) is to cook; d) was cooking.

15. You ... pale. You'd better not go to the swimming pool with us.

a) are looking; b) looked; c) were looking; d) look.

16. I ... thesis at the moment. I will show it to you when I've finished it.

a) wrote; b) am writing; c) write; d) was writing.

17. Computers can ... information.

a) do reading, finding and storing; b) to read, find and store;

c) read, found and stored; d) read, find and store.

18. My grandmother ... in the country. She has lived there all her life.

a) lives; b) will live; c) lived; d) is living.

19. Jane usually ... in performances, but now she

a) takes part, is not going to do it; b) is taking part, is not; c) takes part, is neither;
d) to take part, is not going to do it.

20. Mary cannot understand why her brother ... with her. He is not usually like that.

a) was ruding; b) is rude; c) is being so rude; d) was being so rude.

21. ... to have a glimpse on the picture? It is worth seeing!

a) Did manage you; b) You did manage; c) Did you manage; d) Do you managing.

22. We used to communicate quite often. I ... her well.

a) knew; b) know; c) was knowing; d) did to know.

23. Jane ... an exam tomorrow.

a) has; b) is having; c) will having; d) supposes her having.

24. Tea ... too sweet. Please, give me another cup.

a) tastes; b) tasted; c) is tasting; d) was tasting.

25. How often ... to the theatre?

a) did go you; b) go you; c) are you going; d) do you go.

TEST 5**TENSES: PRESENT CONTINUOUS, PRESENT SIMPLE,
PAST CONTINUOUS, PAST SIMPLE**

- 1.** The population of the world ... very fast.
a) rises; b) rose; c) is rising; d) was rising.
- 2.** The witness ... testimony against the criminal so he is in prison now.
a) gave; b) is giving; c) gives; d) was giving.
- 3.** I ... the manager tomorrow morning at the airport. Can you come with me?
a) see; b) was seeing; c) saw; d) am seeing.
- 4.** I saw you on the sea shore yesterday. You ... in the sun and ... sunbathing.
a) sit, got; b) were sitting, got; c) sat, were getting; d) were sitting, were.
- 5.** At the port we saw the steamer which ... with grain.
a) was loaded; b) was being loaded; c) is being loaded; d) is loaded.
- 6.** Nowadays the control of the side effects of production ... of great importance.
a) is becoming; b) became; c) becomes; d) was becoming.
- 7.** Advertisers ... to think big and perhaps this is why they are always coming in for criticism.
a) tended; b) tend; c) were tending; d) are tending.
- 8.** «Do you remember what you have to do?» – the teacher ... the class.
a) was asking; b) asks; c) is asking; d) asked.
- 9.** The top shelf ... so high that the children could not reach it.
a) is; b) is being; c) was; d) was being.
- 10.** Valerie is preparing for her exams. But she ... it hard to concentrate on her text books because of the noise.
a) finds; b) found; c) is finding; d) was finding.
- 11.** It is 4.45 p.m. The concert ... at the 5.00 p.m. We shall be in time if we hurry up now.
a) is starting; b) starts; c) started; d) was starting.

- 12.** Something ... very good. Perhaps my mother is preparing supper.
a) is smelling; b) was smelling; c) smelt; d) smelts.
- 13.** One day I ... home latter than usual – had had a lot of work to do at the office that day.
a) returned; b) was returning; c) is returning; d) returns.
- 14.** The birds ... away in autumn, and now they are expected to come back in spring.
a) fly; b) flew; c) are flying; d) were flying.
- 15.** It received an invitation for the wedding yesterday and I am very happy – my friend ... married.
a) is getting; b) gets; c) was getting; d) got.
- 16.** We ... a terrible accident while we ... along the road: one car drove into another one.
a) saw, went; b) were seeing, were going; c) saw, were going;
d) were seeing, went.
- 17.** Look! The man over there ... the same sweater as you.
a) is wearing; b) wears; c) wore; d) was wearing.
- 18.** Yesterday police stopped him while he ... at a high speed.
a) drives; b) drove; c) was driving; d) is driving.
- 19.** It was a windy day but still crowds of people ... on the shore.
a) were standing; b) stood; c) stand; d) are standing.
- 20.** In 1990 Johann Hurlinger from Austria ... 1,400 kilometres from Vienna to Paris.
a) walks; b) was walking; c) walked; d) is walking.

TEST 6
PERFECT TENSES

1. They ... a new car and now they have to be very economical.
a) bought; b) have bought; c) had bought; d) would have bought.
2. You ... the whole picture-look!
a) have spoiled; b) spoiled; c) had spoiled; d) spoil.
3. He ... often been to Madrid.
a) had; b) has; c) was; d) is.
4. We ... ten countries this year.
a) visited; b) has visited; c) had visited; d) have visited.
5. – Do you know Tom?
– Yes, he is a very honest man and he ... a lot in his difficult life.
a) did; b) has done; c) have done; d) have been done.
6. I ... Sam for ages.
a) did not see; b) has not seen; c) had not seen; d) have not seen.
7. We still ... life on other planets.
a) did not discovered; b) had not discovered; c) was not discovered;
d) have not discovered.
8. They ... an astronaut to Saturn yet.
a) have not sent; b) did not send; c) has not sent; d) had not sent.
9. She will boo at the bus stop in a minute. She ... never ... late for the bus.
a) has been; b) had been; c) have been; d) is.
10. Where were you? I ... for you for an hour!
a) was waiting; b) have been waiting; c) had been waiting; d) was waiting.
11. I ... already ... my homework.
a) have, done; b) – , did; c) had, did; d) have, did.
12. I ... my homework for three hours and I still have a lot to do.
a) had done; b) was doing; c) did; d) have been doing.

13. I ... the newspaper today.

a) read; b) have written; c) have read; d) had read.

14. I ... this book for a week and I have not finished it yet.

a) had read; b) was reading; c) have been reading; d) had been reading.

15. When I ... some fruit, I went back to the beach.

a) bought; b) have bought; c) has bought; d) had bought.

16. After they ... , they cleared the table.

a) eaten; b) have eaten; c) had eaten; d) have eat.

17. She told us that she ... the answer.

a) found; b) has found; c) had found; d) has find.

18. When I came to the party, she

a) left; b) had left; c) have left; d) has left.

19. When I arrived at the party, she ... already

a) had, left; b) – , left; c) have, left; d) has, left.

20. They ... for five hours before they reached the top of the mountain.

a) had been climbing; b) has been climbing; c) were climbing;

d) have been climbing.

21. I ... sleepy all days so I went to bed early.

a) had been feeling; b) was feeling; c) have been feeling; d) has been feeling.

22. I ... here for four weeks.

a) lived; b) had been living; c) live; d) have been living.

23. Since the middle of last month, there ... tax increases.

a) have been; b) had been; c) were; d) has been.

24. They ... here since ten o'clock, so they are tired to wait more.

a) had been; b) has been; c) were; d) have been.

25. I am tired. We ... for four hours.

a) walk; b) have been walking; c) walked; d) had been walking.

TEST 7
TENSES

- 1.** John usually ... for a walk in the evening.
a) gone; b) will go; c) go; d) goes.
- 2.** George often ... to school.
a) walked; b) walks; c) will walk; d) is walking.
- 3.** How often do you ... this engineer here?
a) meets; b) met; c) meet; d) have met.
- 4.** Ann ... a lot of foreign letters at the office last week.
a) translated; b) had translated; c) have translated; d) have been translating.
- 5.** They ... a lot of articles from these French magazines last week-end.
a) had discussed; b) discussed; c) discuss; d) has been translating.
- 6.** When ... return home?
a) have they; b) has they; c) did they; d) are they.
- 7.** Helen ... this book 4 times.
a) read; b) have read; c) has read; d) had read.
- 8.** Mary ... in the same flat since 1980.
a) has lived; b) had lived; c) lives; d) will live.
- 9.** We ... our reports.
a) have already written; b) already leave written; c) have written already;
d) have written yet.
- 10.** Her parents ... what to do ...
a) haven't decided, already; b) hasn't decided, yet; c) hasn't decided, already;
d) haven't decided, yet.
- 11.** Nick ... learnt the poem.
a) have yet; b) have already; c) has already; d) has yet.
- 12.** I don't have money, ... I really need a new dress.
a) already; b) in case; c) in spite; d) but.

13. Kate ... in Moscow for ten years.

a) have been working; b) has been working; c) worked; d) works.

14. Mike ... to school before we came home.

a) has gone; b) have gone; c) had gone; d) gone.

15. She told us last week that she ... Austria last summer.

a) has visited; b) had visited; c) visited; d) visits.

16. After John ... his homework, he ... his grandmother.

a) had done, visited; b) done, had visited; c) did, had visited; d) done, visited.

17. My grandmother ... at school for 30 years before she retired.

a) has been working; b) have been working; c) had been working; d) had worked.

18. ... you like to leave?

a) Do; b) Are; c) Would; d) Will.

19. If my headache ... , we can go to the cinema.

a) disappeared; b) disappears; c) will disappear; d) disappear.

20. If today ... Saturday, we ... to the beach.

a) were, could go; b) was, gone; c) were, went; d) was, could go.

TEST 8
TENSES

1. I don't understand this sentence. What ... ?
a) does mean this word; b) does this word mean; c) means this word;
d) this word is mean.
2. How ... now? Better than before?
a) you are feeling; b) do you feel; c) is you feeling; d) your feeling is.
3. Ana has lost her umbrella again. It's the third time this
a) has happened; b) happens; c) happened; d) is happened.
4. Where's the film I gave you? What ... with it?
a) have you done; b) have you been doing; c) are you doing; d) have you do.
5. We're good friends. We ... each other for a long time.
a) know; b) have known; c) have been knowing; d) knew.
6. It's five years ... Liz.
a) that I don't see; b) that I haven't seen; c) since I didn't see; d) since I saw.
7. The Chinese ... chess.
a) invented; b) have invented; c) had invented; d) invents.
8. ... a house when they were living in Paris?
a) Had they; b) Did they have; c) Were they having; d) Have they had.
9. That bag looks heavy. ... you with it.
a) I'm helping; b) I help; c) I'll help; d) help.
10. – Mary is in hospital.
– Yes, I know. ... her tomorrow.
a) I visit; b) I'm going to visit; c) I'll visit; d) I'll visiting.
11. Don't worry ... late tonight.
a) if I am; b) when I am; c) when I'll be; d) if I'll be.
12. How long ... here?
a) you live; b) do you live; c) have you lived; d) are you living.

13. What ... at 11 o'clock last night?

a) have you done; b) were you doing; c) have you been doing; d) had you done.

14. We'd rather ... to bed early last night.

a) to have gone; b) to go; c) going; d) have gone.

15. – Have you ever been to Italy?

– Yes, I ... there in 1993.

a) have gone; b) went; c) have been going; d) have been.

16. – How long have you worked here?

– By the end of the month I ... here for five years.

a) 'll work; b) 'm going to work; c) 'll have been working; d) 'll be working.

17. – We'll need some Coke for the party.

– I ... some.

a) buy; b) will have bought; c) 've already bought; d) had bought.

18. – I need to give a message to Ann.

– I ... her at the office this afternoon.

a) see; b) have seen; c) 'll have seen; d) 'll be seeing.

19. The president went home when he ... with the conference.

a) had finished; b) have finished; c) has finished; d) finished.

20. Because they ... away, they hardly ever go to the beach anymore.

a) moved; b) has moved; c) have moved; d) had moved.

TEST 9
TENSES

1. I have lost my key again. I ... things.
a) always lose; b) am always losing; c) have always lost; d) was always losing.
2. John is having a driving lesson. It is the first time he ... a car.
a) drives; b) is driving; c) has driven; d) driven.
3. We were good friends. We ... each other for years.
a) had known; b) had been knowing; c) knew; d) know.
4. We should ... Tom about the change in plans regarding our weekend trip to the mountains.
a) have informed; b) informed; c) have been informed; d) had been informed.
5. Food prices have been ... so rapidly in the past few months that some families have been ... to alter their eating habits.
a) raised, forced; b) raising, forcing; c) raised, forcing; d) raising, forced.
6. The homework that your teacher assigned is due on Tuesday unless you ... prior arrangements to turn it in later.
a) had made; b) have made; c) made; d) was making.
7. It ... until the fifteenth century that the Earth revolves around the sun.
a) was not believed; b) is not believed; c) has not been believed;
d) had not been believed.
8. Sally said that she ... the procedures for doing the experiment, but when we began to work in the laboratory, she found that she was mistaken.
a) has known; b) had known; c) knew; d) knows.
9. The president ... to the cabinet members that he was going to negotiate a new treaty with the foreign minister.
a) has mentioned; b) mentioned; c) had mentioned; d) was mentioning.
10. The conquerors ... not only the gold and silver that were needed to replenish the badly depleted treasury but also the supplies that were vital to the colonists.
a) stole; b) had stolen; c) were stealing; d) have been stealing.

11. Hundreds of houses and other buildings ... by the raging tropical storm, which later developed into a hurricane.

a) have destroyed; b) destroyed; c) have been destroyed; d) had been destroyed.

12. The police ... away the parked car because they were blocking the entrance.

a) has towed; b) has been towing; c) towed; d) had towed.

13. Ecologists are trying to preserve our environment for future generations by protecting the ozone layer and also they ... the trees that have been cut down.

a) have replanted; b) had replanted; c) are replanting; d) have been replanting.

14. A new procedure ... by the company before the bankruptcy hearings began.

a) was developed; b) was developing; c) has been developed;

d) had been developed.

15. The dispute between the faculty and the administration ... until the faculty members got better working conditions.

a) had not been resolved; b) had not resolved; c) did not resolve;

d) has not resolved.

16. Having wandered through the mountain passes for days, the hikers ... an abandoned shack where they could take shelter.

a) discovered; b) had discovered; c) discover; d) were discovering.

17. It was not raining when we went out. The sun was shining. But it ... all night, so the ground was wet.

a) was raining; b) rained; c) had been raining; d) have been raining.

18. There was somebody walking behind us. We felt

a) were followed; b) were following; c) were being followed;

d) were being following.

19. Max likes to change his clothes very much. This is the sixth time that he ... his clothes today.

a) has changed; b) changed; c) had changed; d) changes.

20. I ... an Oxford dictionary since I began to learn English.

a) had been using; b) was using; c) used; d) have been using.

TEST 10
PERFECT TENSES

1. John ... in the same house since 1957.
a) has lived; b) lives; c) was living; d) lived.
2. I ... a letter but I ... it yet.
a) wrote, didn't post; b) had written, hadn't posted; c) have written, haven't posted;
d) was writing, hadn't posted.
3. I ... a lot about roller-skating, but I ... never ... myself.
a) heard, have roller-skated; b) heard, had roller-skated;
c) have heard, have roller-skated; d) had heard, have roller-skated.
4. Everything is going well. We ... any problems so far.
a) haven't had; b) didn't have; c) don't have; d) were not having.
5. I ... 4 cups of coffee today.
a) drank; b) drunk; c) have drunk; d) was drinking.
6. Linda ... her passport again. It's the second time this
a) had lost, had happened; b) lost, happened; c) has lost, has happened;
d) has lost, had happened.
7. – How long ... you ... ?
– For 10 minutes.
a) do, jog; b) have, been jogging; c) are, jogging; d) had, been jogging.
8. She ... too much recently. She should smoke less.
a) smokes; b) is smoking; c) was smoking; d) has been smoking.
9. Phone me after 8 o'clock. I ... dinner by then.
a) will finish; b) will be finishing; c) has finished; d) will have finished.
10. How many pages of that book ... you ... ?
a) did, read; b) have, read; c) had, read; d) have, been reading.
11. Jack ... a beard, but now he ... it.
a) grew, has shaved; b) grew, is shaving; c) has grown, has shaven;
d) has grown, had shaven.

12. We ... anything principally new from our lecturer in the last few days.

a) didn't hear; b) hadn't heard; c) haven't heard; d) were not hearing.

13. She ... since she ... 3.

a) is figure-skating, was; b) was figure-skating, was; c) figure-skated, was;
d) has been, figure-skating was.

14. When we ... home last night, we found that somebody ... into the flat.

a) got, broke; b) got, had broken; c) had got, had broken; d) has got, broke.

15. The doctor ... the patient thoroughly before he ... the medication.

a) has examined, had prescribed; b) had examined, prescribed;
c) examined, prescribed; d) had examined, had prescribed.

16. At first I thought I ... the right thing, but soon I realized I ... a serious mistake.

a) had done, had made; b) did, made; c) have done, had made;
d) had done, have made.

17. It was not raining when we went out. The sun was shining. But it ... all night, so the ground was wet.

a) was raining; b) rained; c) had been raining; d) have raining.

18. Although the sun ... it was cold because it ... hard for 2 hours.

a) shone, rained; b) was shining, was raining; c) was shining, had been raining;
d) was shining, has been raining.

19. The teacher ... reading a lecture by the time we ... at the college.

a) will finish, will arrive; b) will be finishing, will be arriving;
c) has read, have arrived; d) will have finished, arrive.

20. "... you ever ... tennis?"

a) Have, played; b) Had, played; c) Did, play; d) Were, playing.

21. At last the bus came. I ... for 10 minutes.

a) had been waiting; b) have been waiting; c) am waiting; d) was waiting.

22. We ... for about half an hour when it ... to rain.

a) were waiting, started; b) had been playing, started; c) had played, started;
d) have played, started.

23. "... you ... any of Shakespeare's play's?"

a) Did, read; b) Do, read; c) Had, read; d) Have, read.

24. The house was very quiet when I ... home. Everybody ... to bed.

a) got, had gone; b) have got, have gone; c) was getting, had gone;

d) got, has gone.

25. When I ... Kate ... for me.

a) has arrived, was waiting; b) arrived, was waiting;

c) had arrived, has been waiting; d) had arrived, had been waiting.

TEST 11
PAST TENSES

1. He ____ a pair of new shoes yesterday.
 - a) buy
 - b) bought
 - c) buyed
 - d) buys
2. ____ Kate last week?
 - a) Are you seeing
 - b) Did you saw
 - c) Do you saw
 - d) Did you see
3. She ____ German when she was at university.
 - a) studied
 - b) studies
 - c) is studying
 - d) study
4. ____ the job the day before yesterday?
 - a) Did Sam got
 - b) Do Sam got
 - c) Did Sam get
 - d) Is Sam getting
5. I ____ a letter to my friend two day ago.
 - a) don't write
 - b) didn't write
 - c) am not writing
 - d) didn't wrote
6. Tom ____ for a year. It was a wonderful time!
 - a) goes
 - b) will go
 - c) went
 - d) can go
7. David ____ reading when he was little.
 - a) didn't like
 - b) didn't liked
 - c) doesn't like
 - d) wasn't like
8. ____ to the cinema yesterday?
 - a) Do you go
 - b) Were you go
 - c) Did you go
 - d) Did you went

9. I ____ the bus on my way home last Sunday.
- a) caught
 - b) catch
 - c) will catch
 - d) catched
10. He ____ his passport, he lost his driving license.
- a) doesn't lose
 - b) wasn't lost
 - c) didn't lost
 - d) didn't lose
11. In the old day, people ____ by plane.
- a) used to travel
 - b) didn't use to travel
 - c) didn't used to travel
 - d) hadn't used to travel
12. While I was going to work this morning, I ____ my old friends.
- a) meet
 - b) met
 - c) was meeting
 - d) have met
13. The Smiths ____ for a walk in the park last Sunday.
- a) gone
 - b) go
 - c) went
 - d) was going
14. When Bob ____ at the party, everyone was having a good time.
- a) was arriving
 - b) arrives
 - c) has arrived
 - d) arrived
15. How many friends ____ on your last birthday?
- a) did you invite
 - b) you invited
 - c) were you invited
 - d) do you invite
16. That time Bond ____ back to the hotel until midnight.
- a) doesn't get
 - b) hasn't got
 - c) didn't get
 - d) wasn't get

TEST 12**TENSES**

1. Angie _____ abroad for four years now.
A) lived B) has been living C) lives
 2. A: Where's the old lady who lives next door?
B: She _____ to Italy to visit her son.
A) has gone B) has been C) was going
 3. Jane always _____ home at seven o'clock in the morning.
A) has left B) leaves C) is leaving
 4. Dad _____ dinner while Mum was reading a magazine.
A) had cooked B) is cooking C) was cooking
 5. Please be quiet! I _____ !
A) work B) have worked C) am working
 6. A: Do you like the new restaurant?
B: Yes, I _____ there several times already.
A) went B) go C) have been
 7. A: What's wrong, Dave? You look pale.
B: I've lost a very important file _____ I need for the meeting.
A) which B) who C) what
 8. They _____ in America for ten years.
A) was living B) have lived C) are living
 9. A: Why are Ann's eyes red?
B: She _____ onions
A) chops B) had chopped C) has been chopping
 10. A: Have you ever worked on a farm?
B: Yes, I worked on uncle Tim's farm _____ I was fifteen.
A) while B) when C) because
 11. They _____ to the theatre for ages.
A) have been B) aren't going C) haven't been
 12. Peggy never _____ to the supermarket on Saturday.
A) goes B) is going C) has gone
-
1. Jessica is very caring, so she always _____ care of other people.
A) is taking B) takes C) take
 2. Annette _____ two sisters and a brother.
A) has B) is having C) have
 3. _____ you seeing Peter tomorrow night?
A) Do B) Are C) Is

TEST 13
TENSES

1. _____ she has baked three cakes.
A) Never B) Already C) So far
2. Donna _____ working very hard lately.
A) has been B) was C) have been
3. We have _____ seen a blue whale.
A) never B) ever C) since
4. The boys were playing basketball while their father _____.
A) was mowing B) has moved C) mows
5. Cindy _____ the party at midnight.
A) was leaving B) has left C) left
6. The car _____ has a flat tyre is mine.
A) whose B) which C) who
7. This is the village _____ I grew up.
A) which B) where C) what
8. He's been living in the same flat _____ twenty years.
A) just B) for C) since
9. I _____ Rachel before.
A) was never seeing B) never saw C) have never seen
10. _____ car is that parked in front of the gate?
A) Who B) Whose C) Where
11. He's _____ late for school. He finds it hard to wake up.
A) hardly B) always C) seldom
12. It's a waste of time trying to talk him out of it. He never _____ to anyone.
A) listens B) listening C) listened
13. Kevin _____ his homework when someone knocked on the door.
A) was doing B) does C) did
14. Yesterday, we _____ at an excellent Chinese restaurant.
A) have dined B) are dining C) dined
15. Mary _____ to her ballet lesson yesterday because she was ill.
A) didn't go B) hasn't gone C) wasn't going
16. He's been doing the same job _____ he was twenty years old.
A) since B) for C) before

17. I _____ the train to Prague tomorrow.
A) am catching B) was catching C) caught
18. Bob was trying to open the front door _____ the police arrived.
A) while B) which C) when
19. Ron has already _____ the balcony.
A) clean B) cleaned C) cleaning

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